Publicly announced consolidated financial statements and related disclosures at June 30, 2024 together with auditor's review report

(Convenience translation of publicly announced consolidated interim financial statements and review report originally issued in Turkish)

Convenience Translation of the Auditor's Review Report Originally Issued in Turkish

Independent Auditor's Report on Review of Consolidated Interim Financial Information

To the Board of Directors of Yapı ve Kredi Bankası Anonim Şirketi

Introduction

We have reviewed the consolidated statement of financial position of Yapı ve Kredi Bankası Anonim Şirketi ("the Bank") and its subsidiaries (together will be referred as "the Group") at June 30, 2024 and the related consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the consolidated financial statements for the six month period then ended. The Group Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of interim consolidated financial information in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation which includes "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency and circulars and interpretations published by BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" for those matters not regulated by the aforementioned regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not give a true view of the financial position of the Group at June 30, 2024 and the results of its consolidated operations and its consolidated cash flows for the six month period then ended in all material respects in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

Other Matter

The consolidated financial statements of the Group as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2023 were reviewed and audited by another audit firm, which expressed an unqualified conclusion and unqualified opinion in their reports issued on July 24, 2023 and February 2, 2024, respectively.

Report on other regulatory requirements arising from legislation

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the consolidated financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in Section VII, are not consistent with the reviewed consolidated financial statements and disclosures in all material respects.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi A member firm of Ernst &Young Global Limited

Emre Çelik, SMMM Partner

July 31, 2024 İstanbul, Türkiye

Convenience translation of publicly announced consolidated interim financial statements and review report originally issued in Turkish

THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT OF YAPI VE KREDI BANKASI A.Ş. AS OF JUNE 30, 2024

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Banque de Commerce et de Placements S.A.

Allianz Yaşam ve Emeklilik A.Ş.

The consolidated financial report for the six months which is prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué Related to Publicly Announced Financial Statements of Banks and Explanations and Notes Related to these Financial Statements" as regulated by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency includes the following sections.

- GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK
- CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE PARENT BANK
- EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED IN THE RELATED PERIOD
- INFORMATION RELATED TO FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP
- EXPLANATIONS AND NOTES RELATED TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT
- INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

Investments in subsidiaries and associates, whose financial statements have been consolidated in these consolidated financial statements are as follows.

1

2

Subsidiaries Associates

- 1. Yapı Kredi Finansal Kiralama A.O.
- 2. Yapı Kredi Faktoring A.Ş.
- 3. Yapı Kredi Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.
- 4. Yapı Kredi Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.
- Yapı Kredi Holding B.V.
 Yapı Kredi Bank Nederland
- Yapı Kredi Bank Nederland N.V.
 Stichting Custody Services YKB
- Stienting Custody Services TKB
 Yapı Kredi Bank Azerbaijan CJSC

Although Yapı Kredi Diversified Payment Rights Finance Company (the Structured Entity) is not a subsidiary of the Bank, it has been included in the consolidation since the Bank has 100% control.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements for the six-months period, related disclosures and footnotes which have been limitedly reviewed and presented in this report are prepared in accordance with the Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, the related statements and guidances, and in compliance with the financial records of the Bank, and unless stated otherwise, presented in **thousands of Turkish Lira** (TL).

Y. Ali KOÇ Chairman of the Board of Directors Gökhan ERÜN Executive Director and CEO Demir KARAASLAN Chief Financial Officer Barış SAVUR Financial Reporting and Accounting Executive Vice President

Dr. Ahmet ÇİMENOĞLU Chairman of the Audit Committee Nevin İPEK Member of the Audit Committee

Contact information of the personnel in charge of the addressing of questions about this financial report:

Name-Surname / Title: Deniz MÜDERRİSOĞLU / International Reporting and Consolidation ManagerTelephone: 0212 339 62 35Fax: 0212 339 61 05

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Section One

General Information

1. History of the Parent Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status and amendments to legal status:

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş. ("the Bank", "Yapı Kredi" or "the Parent Bank"), was established and started operations on September 9, 1944 with the permission of the Council of Ministers No. 3/6710 as a private capital commercial bank authorised to perform all banking, economic, financial and commercial activities which are allowed by the laws of the Turkish Republic. The statute of the Bank has not changed since its incorporation.

2. Explanation about the Parent Bank's capital structure, shareholders holding directly or indirectly, collectively or individually, the management and controlling power and changes in current year, if any and explanations on the controlling Group of the Bank:

The Parent Bank's publicly traded shares are traded on the Borsa Istanbul ("BIST") since 1987. As of June 30, 2024, 38,83% of the shares of the Bank are publicly traded (December 31, 2023 - 38,83%). 40,95% of the shares out of the remaining 61,17% is owned by Koç Finansal Hizmetler A.Ş. ("KFS") which is owned by Koç Group, 20,22% is owned by Koç Holding A.Ş.

KFS was established on March 16, 2001 to combine Koç Group finance companies under one organisation and it became the main shareholder of Koçbank in 2002. On October 22, 2002, Koç Group established a strategic partnership with UniCredit Group ("UCG") over KFS.

In 2005, the Bank's shares that were owned by Çukurova Group Companies and the Saving Deposits Insurance Fund ("SDIF") were purchased by Koçbank. In 2006, Koçbank purchased additional shares of the Bank from BIST and an investment fund and, during the same year, all rights, receivables, debts and liabilities of Koçbank were transferred to the Bank pursuant the merger of the two banks. As a result of the merger and the share transfer procedures in 2007 and of a capital increase by TL 920 million in 2008, KFS shares in the Parent Bank increased to 81,80%. KFS shares increased to 81,90% with the capital increase by TL 4,1 billion in 2018.

As of November 30, 2019, Koç Group and UCG have reached a deal to exchange their shares in the Parent Bank and KFS.

Accordingly, all the shares of KFS, which was a joint venture, were transferred to Koç Group. Besides, after the shares were transferred, KFS held 40,95%, UCG held 31,93% directly and Koç Group held a total of 49,99% directly and indirectly of the Parent Bank shares and became controlling shareholder.

In addition, as of February 6, 2020, UniCredit also announced the placement of an 11,93% shares in Parent Bank to institutional investors. The transaction completed on February 13, 2020. As a result UCG held directly 20,00% of the Parent Bank shares.

In year 2021, UCG completed the sale of 2,00% shares in stock market and for the sale of remaining 18,00% shares UCG came to an agreement with Koç Group as per the Share Sale and Purchase Agreement relating to the sale of the Parent Bank publicly disclosed on November 30, 2019. Accordingly, it was announced that Koç Group used its right of first offer for the sale of the Parent Bank shares which were planned to be sold by UCG on November 9, 2021. The sale of the relevant shares was completed on April 1, 2022, and Koç Holding A.Ş.'s share ratio increased from 9,02% to 27,02%.

As of July 28, 2023, Koç Holding A.Ş sold its 6,81% share in the Bank to institutional investors through offexchange sale. After the sale, shareholding of Koç Holding A.Ş in the Bank decreased to 20,22%.

In 2006 and 2007, with the acquisition of Yapı Kredi and its subsidiaries, KFS Group launched structural reorganisation and the following subsidiaries is still under the control of group were legally merged:

Merging entities		Merger date	Merged entity
Yapı Kredi	Kocbank	October 2, 2006	Yapı Kredi
Yapı Kredi Finansal Kiralama A.O. ("Yapı Kredi Leasing")	Koc Leasing	December 25, 2006	Yapı Kredi Leasing
Yapı Kredi Faktoring A.Ş. ("Yapı Kredi Faktoring")	Koc Faktoring	December 29, 2006	Yapı Kredi Faktoring
Yapı Kredi Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş. ("Yapı Kredi Portföy")	Koc Portföy	December 29, 2006	Yapı Kredi Portföy
Yapı Kredi Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. ("Yapı Kredi Menkul")	Koç Yatırım	January 12, 2007	Yapı Kredi Menkul
Yapı Kredi Bank Nederland N.V. ("Yapı Kredi NV")	Koçbank Nederland N.V.	July 2, 2007	Yapı Kredi NV

3. Explanations regarding the board of directors, members of the audit committee, Chief Executive Officer and executive vice presidents, and their areas of responsibility and shares if any:

As of June 30, 2024 the Parent Bank's Board of Directors, Members of the Audit Committee, General Manager and Assistant General Managers are as follows:

Board of Directors Members:

Name	Responsibility
Y. Ali KOÇ	Chairman
Levent ÇAKIROĞLU	Vice Chairman
Gökhan ERÜN	Executive Director and CEO
A. Ümit TAFTALI	Member
Ahmet ÇİMENOĞLU	Independent Member
Ahmet Fadıl ASHABOĞLU	Member
Kemal UZUN	Member
Nevin İPEK	Independent Member
Polat ŞEN	Member
Virma SÖKMEN	Independent Member

Audit Committee Members:

Name	Responsibility	
Ahmet ÇİMENOĞLU	Chairman	
Nevin İPEK	Member	

General Manager:

Name	Responsibility
Gökhan ERÜN	Executive Director and CEO

Assistant General Managers:

Name	Responsibility
Abdullah GEÇER	Internal Audit
Akif Cahit ERDOĞAN	Commercial and SME Banking Management
Demir KARAASLAN	Financial Planning and Administration
Hakan KAYA	Chief Legal Officer
Mehmed Erendiz Kürşad KETECİ ⁽¹⁾	Strategy Management
Mehmet Erkan AKBULUT ⁽²⁾	Credits
Mehmet Erkan ÖZDEMİR	Compliance, Internal Control and Risk Management
	/ Consumer Relations Coordination Officer
Muharrem Kaan ŞAKUL ⁽²⁾	Corporate Banking
Özden ÖNALDI	Human Resources, Organization and Internal Services Management
Saruhan YÜCEL	Treasury Management
Serkan ÜLGEN	Retail Banking
Uğur Gökhan ÖZDİNÇ	Technology, Data and Process Management
Yakup DOĞAN	Limitless Banking

(1) With the decision of the Bank's Board of Directors dated May 17, 2024, Mehmed Erendiz Kürşad Keteci, who works as Strategic Planning and Investor Relations

(1) while the decision of the Bank's Board of Directors dated May 17, 2024, Mehmet Erkan Akbulut, who was Assistant General Manager of Credits, was appointed as Assistant General Manager of Strategy. (2) With the decision of the Bank's Board of Directors dated May 17, 2024, Mehmet Erkan Akbulut, who was Assistant General Manager of Credits, was appointed as Assistant General Manager of Credits, was appointed as Assistant General Manager of Credits, was appointed as Assistant General Manager of Credits, was appointed as Assistant General Manager of Credits, was appointed as Assistant General Manager of Credits, was appointed as Assistant General Manager of Credits, was appointed as Assistant General Manager of Credits, was appointed as Assistant General Manager of Credits.

4. Information on the individual and corporate shareholders having control shares of the Parent Bank:

Name/Commercial title	Share amounts (nominal)	Share percentage (%)	Paid-in capital (nominal)	Unpaid portion
Koç Finansal Hizmetler A.Ş.	3.459.065.642,23	40,95	3.459.065.642,23	-
Koç Holding A.Ş	1.707.666.574,00	20,22	1.707.666.574,00	-

Koç Finansal Hizmetler A.Ş. is owned by Koç Group and Temel Ticaret ve Yatırım A.Ş.

5. Summary information on the Parent Bank's activities and service types:

The Parent Bank's activities summarized in the section 3 of the articles of association are as follows:

The Parent Bank's purpose and subject matter in accordance with the Banking Law, regulations and existing laws include:

- The execution of all banking activities,
- > The execution of all economic and financial activities which are allowed by the regulation,
- > The execution of the representation, attorney and agency activities related to the subjects written above,
- The purchase and sale of share certificates, bonds and all the capital market instruments, in accordance with Capital Market Law and regulations.

In case of necessity for performing activities which are useful and required but that are not specified in the articles of association, a Board of Directors' proposal is to be presented to the General Assembly. With the approval of the General Assembly the proposal becomes applicable, subject to the approvals required by law.

As of June 30, 2024, the Parent Bank has 780 branches operating in Türkiye and 1 branch in overseas (December 31, 2023 - 779 branches operating in Türkiye, 1 branch in overseas).

As of June 30, 2024, the Parent Bank has 15.409 employees (December 31, 2023 - 15.009 employees). The Parent Bank together with its consolidated subsidiaries is referred to as the "Group" in these consolidated financial statements. As of June 30, 2024 the Group has 16.358 employees (December 31, 2023 - 15.954 employees).

6. Differences between the communiqué on preparation of consolidated financial statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standards and short explanation about the entities subject to full consolidation or proportional consolidation and entities which are deducted from equity or entities which are not included in these three methods:

According to Communiqué of the Preparation Consolidated Financial Statements and Turkish Accounting Standards, Banque de Commerce et de Placements SA, the associate of the Bank is consolidated through "Equity Method" in the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group. Allianz Yaşam ve Emeklilik A.Ş., on which the Bank has indirect participation, is also consolidated through "Equity Method" in the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Yapı Kredi Kültür Sanat Yayıncılık Tic. ve San. A.Ş., Enternasyonal Turizm Yatırım A.Ş., Yapı Kredi Teknoloji A.Ş. and Yapı Kredi Finansal Teknolojiler A.Ş., which are subsidiaries of the Bank, are not consolidated into the Bank's consolidated financial statements in accordance with Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements since these entities are not financial institutions.

All other subsidiaries are fully consolidated.

7. The existing or potential, actual or legal obstacles on the immediate transfer of shareholder's equity between the Bank and its subsidiaries or reimbursement of liabilities:

None.

Consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Section Two - Consolidated financial statements

1. Consolidated balance sheet (Statement of Financial Position)

					Current Period (30/06/2024)			Prior Period (31/12/2023)
		Note			(50/00/2024)			(01/12/2020)
	ASSETS	(Section Five)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Tota
	A55E15	rivej	IL	ТС	Total	IL	re	1014
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (Net)		260.698.440	272.950.693	533.649.133	187.169.634	268.576.594	455.746.228
1.1	Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.1	155.644.894	236.062.114	391.707.008	109.175.552	225.692.721	334.868.273
1.1.1	Cash and Balances with Central Bank		148.030.886	187.186.203	335.217.089	102.042.895	176.996.594	279.039.489
1.1.2	Banks	1.4.1	7.730.300	49.289.614	57.019.914	7.448.998	49.373.178	56.822.176
1.1.3	Money Markets Receivables	1.4.2	-	· · · · ·	-	_	· · · · · ·	
1.1.4	Expected Credit Losses (-)		116.292	413.703	529,995	316.341	677.051	993.392
1.2	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit Or Loss	1.2	1.256.014	1.946.938	3.202.952	625.664	1.651.821	2.277.48
1.2.1	Government debt securities			838.204	838.204		718.268	718.26
1.2.2	Share certificates		156.602	-	156.602	36.894		36.894
1.2.3	Other financial assets		1.099.412	1.108.734	2.208.146	588.770	933.553	1.522.323
1.3	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other		1.077.412	1.100.754	2.200.140	500.770	100.000	1.522.52.
1.0	Comprehensive Income	1.5,1.6	96.177.803	23.660.369	119.838.172	66.083.694	30.934.295	97.017.98
1.3.1	Government debt securities	110,110	95.925.576	23.426.001	119.351.577	65.889.312	30.866.338	96.755.650
1.3.2	Share certificates		182.074	16.337	198.411	182.074	15.031	197.105
1.3.3	Other financial assets		70.153	218.031	288.184	12.308	52,926	65.234
1.4	Derivative Financial Assets	1.3	7.619.729	11.281.272	18.901.001	11.284.724	10.297.757	21.582.481
1.4.1	Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or	1.5	7.019.729	11.201.272	18.901.001	11.204./24	10.297.757	21.302.401
1.4.1	loss		6.151.713	9.301.986	15.453.699	9.426.817	6.834.841	16.261.658
1.4.2	Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through other		011011/10	212011200	1011001077	2.120.017	0.00 1.0 11	10.201.000
п.	comprehensive income FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST		1.468.016	1.979.286	3.447.302	1.857.907	3.462.916	5.320.823
	(Net)		1.087.948.638	507.868.296	1.595.816.934	861.701.438	407.169.774	1.268.871.21
2.1	Loans	1.7	851.348.583	359.423.703	1.210.772.286	672.837.877	274.714.800	947.552.67
2.2	Receivables From Leasing Transactions (Net)	1.12	14.051.172	23.121.644	37.172.816	11.199.597	21.251.429	32.451.02
2.3	Factoring Receivables	1.12	13.040.071	4.121.522	17.161.593	9.631.438	3.170.335	12.801.77
2.4	Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	1.8	240.204.714	4.121.322	373.373.574	199.363.011	118.750.083	318.113.094
2.4.1	Government debt securities	1.0	232.319.422	119.131.287	351.450.709	195.162.658	107.609.515	302.772.17
2.4.1								
2.4.2 2.5	Other financial assets		7.885.292	14.037.573	21.922.865	4.200.353	11.140.568	15.340.92
	Expected Credit Losses (-)		30.695.902	11.967.433	42.663.335	31.330.485	10.716.873	42.047.35
ш.	ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO	1.15	360.236	55.069	415.305	1.026.116	48.608	1.074.72
3.1	DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	1.15						
	Held for Sale Purposes		360.236	55.069	415.305	1.026.116	48.608	1.074.72
3.2	Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	
IV.	INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND		1 1 (0 01 4	7 1 22 1 70	0 202 072	0(0(5)	6 150 204	7 120 020
	JOINT VENTURES		1.160.914	7.132.159	8.293.073	969.654	6.170.284	7.139.93
4.1	Investments in Associates (Net)	1.9	1.128.598	7.132.159	8.260.757	937.338	6.170.284	7.107.622
4.1.1	Consolidated based on Equity Method		1.090.152	7.132.159	8.222.311	898.892	6.170.284	7.069.170
4.1.2	Unconsolidated		38.446	-	38.446	38.446	-	38.440
4.2	Subsidiaries (Net)	1.10	32.316	-	32.316	32.316	-	32.31
4.2.1	Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries			-			-	
4.2.2	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries		32.316	-	32.316	32.316	-	32.31
4.3	Joint Ventures (Net)	1.11	-	-	-	-	-	
4.3.1	Consolidated based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	
4.3.2	Unconsolidated		-	-	-	-	-	
v.	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Net)		24.457.794	359.160	24.816.954	18.545.494	330.171	18.875.665
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)		2.478.713	136.011	2.614.724	1.906.331	130.179	2.036.510
6.1	Goodwill		-	-	-	-	-	
6.2	Other		2.478.713	136.011	2.614.724	1.906.331	130.179	2.036.510
VII.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Net)	1.13	-	-	-	-	-	
VIII.	CURRENT TAX ASSETS		-	-	-	-	-	
IX.	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	1.14	15.604.202	-	15.604.202	9.144.125	-	9.144.12
x.	OTHER ASSETS (Net)	1.16	93.710.645	45.049.070	138.759.715	63.210.215	37.274.783	100.484.998
	TOTAL ASSETS		1.486.419.582	833.550.458	2.319.970.040	1.143.673.007	719.700.393	1.863.373.40

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1. **Consolidated balance sheet (Statement of Financial Position)**

					Current Period (30/06/2024)			Prior Perio (31/12/202
		Note			(30/00/2024)			(31/12/202
		(Section						
	LIABILITIES	Five)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Tot
	DEPOSITS	2.1	821.545.160	492.055.399	1.313.600.559	638.781.576	470.104.100	1.108.885.6
I.	BORROWINGS	2.3.1	42.750.955	190.234.259	232.985.214	12.417.695	148.617.148	161.034.8
п.	MONEY MARKETS PAYABLES		154.071.591	18.381.604	172.453.195	26.232.069	37.150.431	63.382.5
V.	MARKETABLE SECURITIES ISSUED (Net) Bills	2.3.3	16.184.615 15.825.460	100.632.685 20.999.591	116.817.300 36.825.051	10.624.884 10.221.955	86.415.115 10.933.847	97.039.9
.1	Asset backed Securities		15.825.400	17.436.558	17.436.558	10.221.955	16.325.139	21.155.8 16.325.1
.2	Bonds		359.155	62.196.536	62.555.691	402.929	59.156.129	59.559.0
	FUNDS		339.135	02.190.550	02.333.091	402.929	59.150.129	59.559.0
.1	Borrower Funds		-	-	-	-	-	
.2	Other		-	-	-	-	-	
.2	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR		-	-	-	-	-	
л.	VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS	2.3.4	427.366	74.100.922	74.528.288	453.424	70.713.576	71.167.0
п.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	2.3.4	10.605.156	7.298.912	17.904.068	4.800.528	6.865.933	11.666.4
11.	Derivative liabilities measured at fair value through profit or	2.2	10.003.130	7.296.912	17.904.008	4.000.320	0.003.955	11.000.4
.1	loss		10.584.496	7.298.912	17.883.408	4.768.194	6.865.933	11.634.1
	Derivative liabilities measured at fair value through other		10.001.000	7.290.912	1710051100		010001000	11100 111
.2	comprehensive income		20.660	_	20.660	32.334	_	32.3
/III.	FACTORING PAYABLES		20.000	_	20.000	52.554		52.5
х.	LEASE PAYABLES (Net)	2.5	4.269.262	343.175	4.612.437	3.175.033	226.472	3.401.5
ζ.	PROVISIONS	2.6	18.653.465	1.541.038	20.194.503	19.703.473	2.212.485	21.915.9
0.1	Provisions for Restructuring	2.0	10.055.405	1.541.050	20.174.505	1).//00.4/0	2.212.405	21.913.9
0.2	Provisions for Employee Benefits	2.6.1	5.168.346	13.479	5.181.825	4.043.583	8.849	4.052.4
0.2	Insurance Technical Provisions (Net)	2.0.1	5.100.540	15.475	5.101.025	4.045.505	0.049	4.052.4
0.4	Other Provisions	2.6.3	13.485.119	1.527.559	15.012.678	15.659.890	2.203.636	17.863.5
KI.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES	2.0.5	10.367.284	474.890	10.842.174	7.714.490	324.719	8.039.2
ш.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES			14.478	14.478		14.044	14.0
	LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT			1				110
	HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED							
KIII.	OPERATIONS (Net)	2.8		-		-	-	
3.1	Held for Sale		-	-		-	-	
3.2	Related to Discontinued Operations			-		-	-	
άν.	SUBORDINATED DEBT	2.9	1.402.694	56.331.262	57.733.956	1.260.412	35.585.727	36.846.1
4.1	Loans		-	-	-	-	-	
4.2	Other Facilities		1.402.694	56.331.262	57.733.956	1.260.412	35.585.727	36.846.1
V.	OTHER LIABILITIES	2.4	97.511.031	17.671.136	115.182.167	80.183.528	20.915.545	101.099.0
IVI.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	2.10	180.732.953	2.368.748	183.101.701	175.109.341	3.771.652	178.880.9
6.1	Paid in Capital		8.447.051		8.447.051	8.447.051	-	8.447.0
6.2	Capital Reserves		2.246.230	-	2.246.230	2.217.533	-	2.217.5
6.2.1	Share premium		556.937	_	556.937	556.937	-	556.9
6.2.2	Share Cancellation Profits		-	-	-	-	-	55615
6.2.3	Other Capital Reserves		1.689.293	-	1.689.293	1.660.596	-	1.660.5
	Other accumulated comprehensive income that will not be							
6.3	reclassified in profit or loss		5.656.443	8.529	5.664.972	2.757.098	18.091	2.775.1
0.0	Other accumulated comprehensive income that will be		510501115	0.025	510011572	2.757.070	101071	2.775.1
6.4	reclassified in profit or loss		1.760.943	2.401.626	4.162.569	6.241.084	3.794.968	10.036.0
6.5	Profit Reserves		143.574.250	(41.407)	143.532.843	85.795.111	(41.407)	85.753.7
6.5.1	Legal Reserves		3.473.904	(3.473.904	2.496.040	(2.496.0
6.5.2	Statutory reserves			-		2.490.040	-	2.490.0
6.5.3	Extraordinary Reserves		140.065.092	(41.407)	140.023.685	83.291.290	(41.407)	83.249.8
6.5.4	Other Profit Reserves		35.254	(-1.407)	35.254	7.781	(+1.407)	03.249.0
6.6	Profit or loss		19.044.527	-	19.044.527	69.648.790	-	69.648.7
6.6.1	Prior years' profits or losses		1.639.954	-	1.639.954	1.639.954	-	1.639.9
6.6.2	Current period net profit or loss		17.404.573	-	17.404.573	68.008.836	-	68.008.8
6.7	Minority interest		3.509	-	3.509	2.674	-	2.6
			5.509	-	5.509	2.0/4	-	2.0
0./								

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

2. Consolidated off-balance sheet commitments

					Current Period (30/06/2024)			Prior Perio (31/12/2023
	Off-balance sheet commitments	Note (Section Five)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Tota
۹.	Off-balance sheet commitments (I+II+III)		1.798.249.689	1.450.789.172	3.249.038.861	1.377.735.472	1.287.107.925	2.664.843.39
	Guarantees and warranties	3.1.2.1,2	229.776.883	242.014.562	471.791.445	178.712.756	209.915.836	388.628.59
1.1.	Letters of guarantee	3.1.2.2	214.451.818	154.801.131	369.252.949	168.195.708	135.987.496	304.183.20
1.1.1.	Guarantees subject to state tender law		1.394.410	2.264.069	3.658.479	1.332.708	2.060.608	3.393.31
1.1.2.	Guarantees given for foreign trade operations		74.418.171	149.411.743	223.829.914	61.431.962	132.294.378	193.726.34
1.1.3.	Other letters of guarantee		138.639.237	3.125.319	141.764.556	105.431.038	1.632.510	107.063.54
1.2. 1.2.1.	Bank acceptances Import letter of acceptance			2.512.316 2.512.316	2.512.316 2.512.316	-	2.178.212 2.178.212	2.178.21 2.178.21
1.2.2.	Other bank acceptances		_	2.512.510	2.512.510		2.170.212	2.170.21
1.3.	Letters of credit		50.434	64.225.420	64.275.854	1.257.810	52.820.441	54.078.25
1.3.1.	Documentary letters of credit		50.434	64.215.858	64.266.292	1.257.810	52.811.454	54.069.26
1.3.2.	Other letters of credit		-	9.562	9.562	-	8.987	8.98
.4.	Prefinancing given as guarantee		-	-	-	-	-	
1.5.	Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	
1.5.1. 1.5.2.	Endorsements to the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye		-	-	-	-	-	
1.5.2. 1.6.	Other endorsements Purchase guarantees for Securities issued		-	-	-	-	-	
1.0.	Factoring guarantees			8.214	8.214		5.516	5.51
1.8.	Other guarantees		15.274.631	15.427.423	30.702.054	9.259.238	14.616.454	23.875.69
1.9.	Other warranties		-	5.040.058	5.040.058	-	4.307.717	4.307.71
п.	Commitments		1.196.501.812	95.963.849	1.292.465.661	769.222.726	96.391.913	865.614.63
2.1.	Irrevocable commitments	3.1.1	1.176.308.718	45.958.642	1.222.267.360	745.298.795	50.977.243	796.276.03
2.1.1.	Asset purchase and sale commitments		20.829.191	43.600.054	64.429.245	24.291.833	48.351.915	72.643.74
2.1.2.	Deposit purchase and sales commitments		-	-	-	-	-	
2.1.3.	Share capital commitments to associates and subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	01 201 -
2.1.4.	Loan granting commitments Securities issue brokerage commitments		126.398.102	1.080.940	127.479.042	95.342.486	1.364.146	96.706.6
2.1.5. 2.1.6.	Securities issue brokerage commitments Commitments for reserve requirements		-	-	-	-	-	
2.1.0.	Commitments for reserve requirements		11.886.356	-	11.886.356	8.435.319	-	8.435.3
2.1.7.	Tax and fund liabilities from export commitments		1.811	-	11.880.330	600	-	8.433.3
2.1.9.	Commitments for credit card expenditure limits		821.501.862	-	821.501.862	512.438.126	-	512.438.11
2.1.10.	Commitments for credit cards and banking services promotions		97.407	-	97.407	75.249	-	75.2
2.1.11.	Receivables from short sale commitments of marketable securities		-	-	-	-	-	
2.1.12.	Payables for short sale commitments of marketable securities		-	-	-	-	-	
2.1.13.	Other irrevocable commitments		195.593.989	1.277.648	196.871.637	104.715.182	1.261.182	105.976.3
2.2.	Revocable commitments		20.193.094	50.005.207	70.198.301	23.923.931	45.414.670	69.338.6
2.2.1.	Revocable loan granting commitments		20.193.094	49.485.082	69.678.176	23.923.931	44.917.545	68.841.4
2.2.2.	Other revocable commitments			520.125	520.125	-	497.125	497.1
III.	Derivative financial instruments		371.970.994	1.112.810.761	1.484.781.755	429.799.990	980.800.176	1.410.600.1 85.910.8
5.1 5.1.1	Derivative financial instruments held for hedging Fair value hedges		14.558.076	36.385.456 4.477.044	50.943.532 4.477.044	16.250.000	69.660.818 4.329.397	4.329.3
3.1.2	Cash flow hedges		14.558.076	31.908.412	46.466.488	16.250.000	65.331.421	81.581.42
3.1.3	Hedges for investments made in foreign countries		-	51.900.412	-00000	-	-	01.501.42
3.2	Trading transactions		357.412.918	1.076.425.305	1.433.838.223	413.549.990	911.139.358	1.324.689.3
3.2.1	Forward foreign currency purchase and sale transactions		22.860.911	34.132.809	56.993.720	19.883.186	30.414.692	50.297.8
3.2.1.1	Forward foreign currency purchase transactions		3.709.669	24.068.537	27.778.206	17.296.886	8.665.180	25.962.0
3.2.1.2	Forward foreign currency sale transactions		19.151.242	10.064.272	29.215.514	2.586.300	21.749.512	24.335.8
3.2.2	Currency and interest rate swaps		273.330.214	772.618.566	1.045.948.780	365.879.522	659.114.296	1.024.993.8
3.2.2.1	Currency swap purchase transactions		431.662	202.684.796	203.116.458	1.656.173	254.707.486	256.363.63
3.2.2.2	Currency swap sale transactions		114.025.552	105.892.086	219.917.638	206.159.349	61.505.462	267.664.8
3.2.2.3 3.2.2.4	Interest rate swap purchase transactions		79.436.500 79.436.500	232.020.842 232.020.842	311.457.342 311.457.342	79.032.000 79.032.000	171.450.674 171.450.674	250.482.6 250.482.6
3.2.3	Interest rate swap sale transactions Currency, interest rate and securities options		12.164.001	27.739.232	39.903.233	11.839.558	16.047.066	230.482.6
3.2.3.1	Currency, interest face and securities options Currency purchase options		6.696.257	7.785.626	14.481.883	8.616.333	3.264.989	11.881.3
3.2.3.2	Currency sale options		5.467.744	9.268.115	14.735.859	3.223.225	8.548.016	11.771.2
3.2.3.3	Interest rate purchase options		-	7.402.871	7.402.871	-	4.234.061	4.234.0
.2.3.4	Interest rate sale options		-	3.282.620	3.282.620	-	-	
.2.3.5	Securities purchase options		-	-	-	-	-	
3.2.3.6	Securities sale options		-	-	-	-	-	
.2.4	Currency futures		21.668.314	17.848.885	39.517.199	3.911.219	3.564.171	7.475.3
.2.4.1	Currency purchase futures		2.517.566	15.425.327	17.942.893	1.600.319	2.207.453	3.807.7
3.2.4.2	Currency sale futures		19.150.748	2.423.558	21.574.306	2.310.900	1.356.718	3.667.6
.2.5	Interest rate futures		-	-	-	-	-	
.2.5.1	Interest rate purchase futures Interest rate sale futures		-	-	-	-	-	
.2.5.2	Other		27.389.478	224.085.813	251.475.291	12.036.505	201.999.133	214.035.6
.2.0	Custody and pledges received (IV+V+VI)		3.855.599.592	731.524.660	4.587.124.252	2.413.797.494	521.245.537	2.935.043.0
V.	Items held in custody		1.919.789.196	154.167.498	2.073.956.694	778.841.067	111.811.540	890.652.6
.1.	Assets under management		1.725.344.798	96.252.393	1.821.597.191	639.837.516	50.839.161	690.676.6
.2.	Securities held in custody		26.769.089	54.933.705	81.702.794	14.441.395	58.773.202	73.214.5
.3.	Checks received for collection		131.820.413	100.001	131.920.414	101.113.507	110.796	101.224.3
.4.	Commercial notes received for collection		35.796.752	2.405.359	38.202.111	23.390.505	1.649.954	25.040.4
.5.	Other assets received for collection		-	378.660	378.660	-	349.289	349.2
.6.	Securities received for public offering			-			-	
7.	Other items under custody		58.144	97.380	155.524	58.144	89.138	147.2
8.	Custodians Pladace received		1 002 (51 (02	405 436 615	-	-	-	1 02/ 201
1.	Pledges received Marketable securities		1.892.651.682 133.972.146	495.436.611 925.968	2.388.088.293 134.898.114	1.594.272.909 133.979.206	332.008.830 832.813	1.926.281.3
1. 2.	Marketable securities Guarantee notes		133.972.146 22.980.914	3.633.166	26.614.080	22.539.349	832.813 3.185.520	134.812.0
2. 3.	Commodity		22.980.914 5.864	3.033.100	26.614.080	22.539.349 5.864	3.185.520	25.724.
	Warrant		5.004	-	5.004	5.004	-	5.0
4.	Immovables		951.395.787	5.609.237	957.005.024	756.332.461	4.625.304	760.957.3
5.	Other pledged items		784.296.971	485.209.720	1.269.506.691	681.416.029	323.312.549	1.004.728.
.4. .5. .6. .7.	Other pledged items Depositories receiving pledged items		784.296.971	485.209.720 58.520	1.269.506.691 58.520	681.416.029	323.312.549 52.644	1.004.728.5
5. 6.	Other pledged items Depositories receiving pledged items Accepted independent guarantees and warranties		784.296.971 - 43.158.714			- - - 40.683.518		

Consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

3. Consolidated statements of profit or loss

		Note (Section	Current Period (01/01/2024 -	Prior Period (01/01/2023 -
	Income and expense items	Five)	30/06/2024)	30/06/2023)
I.	INTEREST INCOME	4.1	211.877.282	80.787.407
1.1	Interest on Loans	4.1.1	133.500.307	49.062.860
1.2	Interest Received from Reserve Deposits		7.266.264	19.016
1.3	Interest Received from Banks	4.1.2	5.311.708	2.645.426
1.4	Interest Received from Money Market Transactions		202.169	264.426
1.5	Interest Received from Marketable Securities Portfolio	4.1.3	57.759.899	25.187.164
1.5.1	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		93.947	49.532
1.5.2	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		17.381.652	7.688.123
1.5.3	Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost Financial Lease Income		40.284.300 3.613.544	17.449.509 1.900.221
1.6 1.7	Other Interest Income		4.223.391	1.708.294
I./ II.	INTEREST EXPENSE (-)	4.2	166.404.444	56.884.833
2.1	Interest on Deposits	4.2.6	119.055.952	44.545.812
2.1	Interest on Funds Borrowed	4.2.1	11.144.577	4.281.854
2.3	Interest expense on money market transactions	4.2.4	20.776.855	1.600.165
2.4	Interest on Securities Issued	4.2.3	13.259.001	6.016.633
2.5	Interest on Lease Payables	11210	266.265	155.714
2.6	Other Interest Expense	4.2.5	1.901.794	284.655
ш.	NET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)		45.472.838	23.902.574
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE		35.958.031	13.188.958
4.1	Fees and Commissions Received		54.033.264	17.674.140
4.1.1	Non-cash Loans		2.388.924	1.456.108
4.1.2	Other	4.12	51.644.340	16.218.032
4.2	Fees and Commissions Paid		18.075.233	4.485.182
4.2.1	Non-cash Loans		84.394	38.548
4.2.2	Other	4.12	17.990.839	4.446.634
V	DIVIDEND INCOME		103.555	19.749
VI.	TRADING PROFIT/LOSS (Net)	4.3	(25.981.254)	18.662.842
6.1	Trading Gains/Losses on Securities		2.024.763	1.641.977
6.2	Derivative Financial Transactions Gains/Losses	4.5	(11.212.990)	17.362.764
6.3	Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses		(16.793.027)	(341.899)
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	4.6	17.434.657	10.210.851
VIII.	GROSS PROFIT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (III+IV+V+VI+VII)		72.987.827	65.984.974
IX. X.	ALLOWANCE FOR EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (-)	4.4 4.4	17.891.706 36.386	15.317.343 80.495
л. XI.	OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-) PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)	4.4	13.388.952	6.863.502
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	4.7	22.501.762	13.260.207
XIII.	NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)		19.169.021	30.463.427
XIV.	SURPLUS WRITTEN AS GAIN AFTER MERGER		-	-
XV.	PROFIT/LOSS FROM EQUITY METHOD APPLIED SUBSIDIARIES		740.773	509.486
XVI.	NET MONETARY POSITION GAIN/LOSS		-	-
XVII.	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS			
	(XIII++XVI)	4.8	19.909.794	30.972.913
XVIII.	PROVISION FOR TAXES ON INCOME FROM CONTINUING			
	OPERATIONS (±)	4.9	2.504.215	6.855.817
18.1	Current Tax Provision		6.319.815	1.035.395
18.2	Expense effect of deferred tax (+)		-	5.820.422
18.3	Income effect of deferred tax (-)		3.815.600	
XIX.	NET PROFIT/LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (XVII±XVIII)		17.405.579	24.117.096
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-
20.1	Income from assets held for sale		-	-
20.2	Profit from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures		-	-
20.3	Other income from discontinued operations		-	-
XXI.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-) Expenses on assets held for sale		-	-
21.1 21.2	Expenses on assets held for sale Losses from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures		-	-
21.2 21.3	Other expenses from discontinued operations		-	-
XXII.	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-
	(XX - XXI)		-	-
XXIII.	TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)		-	-
23.1	Current tax provision		-	-
23.2	Expense effect of deferred tax (+)		-	-
23.3	Income effect of deferred tax (-)		-	-
XXIV.	NET PROFIT/ LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XXII±XXIII)		-	-
XXV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XIX+XXIV)	4.10	17.405.579	24.117.096
25.1	Group's profit/loss		17.404.573	24.116.471
25.2	Minority shares	4.11	1.006	625
	Earnings/(loss) per share (full TL)		0,0206	0,0286

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

3. Consolidated statements of profit or loss

	Income and expanse items	Note (Section Five)	Current Period (01/04/2024 - 20/06/2024)	Prior Period (01/04/2023 - 30/06/2023)
	Income and expense items	rive)	30/06/2024)	30/06/2023)
I.	INTEREST INCOME	4.1	114.648.436	43.255.701
1.1	Interest on Loans	4.1.1	72.779.693	27.444.740
1.2	Interest Received from Reserve Deposits	4.1.2	5.631.087	7.707
1.3 1.4	Interest Received from Banks	4.1.2	2.801.236	1.556.184
1.4	Interest Received from Money Market Transactions Interest Received from Marketable Securities Portfolio	4.1.3	141.454 29.205.207	107.053 12.125.592
1.5.1	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	4.1.5	46.778	24.337
1.5.2	Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		8.773.688	3.815.156
1.5.3	Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost		20.384.741	8.286.099
1.6	Financial Lease Income		1.897.274	1.128.062
1.7	Other Interest Income		2.192.485	886.363
II.	INTEREST EXPENSE (-)	4.2	94.531.904	34.349.699
2.1	Interest on Deposits	4.2.6	66.549.457	27.159.180
2.2	Interest on Funds Borrowed	4.2.1	6.646.270	2.551.576
2.3	Interest expense on money market transactions	4.2.4	13.501.762	1.097.791
2.4	Interest on Securities Issued	4.2.3	7.324.415	3.366.443
2.5 2.6	Interest on Lease Payables	4.2.5	143.428 366.572	79.725 94.984
2.6 III.	Other Interest Expense NET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II)	4.2.3	20.116.532	94.984 8.906.002
III. IV.	NET INTEREST INCOME/EXPENSE (I - II) NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE		20.116.532 19.200.601	8.906.002 7.400.696
4.1	Fees and Commissions Received		29.061.008	9.792.181
4.1.1	Non-cash Loans		1.191.755	719.175
4.1.2	Other	4.12	27.869.253	9.073.006
4.2	Fees and Commissions Paid		9.860.407	2.391.485
4.2.1	Non-cash Loans		42.241	21.537
4.2.2	Other	4.12	9.818.166	2.369.948
V	DIVIDEND INCOME		102.438	14.906
VI.	TRADING PROFIT/LOSS (Net)	4.3	(15.960.627)	14.585.667
6.1	Trading Gains/Losses on Securities		593.019	456.624
6.2	Derivative Financial Transactions Gains/Losses	4.5	(16.423.928)	14.852.633
6.3	Foreign Exchange Gains/Losses		(129.718)	(723.590)
VII. VIII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME GROSS PROFIT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (III+IV+V+VI+VII)	4.6	8.384.869 31.843.813	3.690.499 34.597.770
IX.	ALLOWANCE FOR EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES (-)	4.4	5.654.562	8.453.017
X.	OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	4.4	(51.067)	57.454
XI.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)		6.416.959	3.958.394
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	4.7	12.130.754	6.909.474
XIII.	NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)		7.692.605	15.219.431
XIV.	SURPLUS WRITTEN AS GAIN AFTER MERGER		-	-
XV.	PROFIT/LOSS FROM EQUITY METHOD APPLIED SUBSIDIARIES		415.632	113.024
XVI.	NET MONETARY POSITION GAIN/LOSS		-	-
XVII.	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS			
wwith	(XIII++XVI) provision for tayes on income from continuunc	4.8	8.108.237	15.332.455
XVIII.	PROVISION FOR TAXES ON INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (±)	4.9	1.005.038	3.855.880
18.1	Current Tax Provision	4.9	5.336.249	(1.889.555)
18.2	Expense effect of deferred tax (+)		5.550.247	5.745.435
18.3	Income effect of deferred tax (-)		4.331.211	-
XIX.	NET PROFIT/LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (XVII±XVIII)		7.103.199	11.476.575
XX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-
20.1	Income from assets held for sale		-	-
20.2	Profit from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures		-	-
20.3	Other income from discontinued operations		-	-
XXI.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	-
21.1	Expenses on assets held for sale		-	-
21.2 21.3	Losses from sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures Other expenses from discontinued operations		-	-
XXII.	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-
/ 1 /111.	(XX - XXI)		-	-
XXIII.	TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)		-	-
23.1	Current tax provision		-	-
23.2	Expense effect of deferred tax (+)		-	-
23.3	Income effect of deferred tax (-)		-	-
XXIV.	NET PROFIT/ LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XXII±XXIII)		-	-
XXV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XIX+XXIV)	4.10	7.103.199	11.476.575
25.1	Group's profit/loss		7.102.685	11.476.246
25.2	Minority shares	4.11	514	329
	Earnings/(loss) per share (full TL)		0,0084	0,0136

Consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

4. Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

		Current Period (30/06/2024)	Prior Period (30/06/2023)
		(00/00/2021)	(00/00/2020)
I.	PROFIT / (LOSS)	17.405.579	24.117.096
п.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	(2.983.700)	(3.211.007)
2.1	Other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	2.889.783	635.288
2.1.1.	Gains (losses) on Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment	4.237.602	-
2.1.2.	Gains (losses) on Revaluation of Intangible Assets	-	-
2.1.3.	Gains (losses) on Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans	(564.382)	(421.716)
2.1.4.	Other Components of Other Comprehensive Income That Will Not Be Reclassified to Profit Or Loss	38.621	5.856
	Taxes Relating To Components Of Other Comprehensive Income That Will Not Be Reclassified To		
2.1.5.	Profit Or Loss	(822.058)	1.051.148
2.2.	Other Comprehensive Income That Will Be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	(5.873.483)	(3.846.295)
2.2.1.	Exchange Differences on Translation	2.244.353	5.643.268
	Valuation and/or Reclassification Profit or Loss from Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value		
2.2.2.	Through Other Comprehensive Income	(9.348.004)	(7.311.801)
2.2.3.	Income (loss) Related with Cash Flow Hedges	(826.612)	(1.202.458)
2.2.4.	Income (loss) Related with Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations	(1.386.064)	(4.039.105)
2.2.5.	Other Components of Other Comprehensive Income that will be Reclassified to Other Profit or Loss	(24.745)	(74.551)
	Taxes Relating To Components Of Other Comprehensive Income That Will Be Reclassified To Profit		
2.2.6.	Or Loss	3.467.589	3.138.352
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (I+II)	14.421.879	20.906.089

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş. Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity as of June 30, 2024

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

5. Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity

Current Period (30/06/2024)					Other Acc	umulated Compr Income	ehensive	Other Ac	cumulated Com Income	prehensive						
					That Will N	ot Be Reclassifie or Loss	d In Profit	That Will Be	Reclassified In	Profit or Loss						
			Share	Other									Current	Total equity		
Changes in shareholder's equity	Paid in	Share	certificate	capital							Profit	Prior period	period	except	Minority	Total
	capital	premium	cancellation profits	reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	reserves	net income/(loss)	net income/(loss)	minority interest	Interest	shareholders' equity
I. Balance at the beginning of the period	8.447.051	556.937	-	1.660.596	10.912.237	(8.268.035)	130.987	19.723.960	(2.937.085)	(6.750.823)	85.753.704	1.639.954	68.008.836	178.878.319	2.674	178.880.993
II. Adjustment in accordance with TAS 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1 Effect of adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2. Effect of changes in accounting policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III. New balance (I+II)	8.447.051	556.937	-	1.660.596	10.912.237	(8.268.035)	130.987	19.723.960	(2.937.085)	(6.750.823)	85.753.704	1.639.954	68.008.836	178.878.319	2.674	178.880.993
IV. Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	3.246.228	(395.066)	38.621	2.244.353	(6.544.216)	(1.573.620)	-	-	17.404.573	14.420.873	1.006	14.421.879
V. Capital increase in cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI. Capital increase through internal reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII. Issued capital inflation adjustment																
difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII. Convertible bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX. Subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X. Increase (decrease) through other changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI. Profit distribution	-	-	-	28.697	-	-	-	-	-	-	57.779.139	-	(68.008.836)	(10.201.000)	(171)	(10.201.171)
11.1. Dividends distributed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10.201.000)	(10.201.000)	(171)	(10.201.171)
11.2. Transfers to legal reserves	-	-	-	28.697	-	-	-	-	-	-	57.779.139	-	(57.807.836)	-	-	-
11.3. Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Period end balance (III+IV++X+XI)	8.447.051	556.937	-	1.689.293	14.158.465	(8.663.101)	169.608	21.968.313	(9.481.301)	(8.324.443)	143.532.843	1.639.954	17.404.573	183.098.192	3.509	183.101.701

1. Tangible assets revaluation reserve,

2. Accumulated gains / losses on remeasurements of defined benefit plans,

3. Other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will not be reclassified to profit or loss and other accumulated amounts of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss,

4. Exchange differences on translation reserve,

5. Accumulated gains (losses) due to revaluation and/or reclassification of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income,

6. Accumulated gains or losses on cash flow hedges, other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be reclassified to profit or loss and net investment hedges.

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş. Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity as of June 30, 2023 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

5. Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity

Prior Period (30/06/2023)					Other Acc	umulated Compr Income	ehensive	Other Accum	ulated Comprehe	ensive Income						
					That Will N	ot Be Reclassifie or Loss	d In Profit	That Will Be	Reclassified In l	Profit or Loss						
Changes in shareholder's equity	Paid in	Share	Share certificate	Other capital							Profit	Prior period	Current period	Total equity except	Minority	Total
	capital	premium	cancellation profits	reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	reserves	net income/(loss)	net income/(loss)	minority interest	Interest	shareholders' equity
I. Balance at the beginning of the period	8.447.051	556.937	-	1.608.754	4.912.389	(2.967.272)	21.154	10.697.853	7.771.069	(128.486)	40.956.310	1.639.954	52.744.689	126.260.402	1.537	126.261.939
II. Adjustment in accordance with TAS 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1 Effect of adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
2.2. Effect of changes in accounting policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
III. New balance (I+II)	8.447.051	556.937	-	1.608.754	4.912.389	(2.967.272)	21.154	10.697.853	7.771.069	(128.486)	40.956.310	1.639.954	52.744.689	126.260.402	1.537	126.261.939
IV. Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	945.719	(316.287)	5.856	5.643.268	(5.483.838)	(4.005.725)	-	-	24.116.471	20.905.464	625	20.906.089
V. Capital increase in cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI. Capital increase through internal reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII. Issued capital inflation adjustment																
difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII. Convertible bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX. Subordinated debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X. Increase (decrease) through other changes	-	-	-	14.976	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	14.976	-	14.976
XI. Profit distribution	-	-	-	36.295	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	44.797.394	-	(52.744.689)	(7.911.000)	(191)	(7.911.191)
11.1. Dividends distributed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7.911.000)	(7.911.000)	(191)	(7.911.191)
11.2. Transfers to legal reserves	-	-	-	36.295	-	-	-	-	-	-	44.797.394	-	(44.833.689)	· -	-	-
11.3. Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	· · · · ·	-	-	-
Period end balance (III+IV++X+XI)	8.447.051	556.937	-	1.660.025	5.858.108	(3.283.559)	27.010	16.341.121	2.287.231	(4.134.211)	85.753.704	1.639.954	24.116.471	139.269.842	1.971	139.271.813

1. Tangible assets revaluation reserve,

2. Accumulated gains / losses on remeasurements of defined benefit plans,

3. Other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will not be reclassified to profit or loss and other accumulated amounts of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss,

4. Exchange differences on translation reserve,

5. Accumulated gains (losses) due to revaluation and/or reclassification of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income,

6. Accumulated gains or losses on cash flow hedges, other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method that will be reclassified to profit or loss and net investment hedges.

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

6. Consolidated statement of cash flows

		(Notes section Five)	Current Period (30/06/2024)	Prior Perioc (30/06/2023
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS			
1.1	Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities		13.196.943	30.585.414
1.1.1	Interest received		165.511.684	58.319.360
1.1.2	Interest paid		(154.119.765)	(47.568.814
1.1.3	Dividend received		103.555	19.749
1.1.4	Fees and commissions received		54.033.264	17.674.14
1.1.5	Other income		(1.606.809)	21.222.29
1.1.6	Collections from previously written-off loans and other receivables		6.872.123	3.229.67
1.1.7	Cash Payments to personnel and service suppliers		(37.107.570)	(18.176.766
1.1.8	Taxes paid		(5.512.393)	(5.176.455
1.1.9	Other		(14.977.146)	1.042.22
1.2	Changes in operating assets and liabilities subject to banking operations		8.857.966	21.799.62
1.2.1	Net (increase) decrease in financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss		(948.709)	749.93
1.2.2	Net (increase) decrease in due from banks		(64.136.107)	(53.734.372
1.2.3	Net (increase) decrease in loans		(276.148.556)	(150.729.622
1.2.4	Net (increase) decrease in other assets		(40.962.205)	(17.414.965
1.2.5	Net increase (decrease) in bank deposits		16.648.404	4.687.01
1.2.6	Net increase (decrease) in other deposits		176.250.079	238.025.28
1.2.7	Net increase (decrease) in financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		4.564.057	13.541.44
1.2.8	Net increase (decrease) in funds borrowed		178.468.981	21.599.02
1.2.9	Net increase (decrease) in matured payables		-	(24.024.12)
1.2.10	Net increase (decrease) in other liabilities		15.122.022	(34.924.127
I.	Net cash provided from banking operations		22.054.909	52.385.03
В.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
II.	Net cash provided from investing activities		(39.147.617)	(44.132.947
2.1	Cash paid for the purchase of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures		-	
2.2	Cash obtained from the sale of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures		-	
2.3	Cash paid for the purchase of tangible and intangible asset		(1.760.071)	(938.110
2.4	Cash obtained from the sale of tangible and intangible asset		840.128	81.23
2.5	Cash paid for the purchase of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		(46.659.838)	(11.735.034
2.6	Cash obtained from the sale of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		27.834.354	2.520.44
2.7	Cash paid for the purchase of financial assets at amortised cost		(26.563.056)	(37.028.990
2.8 2.9	Cash obtained from sale of financial assets at amortised cost Other		7.160.866	2.967.50
C.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
ш.	Net cash flows from financing activities		9.331.939	(11.872.436
3.1	Cash obtained from funds borrowed and securities issued		92.349.638	33.375.61
3.2	Cash outflow from funds borrowed and securities issued		(71.897.372)	(37.067.107
3.3	Equity instruments issued		-	(
3.4	Dividends paid		(10.201.171)	(7.911.191
3.5	Payments for finance lease liabilities		(919.156)	(269.749
3.6	Other		-	
IV.	Effect of change in foreign exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents		13.469.237	33.316.42
v.	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		5.708.468	29.696.07
VI.	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		228.510.865	129.110.33
v I.	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period			

Section Three - Accounting policies

1. Explanations on basis of presentation:

The Parent Bank maintains its books of accounts in Turkish Lira in accordance with the Banking Act No. 5411 ("Banking Act"), which is effective from November 1, 2005, the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") and Turkish Tax Legislation.

The consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the "Regulation on the Principles and Procedures Regarding Banks Accounting Applications and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette No. 26333 dated November 1, 2006 and other communiqués, interpretations and legislations published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") and Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS 34") – Interim Financial Reporting Standards and Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") for the matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations published by BRSA. The format and the details of the publicly announced financial statements and related disclosures to these statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué Related to Publicly Announced Financial Statements of Banks and Explanations and Notes Related to these Financial Statements" and changes and notes to this communiqué published in the Official Gazette No. 28337 dated June 28, 2012.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes to these financial statements are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (TL), unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements of subsidiaries operating abroad have been prepared in accordance with legislations and regulations of the country in which they are operating, however in order to provide fair presentation according to TFRS, necessary adjustments and reclassifications are reflected to those financial statements.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost basis (restated for the changes in the general purchasing power of TL until December 31, 2004), except for financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, derivative financial assets/liabilities, buildings and art objects and paintings in tangible assets. Besides, the carrying values of assets carried at amortized cost but subject to fair value hedge are adjusted to reflect the fair value changes related to the hedged risks.

The accounting policies and valuation principles employed for the preparation of consolidated financial statements are in compliance with TFRS requires the use of certain accounting estimates by the Group management to exercise its judgment on the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and contingent assets and liabilities as of the balance sheet date. These estimates are being reviewed regularly and, when necessary, suitable corrections are made and the effects of these corrections are explained in the related notes and reflected to the income statement.

The preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement and used principles of valuation in accordance with "Accounting and Reporting Legislation" published in the regulation, communique, interpretations and circular published by BRSA and If no specific regulation has been made by BRSA, it has been determined and applied according to the principles of TFRS. The accounting policies applied are consistent with the accounting policies applied in the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

On November 23, 2023, POA announced that entities reporting under TFRS should begin implementing "TAS 29 - Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" standard in their financial statements from periods ending on and after December 31, 2023. Besides, regulatory and auditing bodies that are authorized in their respective areas have flexibility to determine alternative transition dates for the application of TAS - 29. Within the scope of the decision dated December 12, 2023 and numbered 10744 by the BRSA, banks, financial leasing, factoring, financing, savings financing, and asset management companies are not subject to inflation adjustments required under TAS-29 in their financial statements as of December 31, 2023. Based on the decision dated January 11, 2024 and numbered 10825, these entities are required to implement inflation accounting starting from January 1, 2025.

2. Explanations on strategy of using financial instruments and foreign currency transactions:

The general strategy of the Group in using financial instruments is to sustain an optimal balance between the yield of the instruments and their risks. The most important funding source of the Group is deposits. The Group can also sustain a lengthened liability structure by using long-term foreign currency borrowings from foreign financial institutions. Funds obtained from deposits and other sources are invested in quality financial assets in order to keep currency, interest rate and liquidity risks within the limits determined by the asset-liability strategy. The currency, interest and liquidity risks of on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet assets and liabilities are managed in accordance with the risk limits accepted by the Group and the related legal limits. Derivative instruments are mainly utilised for liquidity needs and for mitigating currency and interest rate risks. The position of the Group as a result of foreign currency activities is being held at minimum levels and the currency risk exposure is monitored within limits determined levels by the Board of Directors under the context of Banking Act.

Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated with the Parent Bank exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Gains and losses arising from such valuations are recognised in the income statement under the account of "Foreign exchange gains or losses", except for valuation differences arising from foreign currency participations, subsidiaries and foreign currency non-performing loans.

The Group hedges part of the currency translation risk of net investments in foreign operations through currency borrowings. The effective portion of the foreign exchange difference of these financial liabilities is recognised in "Other accumulated comprehensive income that will be reclassified in profit or loss" in equity.

In order to eliminate the inconsistency in the recognition, the Group, might classify its financial liabilities as the financial liabilities classified at fair value through profit/loss upon the initial recognition.

3. Information on consolidation principles:

3.1. Consolidation principles applied:

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the procedures listed in the "Communiqué related to the Regulation on the Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks" published in the Official Gazette No. 26340 dated November 8, 2006 and "TFRS 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements".

3.1.1. Consolidation principles of subsidiaries:

Subsidiaries are the entities controlled directly or indirectly by the Parent Bank.

Control is defined as the power over the investee, exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the Parent Bank's returns.

Subsidiaries are consolidated with full consolidation method by considering the results of their activities and the size of their assets and shareholders' equity. Financial statements of the related subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date control is transferred to the Group and they are taken out of consolidation scope when control no longer exists. Where necessary, accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

In accordance with the full consolidation method, balance sheet, income statement and off balance sheet items of the subsidiaries have been consolidated line by line with the balance sheet, income statement and off balance sheet of the Parent Bank. The book value of the investments of the Group in each subsidiary has been netted off with the portion of each subsidiary's capital that belongs to the Group. Unrealized gains and losses and balances resulting from the transactions among the entities included in consolidation have been eliminated. In the consolidated balance sheet and income statement, minority interest has been presented separately from the shares of the Group shareholders.

The subsidiaries included in consolidation, their title, their place of incorporation, their main activities and their effective shareholding rates are as follows:

			Effective rates (%)	Direct and indirect rates (%)
Title	Incorporation (City/ Country)	Main activities	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2024
Yapı Kredi Leasing	Istanbul/Türkiye	Leasing	99,99	99,99
Yapı Kredi Faktoring	Istanbul/ Türkiye	Factoring	99,96	99,96
Yapı Kredi Menkul	Istanbul/ Türkiye	Investment Management	99,98	99,98
Yapı Kredi Portföy	Istanbul/ Türkiye	Portfolio Management	99,95	99,97
Yapı Kredi Holding B.V.	Amsterdam/Netherlands	Financial Holding	100.00	100.00
Yapı Kredi Bank N.V.	Amsterdam/Netherlands	Banking	100.00	100.00
Yapı Kredi Azerbaijan	Baku /Azerbaijan	Banking	100.00	100.00
Stiching Custody Services YKB	Amsterdam/Netherlands	Custody services	100.00	100.00
Yapı Kredi Diversified Payment	George Town/	Special Purpose		
Rights Finance Company ⁽¹⁾	Cavman Islands	Company	-	-

(1) It is a special purpose entity established for securitization transactions and is included in the consolidation although it is not a subsidiary of the Parent.

3.1.2. Consolidation principles of associates:

The associates are entities in which the Parent Bank participates in their capital and has significant influence on them, although the Parent Bank has no capital or management control, is established in domestic and abroad. The related associates are consolidated with equity method.

Significant influence refers to the participation power on the constitution of the financial and management policies of the participated associate.

Equity method is an accounting method which foresees the increase or decrease of the book value of capital share in an associate from the changes in the participated associate's shareholders' equity during the period attributable to the portion of the investor and the deduction of the dividend received from the associate from the revised value of the associate amount.

The associates included in consolidation, their title, their place of incorporation, their main activities and their effective shareholding rates are as follows:

Title	(City/ Country)	Main activities	Effective rates % June 30, 2024	Direct and indirect rates % June 30, 2024
Banque de Commerce et de Placements S.A.	Geneva/Switzerland	Banking	30,67	30,67
Allianz Yaşam ve Emeklilik A.Ş.	Istanbul/Türkiye	Insurance	20,00	20,00

3.1.3. Transactions with minority shareholders:

The Group applies a policy of treating transactions with minority interests as transactions within the Group. The difference between the acquisition cost and net asset acquired is recognised under equity. Disposals from minority interests are also considered as equity transactions and result in changes in the equity of the Group.

3.1.4. Presentation of unconsolidated subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures in consolidated financial statements:

Turkish Lira denominated investments in unconsolidated associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures are accounted at cost value, less any impairment, in accordance with "TAS 27 - Individual Financial Statements" in the consolidated financial statements.

Foreign currency denominated investments in unconsolidated associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures are accounted at their original foreign currency costs translated into Turkish Lira using the exchange rates prevailing at the transaction date less impairment, if any.

When the cost of associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures is higher than the net realizable value, the carrying amount is reduced to the net realizable or fair value considering whether the value decrease is temporary or permanent and the ratio of the value decrease.

4. Explanations on forward and option contracts and derivative instruments:

The Group's derivative transactions mainly consist of money and interest rate swaps, forward foreign exchange purchase and sale transactions and options.

Derivative instruments are measured at fair value on initial recognition and subsequently remeasured at their fair values. As a result, the fair value of derivatives is reflected as net liability or net asset on a contract by contract basis. The accounting method applied to the income or loss arising from derivative instruments depends on whether the derivative is being used for hedging purposes or not and depends on the type of item being hedged.

At the transaction date, the Group documents the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, together with the risk management policies and the strategies on hedging transactions. Besides, the Group regularly documents the effectiveness of the hedging instruments in offsetting the changes in the fair value of the hedged items.

Changes in the fair value of derivative instruments subject to fair value hedges are recognized under profit or loss accounts together with the variation in the fair value of hedged items. The changes of fair value of derivative transactions for fair value hedge are classified in "Derivative Financial Transactions Gains/Losses" account. In the balance sheet, changes in the fair value of hedged assets and liabilities, during the period in which the hedge is effective, are shown with the related assets and liabilities.

The ineffective portion of the mentioned hedging transactions is reflected to the income statement. If the underlying hedge does not conform to the hedge accounting requirements, according to the adjustments made to the carrying value (amortized cost) of the hedged item, for which the risk is hedged by a portfolio hedge, are amortized with the straight line method within the time to maturity and recognized in profit or loss accounts. Fair value adjustments are recognized directly in the income statement in an event of repayment and/or unwinding and/or the recognition of the hedged item.

The Parent Bank hedges its cash flow risk arising from foreign currency and Turkish Lira floating interest rate liabilities by using interest rate and currency swaps. The effective portion of the fair value changes of the hedging instruments are recorded in in "Other accumulated comprehensive income that will be reclassified in profit or loss" under shareholders' equity. These funds are transferred to profit or loss from equity when the cash flows of the hedged items (interest expense) impact the income statement.

In case the cash flow hedge accounting is discontinued due to the expiry, realization for sale of the hedging instrument, or due to the results of the effectiveness test the amounts accounted under shareholders' equity are transferred to the profit or loss accounts as these cash flows of the hedged item are realized (considering the original maturity of the hedging instrument).

Some of the trading purpose derivative transactions, even though they provide effective economic hedges under the Group's risk management policy, do not qualify for hedge accounting under the specific rules in "TFRS 9- Financial Instruments" and are therefore treated as "Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss".

"Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss" are measured at fair value. If the fair value of derivative financial instruments is positive, it is disclosed under the main account "Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss" and if the fair value difference is negative, it is disclosed under "Derivative financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss". Fair value changes are recorded under "Derivative Financial Transactions Gains/ (Losses)" in the income statement.

The fair values of the derivative financial instruments are calculated using quoted market prices or by using discounted cash flow models.

Parameters used for the valuation of the option portfolio of the Parent Bank are determined by market risk management and the confirmation of the accuracy of fair value calculations are monitored periodically by market risk management.

Liabilities and receivables arising from the derivative instruments are followed in the off-balance sheet accounts as their contractual values. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted as derivative instruments according to "TFRS – 9 Financial Instruments"; in case, (i) the related embedded derivative's economic features and risks are not closely related to the host contract, (ii) another instrument that has the same contract conditions with the embedded derivative satisfies the definition of a derivative instrument and (iii) the hybrid instrument is not carried at fair value through profit or loss.

Credit derivatives are capital market tools designed to transfer credit risk from one party to another.

As of June 30, 2024, the Parent Bank's credit derivatives portfolio included total return swaps.

Credit linked notes are bonds that have repayments depending on a credit event or the credit risk evaluation of a reference asset or asset pool. Depending on whether the reference assets are included in the balance sheet of the issuer or the owner of the assets, these transactions can be accounted by the party assuming the credit risk as insurance or as an embedded derivative. As per the Bank's management evaluation, the embedded derivatives included in the credit linked notes are separated from the host contracts in accordance with "TFRS 9 - Financial Instruments" and recorded and evaluated as credit default swaps. The bond itself (host contract) is valued in accordance with the valuation principles of the category it is classified.

Total return swaps are contracts, in which the seller commits to pay the contract value for all cash flows of the reference assets of the seller and the changes of the market values of these reference assets to the buyer during the contract maturity and bear all the decreases in the market value of these reference assets. The Bank uses the total return swaps to generate long term funding.

Market risks of these products are monitored using the Parent Bank's internal modeling system for the Value-at-Risk and basis points sensitivity analysis; the liquidity risks are monitored using the short term liquidity report on daily and the long term liquidity report on monthly basis.

According to the regulations of BRSA, currency exchange transactions which are realized at value date in the initial phase of currency swaps are recorded and followed as irrevocable commitments in off-balance sheet accounts until the value date.

A Credit Valuation Adjustment (CVA) is applied to the Bank's over-the-counter derivative exposures to take into account the counterparty's risk of default when measuring the fair value of the derivative. CVA is the mark-to-market cost of protection required to hedge credit risk from counterparties in the Bank's over-the-counter derivatives portfolio. The Bank calculates CVA based on collective provisioning methodology calculated in accordance with Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, "TFRS – 9 Financial Instruments", comprising the product of Exposure, Probability of Default (PD) and Loss Given Default (LGD). CVA is calculated based on the exposure of each counterparty.

Within the scope of TFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement standard; (i) if there is a significant decrease in the volume or level of activity for that asset or liability in relation to normal market activity for the asset or liability (or similar assets or liabilities); (ii) when the transaction or quoted price does not represent fair value; and / or (iii) when a price for a similar asset requires significant adjustment to make it comparable to the asset being measured, or (iv) when the price is stale, the Bank makes an adjustment to the transactions or quoted prices and reflects this adjustment to the fair value measurement. In this context, the Bank determines the point within the range that is most representative of fair value under current market conditions.

5. Explanations on interest income and expense:

Interest income and expenses are recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis by using the effective interest method periodically.

Retrospective rediscount calculation and foreign exchange evaluation is performed for non-performing loans, and accrued interest and rediscounts as of transfer to non-performing loan accounts are accounted under loan accrual/rediscount accounts as per Uniform Chart of Accounts ('UCA'). The Bank ceases accruing interest after non-performing loan classification. In place of that, interest amount representing the time value of future collections is recognized under interest income instead of provision expense.

6. Explanations on fee and commission income and expenses:

Fees and commissions received as a result of the service agreements or arising from negotiating or participating in the negotiation of a transaction on behalf of a third party are recognized either in the period when the transaction is realized or deferred based on the type of the underlying transaction. Other commission income and fees from various banking services are recorded as income at the time of realization.

Except for fees and commissions that are integral part of the effective interest rates of financial instruments measured at amortized costs, the fees and commissions are accounted for in accordance with TFRS 15 - "Revenue from Contract with Customers".

7. Explanations on financial assets:

As of January 1, 2018, the Group has applied TFRS 9 and classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)
- > Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- Financial assets measured at amortised cost

According to TFRS 9 classification of financial assets is based on two criterias; business model under which the financial asset is being managed and contractual cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest of the financial asset. This evaluation incorporates whether there is any clause that may change timing or amount of contractual cash flows of the financial asset.

Classification of financial assets reflects the business model of how the Group manages the assets in order to generate cash flows. Bank's business model may be to collect solely the contractual cash flows from the assets or to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of assets. If neither of these is applicable, then the financial assets are classified as part of 'other' business model and measured at FVPL.

Factors considered by the Group in determining the business model for a group of assets include past experience on how the cash flows for these assets were collected, how the asset's performance is evaluated and reported to key management personnel, how risks are assessed and managed and how managers are compensated.

Securities held for trading are held principally for the purpose of selling in the near term or are part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking. These securities are classified in the 'other' business model and measured at FVPL.

The Parent Bank owns Consumer Price Indexed (CPI) Government Bonds which are classified under "Fair value through other comprehensive income" and "measured at amortised cost" securities portfolio. Related securities are valued using the effective interest rate method based on the real coupon rates and the reference inflation index at the issue date and the estimated inflation rate. The reference indices used in calculating the actual coupon payment amounts of these assets are based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) of prior two months.

Assessment of the business model

The Group determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective.

The business model does not depend on management's intentions for an individual instrument. Accordingly, this condition is not a single instrument basis approach for classification and should be determined on a higher level of aggregation.

During the assessment of the business model for management of financial assets, all relevant evidences at the assessment date have been taken into consideration. Such relevant evidence includes below:

- > How the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Group's management;
- The stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. In particular, whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest revenue, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets with duration of the liabilities that are funding those assets or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- How managers of the business are compensated (e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected); and
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and its strategy for how those risks are managed;
- The frequency, volume and timing of sales in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and its expectations about future sales activity. However, information about sales activity is not considered in isolation, but as part of an overall assessment of how the Group's stated objective for managing the financial assets is achieved and how cash flows are realised.

If cash flows are realised in a way that is different from the expectations on the date of the assessment of the business model, that does not give rise to a prior period error in the financial statements nor does it change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model as long as all relevant information that was available at the time of business model assessment were. However, when the business model is assessed for newly originated or newly purchased financial assets, it must be considered information about how cash flows were realised in the past, along with all other relevant information. The business models are divided into three categories. These categories are defined below:

Business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows are managed to realise cash flows by collecting contractual payments over the life of the instrument. That is, the Group manages the assets held within the portfolio to collect those particular contractual cash flows.

Although the objective of Group's business model may be to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, the Group does not need to hold all of those instruments until the maturity. Thus Group's business model can be to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows even when sales of financial assets occur or are expected to occur in the future.

The business model may be to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows even if the Group sells financial assets when there is an increase in the assets' credit risk. The Group considers reasonable and supportable information, including forward looking information in order to determine whether there has been an increase in the assets' credit risk. Regardless of their frequency and value, sales due to an increase in the assets' credit risk are not inconsistent with a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows because the credit quality of financial assets is relevant to the Group's ability to collect contractual cash flows.

A business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets

The Group may hold financial assets in a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. In this type of business model, the Group's management has made a decision on both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets are necessary for achieving the objective of the business model. There are various objectives that may be consistent with this type of business model. For example, the objective of the business model may be to manage liquidity needs on daily basis, to maintain a particular interest yield profile or to match the duration of the financial assets to the duration of the liabilities funding those assets. To achieve such an objective, the Group will both collect contractual cash flows and sell financial assets.

Compared to a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows, this business model will typically involve greater frequency and value of sales. This is because selling financial assets is integral to achieving the business model's objective instead of being only incidental to it.

Other business models

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss if they are not held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

A portfolio of financial assets that is managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis is neither held to collect contractual cash flows nor held both to collect contractual cash flows and to sell financial assets. The Group is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions.

Assessment of whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are SPPI, the Group considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition.

In making the assessment, the Group considers:

- > Contingent events that would change the amount and timing of cash flows;
- Leverage features;
- Prepayment and extension terms;
- > Terms that limit the Group's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse loans); and
- > Features that modify consideration of the time value of money (e.g. periodical reset of interest rates).

When the contractual conditions are exposed to the risks which are not consistent with the basic lending arrangement or variability of cash flows, the relevant financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

7.1. Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss:

Financial assets, which are classified as "Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss", are trading financial assets and are either acquired for generating profit from short-term fluctuations in the price or dealer's margin, or are the financial assets included in a portfolio in which a pattern of short-term profit making exists independent from the acquisition purpose.

Trading financial assets are initially recognized at fair value and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. However, if fair values cannot be obtained from active market transactions, it is assumed that the fair value cannot be measured reliably and fair values are calculated by alternative models. All gains and losses arising from these valuations are recognized in the income statement. Interest earned while holding financial assets is reported as interest income and dividends received are included separately in dividend income.

The principles regarding the accounting of derivative financial instruments are explained in detail in Note 4 of this section.

7.2. Financial assets measured at amortised cost:

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at amortised cost. These financial assets are initially recognized at total of acquisition and transaction cost. After their initial recognition they are carried at "Amortized cost" using the "Effective interest method".

7.3. Loans:

Loans are financial assets raised through lending without having the intention to trade in the short term. Loans are non derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that are not quoted on active market. Loans are recognized initially at cost including transaction costs (which reflect fair values) and subsequently carried at the amortized cost using the "effective interest method". The expenses incurred for the assets received as collateral are not considered as transaction costs and are recognized in the expense accounts.

Retail, commercial and corporate loans included in cash loans are accounted for with their original maturities in accounts which are mentioned in the UCA. Foreign currency indexed loans are initially measured at local currency accounts with the foreign exchange rate prevailing at date of the initial recognition and re-valued with the relevant foreign currency rates prevailing at the date of the financial statements. Increase or decrease in the value of the principal amount of the loan due to changes in foreign exchange rates is accounted in the related income and expense accounts. Repayment amounts are translated with the foreign exchange rates prevailing at the repayment dates and the valuation differences are accounted for in foreign exchange gain/loss accounts.

The Parent Bank provides provision for expected credit losses based on the assessments and estimates of the management, by considering the "Communiqué Related to Principles and Procedures on Determining the Qualifications of Banks' Loans and Other Receivables and the Provision for These Loans and Other Receivables" ("Provisioning Regulation") published in the Official Gazette No. 29750 dated June 22, 2016 and in line with "TFRS 9 - Financial Instruments". In this context, the management estimates are determined, on the basis of the prudence principle and Bank credit risk policies, considering the general structure of the loan portfolio, the financial conditions of the customers, non-financial information and the economic conjuncture.

As of June 30, 2024, the Bank has made its classifications in accordance with the TFRS 9 standard and reflected them in its financial statements. In this context; the Group has evaluated many reasonable and supportable qualitative and quantitative data in assessing whether there is a significant increase in credit risk in the classification of loans according to stages and determining the moment when the default situation occurs. It has classified the loans according to their stages according to its best judgment under the current conditions.

Expected Credit Losses are accounted for as an expense in the accounting period they are incurred. If there is a subsequent collection from a receivable that was already provisioned in previous years, the recovery amount is classified under "Other operating income". The write off policy is described in the explanations and notes related to assets, fifth section.

7.4. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, and that are not designated at FVPL, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are subsequently re-measured at fair value. When fair values based on market prices cannot be observed reliably, the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are carried at fair values determined by using alternative models. "Unrealized gains and losses" arising from changes in the fair value of financial assets classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized in the shareholders' equity as "Other accumulated comprehensive income that will be reclassified in profit or loss", until the related assets are impaired or disposed. When these financial assets are disposed or impaired, the related fair value differences accumulated in the shareholders' equity are transferred to the income statement. Interest and dividends received from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recorded in interest income and dividend income as appropriate.

Interest income on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are calculated by effective interest rate method and are accounted for in interest income account. At the time of sale of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income before the maturity, the difference between the profit, which is the difference between the cost and sales price of the financial assets, and the interest income accrual are accounted under "Profit/losses from capital market transactions".

7.5. Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:

At initial recognition, Group can make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity instrument within the scope of TFRS 9. Such election is made on an instrument basis. Fair value differences recognized in other comprehensive income are not transferred to profit or loss in the following periods and transferred to prior years' profit/loss. The equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, are not subject to impairment calculation.

8. Explanations on impairment of financial assets:

The Parent Bank assesses the expected credit losses ("ECL") related with its debt instrument assets carried at amortised cost and at fair value through other comprehensive income, with the exposure arising from loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts on a forward-looking basis. The Parent Bank recognises a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of expected credit losses reflects:

- > An unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- The time value of money;
- Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The measurement of the expected credit loss allowance:

The measurement of the expected credit loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortised cost and at fair value through other comprehensive income is an area that requires the use of advanced models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behaviour.

These financial assets will be divided into three categories depending on the gradual increase in credit risk observed since their initial recognition. Impairment shall be recognized on outstanding amounts in each category, as follows:

Stage 1:

For the financial assets at initial recognition or that do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Impairment for credit risk will be recorded in the amount of 12-month expected credit losses.

Stage 2:

In the event of a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the financial asset will be transferred to this stage. Impairment for credit risk will be determined on the basis of the instrument's lifetime expected credit losses.

Stage 3:

Stage 3 includes financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. For these assets, lifetime ECL are recognized and interest revenue is calculated on the net carrying amount.

Life-time expected credit loss is calculated on an individual or collective basis for the financial assets in stage 2 and stage 3.

General provisions represent ECLs for the first stage and the second stage, specific provisions represent ECLs for the third stage.

The Parent Bank has developed specific models for calculating the expected loss; such models are based on the parameters of PD, LGD and EAD and on the effective interest rate. In particular:

- The PD (Probability of Default), represents the customer's probability of more than 90 days delay, within 12months;
- The LGD (Loss Given Default), represents the percentage of the estimated loss, and thus the expected rate of recovery, at the date of occurrence of the default event of the credit exposure;
- The EAD (Exposure at Default), represents the measure of the exposure at the time of the event of default of the credit exposure;
- > The Effective interest rate is the discount rate that expresses of the time value of money.

Such parameters are calculated starting from the corresponding parameters used for IRB preparation purposes, with specific adjustments in order to ensure consistency between accounting and regulatory treatment despite different regulatory requirements.

The main adjustments aimed at:

- Removal of prudency principal used for IRB preparation phase;
- Introducing "point-in-time" adjustments to replace "through-the-cycle" adjustments required for IRB preparation phase (TFRS-9 parameters developed over these parameters.);
- With reference to lifetime PD, through-the-cycle PD curves obtained by adjusting observed cumulated default rates were calibrated in order to reflect point-in-time on portfolio default rates.

Recovery rate incorporated into through-the-cycle LGD was adjusted in order to remove prudency principle and to reflect the most updated trend of recovery rates discounted at effective interest rate or at its best approximation.

The lifetime EAD has been obtained by converting the 1 year regulatory or managerial model to life-time, removing margin of prudency and including the expected discounted cash flow.

The Stage Allocation model is a key aspect of the accounting model required to calculate expected credit losses which is aimed at transferring credit exposures from Stage 1 to Stage 2.

With reference to the quantitative component of the model for stage allocation, the Parent Bank has adopted a statistical approach based on a quantiles regression whose objective is to define a threshold in terms of maximum variation acceptable between the PD at the time of origination and the PD assessed at the reporting date.

The Stage Allocation model was based on a combination of relative and absolute elements. The main elements were:

- Comparison, for each transaction, between the PD measured at the time of recognition and PD as at the reporting date, both calculated according to internal models, through thresholds set in a way considering all key variables of each transaction that can affect the Bank's expectation of PD changes over time;
- Absolute elements such as the backstops required by law;
- Additional internal evidence.

Significant increase in credit risk

In the assessment of significant increase in credit risk quantitative and qualitative assessments are made;

Quantitative Assessment:

As a result of quantitative assessment, related financial asset is classified as stage 2 (Significant Increase in Credit Risk) when any of the following criterias are satisfied.

As of reporting date:

- Lifetime expected credit losses shall be recognized on a transaction base, when more than 30 days past due status is passed. The Parent Bank can abandon this estimation when it has reasonable and supportable information about customers' contractual repayments.
- In case a loan has been restructured, it will be followed up under Stage 2 during the follow-up period mentioned in the related regulations. The loan can be transferred back to Stage 1 at end of the follow-up period if there is no significant deterioration.
- > Provisions on non-funded non cash loans are evaluated as significant increase in credit risk.

Qualitative Assessment:

The probability of significant increase in credit risk under qualitative assessment is based on the comparison of probability of default of a loan in the origination and as of reporting date.

The Group uses distribution regression on segment basis in order to calculate the thresholds used in defining the significant increase in credit risk.

Low credit risk

Financial instruments defined as low risk for TFRS 9 are;

- > Receivables from Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye ("CBRT");
- > Loans with counterparty of Treasury of the Republic of Türkiye;
- The issued securities or guaranteed marketable securities from central banks of the countries where Group's subsidiaries, associates are resident;
- Bank placements;
- Other money market transactions;
- > Transactions of Group's associates and subsidiaries.

Forward Looking Macroeconomic Information:

Forward-looking macroeconomic information is incorporated into credit risk parameters during assessment of significant increase in credit risk and expected credit loss calculation.

For the calculation of expected credit loss, Bank uses macroeconomic estimation method which is developed during creation of various scenarios. Macroeconomic variables prevailing during these estimates are gross domestic product (GDP) and unemployment rate.

When expected credit losses are estimated in accordance with the forward looking macroeconomic information, the Bank evaluates three scenarios (base, pessimistic and optimistic) with various weights based. The Bank has reviewed the macroeconomic model used in the process and has been the subject of provision calculations using the data considered to reflect the current situation in the best way.

In the light of macroeconomic expectations, the Parent Bank reflected the calculations made to its financial statements considering the probability of default values and the possible changes in the exposure at default. In this context, the Bank has measured the effect of the change in macroeconomic data used in the calculation of expected credit loss such as gross domestic product and unemployment rate, on the non performing loans under different scenarios and reflected the increase coefficient, which was considered to be the most accurate, to its provision calculations by projecting it on the loan parameters within the range of NPL ratio obtained throughout the calculations.

9. Explanations on offsetting financial assets:

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to collect/pay related financial assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

10. Explanations on sales and repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions:

Securities subject to repurchase agreements ("Repo") are classified as "Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss", "Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income" and "Financial assets measured at amortised cost" according to the investment purposes of the Group and measured according to the portfolio to which they belong.

Funds obtained from repurchase agreements are accounted under "Money market funds" in liabilities and the difference between the sale and repurchase price is accrued over the life of the repurchase agreements using the "Effective interest method". Interest expense on repo transactions are recorded under "Interest expense on money market transactions" in the income statement.

Funds given against securities purchased under agreements to resell ("reverse repo") are accounted under "Receivables from money markets" on the balance sheet. The difference between the purchase and determined resell price is accrued over the life of repurchase agreements using the effective interest method.

The Group has no securities lending transactions.

11. Information on assets held for sale and related to discontinued operations and explanations on liabilities related with these assets:

According to the "TFRS-5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" a tangible asset (or a group of assets to be disposed) classified as "Asset held for sale" is measured at lower of carrying value and fair value less costs to sell. An asset (or a group of assets to be disposed) is regarded as "Asset held for sale" only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or a group of assets to be disposed) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. For a highly probable sale, there must be a valid plan prepared by the management for the sale of asset including identification of possible buyers and completion of sale process. Furthermore, the asset should be actively in the market at a price consistent with its fair value.

A discontinued operation is a part of the Group's business classified as sold or held for sale. The operating results of the discontinued operations are disclosed separately in the income statement.

12. Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets:

12.1. Goodwill:

The excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities or contingent liabilities of the acquired subsidiary at the date of acquisition of the control is recorded as goodwill and represents a payment made by the acquirer in anticipation of future economic benefits from assets that are not capable of being individually identified and separately recognised. The acquirer also recognises assets that are capable of being individually identified and separately recognised, intangible assets (e.g. credit card brand value, deposit base and customer portfolio) and contingent liabilities at fair value, irrespective of whether the asset had been recognised by the acquire before the business combination, if it can be distinguished from the goodwill and if the asset's fair value can be measured reliably.

As of June 30, 2024, there is no goodwill (December 31, 2023 - None).

12.2. Other intangible assets:

Intangible assets are measured at cost on initial recognition and any directly attributable costs of setting the asset to work for its intended use are included in the initial measurement. Subsequently, intangible assets are carried at historical costs after the deduction of accumulated amortization and the provision for impairment.

The Group evaluates the possibility of existence of impairment of intangible assets at the end of each reporting period. If there is an evidence of impairment, the Group estimates a recoverable amount in accordance with the "TAS 36 - Impairment of Assets". The recoverable amount is the higher of net sales price or the value in use. When the book value of another intangible asset exceeds the recoverable amount, the related asset is considered to be impaired. If there is no evidence of impairment, there is no need to estimate the recoverable amount.

Intangibles are amortized over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The useful life of the asset is determined by assessing the expected useful life of the asset, technical, technological and other kinds of obsolescence and all required maintenance expenses necessary to utilise the economic benefit from the asset.

13. Explanations on property and equipment:

Property and equipment is measured at its cost when initially recognized and any directly attributable costs of setting the asset in working order for its intended use are included in the initial measurement in accordance with "TAS 16-Property, Plant and Equipment". Subsequently, properties and equipments, except art objects, paintings and buildings, are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment.

The Group adopted fair value accounting method for its buildings since March 31, 2015 in tangible assets in accordance with "TAS 16 - Property, Plant and Equipment".

The depreciation rate for buildings is 2-4%; for movables and movables acquired under financial leasing depreciation is calculated over estimated useful life by using the straight-line method. The depreciation charge for items remaining in property and equipment for less than a full accounting period at the balance sheet date is calculated in proportion to the period the item remained in property and equipment.

In accordance with "TAS 36 - Impairment of Assets", where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated "recoverable amount", it is written down to its "recoverable amount" and the provision for impairment is charged to the income statement.

Gains and losses on the disposal of property and equipment are determined by deducting the net book value of the property and equipment from its sales proceeds.

Expenditures for the repair and maintenance of property and equipment are recognised as expense. The capital expenditures made in order to increase the capacity of the tangible asset or to increase its future benefits are capitalised on the cost of the tangible asset. The capital expenditures include the cost components which are used either to increase the useful life or the capacity of the asset or the quality of the product or to decrease the costs.

14. Explanations on leasing transactions:

The Group performs leasing transactions in the capacity of the lessee and lessor.

14.1. Accounting of leasing operations according to lessee:

The Group has adopted "TFRS 16 - Leases" in the accounting of leasing transactions.

In accordance with "TFRS 16 - Leases", the Group calculates "right-of-use" amount using the present value of the lease payments of fixed asset at the beginning of the leasing period and recognizes under "property and equipment". Unpaid leasing payments are calculated at their net present value and recognized under "lease payables" in liabilities. Lease payments are discounted using related borrowing rates.

Fixed assets that are subject to leasing is amortised on the basis of leasing period. Interest expense related to lease payables is classified under "interest on lease payables" under "interest expense" and exchange rate changes are classified under "foreign exchange gains/losses". Leasing payments are deducted from lease payables.

14.2. Accounting of leasing operations according to lessee:

Assets that are subject to financial leasing are reflected as a receivable equal to the net leasing amount in the consolidated financial statements. Interest income is earned to form a fixed periodical interest rate on net investment amount of the related leased asset by the lessor and the portion relating to subsequent periods is followed in the unearned interest income account.

14.2.1. Provision for doubtful lease receivables

The lease receivables provision for the impairment of investments in direct finance leases is established based on a credit review of the receivables portfolio. The Group has set this provision in accordance with the TFRS 9 rules.

Finance lease receivables and accounts receivables that cannot be recovered are written off and charged against the allowance for the impairment of lease and accounts receivables. Such receivables are written off after all the necessary legal proceedings have been completed and the amount of loss is finally determined. Recoveries of amounts previously provided for are treated as a reduction from the provision for the impairment of the lease receivable and are recognized as income.

15. Explanations on provisions, contingent assets and liabilities:

Provisions and contingent liabilities, except for the expected credit loss recognized for financial instruments within the scope of TFRS 9 standards, are accounted in accordance with "TAS -37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets".

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions for contingent liabilities arisen from past events are recognised in the period of occurrence in accordance with the "Matching principle".

A provision is recognised when it is probable that the contingent event will occur and a reliable estimate can be made. When a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation cannot be made, or it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, it is considered that a "contingent" liability exists and it is disclosed in the related notes to the financial statements.

Contingent assets usually arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the entity. Contingent assets are not recognized in financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realized. Contingent assets are disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and the related income are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

16. Explanations on obligations related to employee benefits:

16.1. Employee benefits

Obligations related to employee termination and vacation rights are accounted for in accordance with "TAS 19 - Employee Benefits" and are classified under "Provisions for employee benefits" account in the balance sheet.

Under the Turkish Labour Law, the Group is required to pay a specific amount to the employees who have retired or whose employment is terminated other than for the reasons specified in the Turkish Labour Law. The reserve for employee termination represents the present value of the estimated total liability for the future probable obligation of the Group determined by using certain actuarial assumptions. Actuarial gains and losses are accounted for under equity in accordance with the "TAS - 19 Employee Benefits" standard.

16.2. Pension rights

The Parent Bank's personnel are members of the Yapı ve Kredi Bankası Anonim Şirketi Mensupları Yardım ve Emekli Sandığı Vakfı ("the Fund") which was established in accordance with the 20th temporary article of the Social Security Law No. 506. As of December 31, 2023, the defined benefit obligations of the Fund have calculated in the actuarial valuation report prepared by the registered actuary.

Temporary article 23th paragraph 1 of the Banking Act published in the Official Gazette No 25983 dated November 1, 2005 stated that foundations like the Fund are to be transferred to the Social Security Institution ("SSI") within three years beginning from the publication date of the article.

The article of the Law related to the transfer was cancelled (pursuant to the application by the President on November 2, 2005) by the decision of Constitutional Court (decision no: E.2005/39, K. 2007/33 dated March 22, 2007) published in the Official Gazette No. 26479 dated March 31, 2007, and the effect of the law article was suspended from the date of the publication of the decision.

The reasoning of the Constitutional Court regarding the abrogation of the corresponding article was published in the Official Gazette dated December 15, 2007, No 26731. With the publication of the reasoning of the decision, the Grand National Assembly of Türkiye ("GNAT") started to work on new legal arrangements regarding the transfer of the fund members to SSI and the related articles of the "Law Regarding the Changes in Social Insurance and General Health Insurance Law and Other Related Laws and Regulations" No 5754 ("the New Law") regulating the transfer of the funds were approved by the GNAT on April 17, 2008. The New Law was published in the Official Gazette No. 26870 dated May 8, 2008. With the new law, the banks' pension funds will be transferred to SSI within three years from the date of publication of the decree and this period can be extended for a maximum of two years with the decision of the Council of Ministers. The transfer period was extended for another two years with the decision of the Council of Ministers No. 2011/1559 published in the Official Gazette dated April 9, 2011. According to the "Amendment of Social Insurance and General Health Insurance Law No. 6283" published in the Official Gazette dated March 8, 2012, Council of Ministers was authorized to increase the two-year extension period mentioned above to four years.

According to the decision of The Council of Ministers dated February 24, 2014, the transfer date is set as May 2015. The Council of Ministers was authorized to determine the transfer date of pension funds in accordance with the last amendment in the first paragraph of the 20th provisional article of Law No.5510 implemented by the Law No. 6645 on Amendment of the Occupational Health and Safety Law and Other Laws and Decree Laws published in the Official Gazette dated April 23, 2015 and numbered 29335. The president was authorized to determine the transfer date of pension funds in accordance with the last amendment by the Law No. 30473 published in the Official Gazette dated July 9, 2018.

A commission (whose members are the representatives of the SSI, Ministry of Treasury and Finance of the Republic of Türkiye, State Planning Organization, BRSA, Saving Deposit Insurance Fund ("SDIF"), one member representing the Fund and one member representing the Fund members) is in charge of the calculation of the value of the payment that would need to be made to SSI to settle the obligation using a technical interest rate of 9,8% by law taking into consideration income and expenses by insurance branches of the funds and the excess of salaries and income paid by the funds over the salaries and income to be paid in accordance with the SSI arrangements which should not be less than SSI arrangements, related to the members of the Fund as of the date of the transfer including the members who have left the scheme.

In accordance with the New Law, after the transfer to SSI, any social rights and payments to Fund members and their beneficiaries which are not provided although they are included in the Fund Title Deed will continue to be provided by the Fund and the employers of the Fund members.

The Parent Bank accounts for a provision for the technical deficit based on the report prepared by a registered actuary in accordance with the rates determined by the New Law and in accordance with the "TAS 19 - Employee Benefits" standard.

16.3. Short term benefits of employee:

Within the scope of "TAS 19 - Employee Benefits", the Group measures the expected costs of accumulated paid leaves as expected payments it will make due to unused leave rights as at the end of the reporting date.

17. Explanations on taxation:

17.1. Current tax:

The corporate tax rate is 20% in accordance with the article number 32 of the New Corporate Tax Law no.5520 which is published in the official Gazette dated June 21, 2006 and numbered 26205. In accordance with the 11 and 14th articles of the Law numbered 7316 on "Amendment of Law on Collection Procedure of Public Receivables and Certain Laws" published in the Official Gazette dated April 22, 2021 and numbered 31462, corporate tax rate will be applied as 25% for enterprises' corporate income belonging to the taxation periods of 2021 and 23% for enterprises' corporate income belonging to the taxation periods of 2022. Standard corporate tax rate for financial sector is increased to 25% starting from the declarations as of July 1, 2022 and to be valid for the taxation periods of 2022 according to the Law numbered 7394 published in the Official Gazette dated July 15, 2023 and numbered 32249, corporate tax rate is increased to 30% for banks starting from the declarations of October 1, 2023 and to be valid for the taxation periods from January 1, 2023.

Corporate tax rate business income tax in accordance with the laws of the institutions to be added as unacceptable the reduction of costs in the tax laws, exemptions and reductions to the tax base found as a result of the reduction that will be applied.

Turkish tax legislation does not permit a parent company and its subsidiaries to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provisions for taxes, as reflected in these consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis.

Dividends paid to non-resident corporations, which have a place of business in Türkiye or to resident corporations are not subject to withholding tax. Otherwise, dividends paid are subject to withholding tax at the rate of 10%. An increase in capital via issuing bonus shares is not considered as profit distribution and no withholding tax incurs in such a case.

In accordance with the Corporate Tax Law, three quarterly temporary corporate tax statements are submitted in total in the first nine months of reporting year. Advance tax is declared and paid by the 17th day of the second month following each calendar quarter end.

Advance tax paid by corporations for the current period is credited against the annual corporation tax calculated on the annual corporate income in the following year. Despite the offset, if there is temporary prepaid tax remaining, this balance can be refunded or used to offset any other financial liabilities to the government.

75% portion of the capital gains derived from the sale of equity investments and 50% portion of the capital gains derived from immovable properties held for at least two years is tax exempt, if such gains are added to paid-in capital or held in a special account under shareholder's equity for five years.

In accordance with the Law numbered 7456 which is published in the Official Gazette dated July 15, 2023 and numbered 32249, the tax exemption on profits from the sales of immovables has been terminated as of July 15, 2023. For immovables that were a part of company's assets before the date of July 15, 2023, the exemption rate on profits arising from their sales has been set as 25%.

Under the Turkish Corporate Tax Law, losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to five years. Losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods.

Tax returns are required to be filled and delivered to the related tax office until the last evening of the fourth month following the balance sheet date and the accrued tax is paid same day. Tax returns are open for 5 years from the beginning of the year following the balance sheet date and during this period the tax authorities have the right to audit tax returns, and the related accounting records on which they are based, and may issue re-assessments based on their findings.

Non-monetary items on the financial statements must have been restated for inflation according to the repeated article 298/A of Tax Procedure Law. In law numbered 7352 published on January 29, 2022 in the Official Gazette numbered 31734, 2021 and 2022 accounting periods including advance tax periods are deemed as the periods in which the requirements for inflation adjustment are not met. In the fiscal year of 2023, quarterly advance tax periods were not subject to inflation adjustment, but the financial statements prepared in accordance with Tax Procedure Law are subject to inflation adjustment regardless of whether the conditions for inflation adjustment are met. Profit/loss difference arising from inflation adjustment is recognized in retained earnings but has no effect on the corporate tax base. The profit/loss differences arising from the inflation adjustment for the accounting periods in 2024 and 2025, including the temporary tax periods, will not be taken into account in the determination of taxable income. The President is authorized to extend the determined tax periods by one accounting period.

Tax rates that are used in tax calculations before the exemptions by foreign subsidiaries by taking current tax regulations in their countries into consideration as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Netherlands	25,80%
Azerbaijan	20,00%

Amendments to Tax Procedure Law was published with the Law numbered 7338 published in the Official Gazette dated October 26, 2021. These amendments provide the opportunity to revalue the real estates and depreciable assets.

With the change in the communiqué published in the Official Gazette on January 14, 2023, conditions have been clarified for the taxpayers, who are subject to different accounting and financial reporting standards rules than those determined by the General Communiqué on Accounting System Implementation, is able to benefit from the revaluation specified in paragraph (C) of the duplicate article 298 and temporary article 32 in Law Numbered 213.

Within the scope of the temporary article 32 of the Tax Procedure Law Numbered 213, depreciable assets were revalued and additional tax amount of 2% is levied over the revaluation difference. Assets that are included in the scope pursuant to paragraph (C) of the duplicate article 298 are valued with the revaluation rate announced in the relevant year and no tax is levied over this revaluation increase.

17.2. Deferred tax:

The Group calculates and accounts for deferred income taxes for temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in these financial statements in accordance with "TAS 12 - Income Taxes" and in accordance with BRSA's explanations and circulars and the tax legislation. The Group calculates deferred tax on deductible temporary differences, to the extent that future taxable income is estimated to be available. In the deferred tax calculation, the enacted tax rate is used as of the balance sheet date by estimating when the temporary differences will be taxable / deductible in accordance with the current tax legislation.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all resulting temporary differences whereas deferred tax assets resulting from temporary differences are recognized to the extent that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities of subsidiaries subject to consolidation have been netted of in their standalone financial statements in accordance with "TAS 12 - Income Taxes". The calculated deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability are presented as net in these financial statements.

Tax effects of the transactions that are directly accounted under equity are also reflected to equity.

17.3. Transfer pricing:

The article no.13 of the Corporate Tax Law No.5520 describes the issue of transfer pricing under the title of "Disguised profit distribution" by way of transfer pricing (previously included as "Disguised profit" in the Corporate Tax Law No.5422). "The General Communiqué on Disguised Profit Distribution by Way of Transfer Pricing" published at November 18, 2007/26704, explains the application related issues on this topic effective from January 1, 2007, also taking into account the regulations in Article 41 of the Income Tax Law.

"Arm's length principle", which is the basis for the transfer pricing rule, is the pricing system to be followed for purchase or sale activities between related parties for any product or service transactions as if the transaction is realized with any other third party. According to this communiqué, if the taxpayers conduct transactions like purchase and sale of goods or services with the related parties where the prices are not determined according to the arm's length principle, then it will be concluded that there is a disguised profit distribution by way of transfer pricing. Such disguised profit distributions will not be deducted from the corporate tax base for tax purposes.

As discussed in the relevant section of this communiqué, the taxpayers are required to fill out the "Transfer Pricing, Controlled Foreign Entities and Thin Capitalization" form for the purchase and sale of goods or services conducted with their related parties in a taxation period, attach these forms to their corporate tax returns and submit to the tax offices.

18. Explanations on borrowings:

The financial liabilities classified at fair value through profit/loss, trading and derivative financial liabilities are valued with their fair values and the other financial liabilities are carried at "amortized cost" including costs of transactions using the "effective interest method".

The Group classifies some of its financial liabilities as the financial liabilities classified at fair value through profit/loss in order to eliminate the accounting mismatch at the initial recognition. For the related liabilities until the maturity, the Bank presents interest expenses paid and the difference between amortized cost and acquisition cost in the interest expense, the difference between the fair value of the financial liabilities and amortized cost presents under the trading gain/(loss) in the income statement.

The Group utilises various hedging techniques to minimise the currency, interest rate and liquidity risks of its financial liabilities. No convertible bonds have been issued. Also, Group obtains funds by issuing bonds and bills.

19. Explanations on issuance of share certificates:

When shares are issued above their nominal value, the excess over the nominal value is accounted under shareholders' equity as "Share premium".

20. Explanations on confirmed bills of exchange and letter of acceptances:

Confirmed bills of exchange and acceptances are included in the "Off-balance sheet commitments".

21. Explanations on government grants:

None (December 31, 2023 - None).

22. Profit reserves and profit distribution:

Retained earnings as per the statutory financial statements other than legal reserves are available for distribution, subject to the legal reserve requirement referred to below. Legal reserves consist of first and second reserves as foreseen in the TCC. The TCC specifies that the first legal reserve is appropriated at the rate of 5% until the total reserve is equal to 20% of paid-in capital and that the second legal reserve is appropriated at the rate of 10% of distributions in excess of 5% of paid-in capital; however holding companies are not subject to this application. According to the Turkish Commercial Code, legal reserves can only be used to compensate for accumulated losses and cannot be used for other purposes unless they exceed 50% of paid-in capital.

No dividend payments of the Parent Bank were announced after the balance sheet date.

23. Earnings per share:

Earnings per share disclosed in the income statement are calculated by dividing net profit/loss for the year to the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period concerned.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Net income/(loss) to be appropriated to ordinary shareholders	17.404.573	24.116.471
Weighted average number of issued ordinary shares (thousand)	844.705.128	844.705.128
Earnings per share (full TL)	0,0206	0,0286

In Türkiye, companies can increase their share capital by making a pro-rata distribution of shares ("bonus shares") to existing shareholders from retained earnings. These bonus shares are treated as issued shares in earnings per share computations. For the purpose of earnings per share computations, the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year is adjusted in respect of bonus shares issued without a corresponding change in resources by giving them a retroactive effect. In case bonus shares are distributed after the balance sheet date but before the preparation of the financial statements, earnings per share is calculated considering the new number of shares.

No bonus shares were issued during 2024 (2023 - None).

24. Related parties:

For the purpose of these financial statements, shareholders having control shares of the Bank, key management personnel and board members together with their families and companies controlled by/affiliated with them, associated companies and joint ventures and the Fund providing post employment benefits are considered and referred to as related parties in accordance with "TAS 24 - Related Parties". The transactions with related parties are disclosed in detail in Note 5 of Section Five.

25. Explanations on operating segments:

Information about operating segments which are determined in line with "TFRS 8 - Operating Segments" together with organizational and internal reporting structure of the Bank, are disclosed in Note 10 of Section Four.

26. Explanations on other matters:

None.

Section Four - Information related to financial position of the Group

1. Explanations on consolidated equity:

The calculation of the own funds and the capital adequacy standard ratio are performed in accordance with the communiqués such as "Regulation Regarding the Measurement and Evaluation of Banks' Capital Adequacy Ratio", "Regulation Credit Risk Mitigation Techniques", "Regulation on calculation of Risk-Weighted Amounts of Securitization" and "Regulation Regarding Banks' Shareholders' Equity".

The consolidated capital adequacy ratio of the Group is 15,74% (December 31, 2023 - 19,12%) and the Parent Bank is 16,67% (December 31, 2023 - 20,28%).

1.1. Information on equity:

	Current Period	Prior Period
COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL		
Paid-in Capital	8.447.051	8.447.051
Share premiums	556.937	556.937
Retained earnings	145.190.447	87.382.611
Other comprehensive income and other disclosed reserves which defined in the Turkish Accounting Standards	38.791.607	33.904.404
Profit	19.044.527	69.648.790
Net profit of the period	17.404.573	68.008.836
Profit of the previous years	1.639.954	1.639.954
Shares acquired free of charge from subsidiaries, affiliates and jointly controlled subsidiaries and cannot be		
recognised within profit for the period	31.689	31.689
Minority interest	3.509	2.674
Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory deductions	212.065.767	199.974.156
Common Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory deductions		
Valuation adjustments	-	-
The sum of the net loss for the current period and the previous years which could not be absorbed by the retained		
earnings and losses recognised in equity in accordance with TAS	20.242.504	21.093.163
Leasehold improvements for operating leasing	575.131	520.942
Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	-	
Other intangibles other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	2.356.068	1.804.260
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related	2.550.000	1.001.200
tax liability)	_	_
Cash-flow hedge reserve	1.941.514	2.888.940
Shortfall of total credit losses that exceed total expected losses	1.941.914	2.000.940
Securitization gain on sale	-	-
Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	-
Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	-	-
	-	-
Investments in own capital	-	-
Credits extended contrary to the fourth paragraph of Articles 56 of the Banking Law	-	-
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory		
consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital		
(amount above 10% threshold)	-	-
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory		
consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank owns more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount		
above 10% threshold)	-	-
Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold)	-	-
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	-	-
Amount exceeding the 15% threshold (-) of the common equity Tier 1 in accordance with the second paragraph of		
the provisional article 2 in the regulation regarding the Banks' Shareholders' Equity	-	-
The amount above threshold for the investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are		
outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank owns more than 10% of		
the issued share capital	-	-
The amount above threshold for mortgage servicing rights	-	-
The amount above threshold for deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	-	-
National specific regulatory adjustments which shall be determined by the BRSA	-	-
Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover		
deductions	-	-
Total regulatory deductions to Common equity Tier 1	25.115.217	26.307.305
Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1)	186.950.550	173.666.851

ADDITIONAL TIER 1 CAPITAL	Current Period	Prior Period
Preferred shares that are not included in Common Equity Tier 1 capital and related shares issue premiums	-	-
Eligible debt instruments and relevant share issue premiums that are approved by the BRSA	16.413.100	19.134.830
Eligible debt instruments and relevant share issue premiums that are approved by the BRSA (For the purposes of the		
Provisional Article 4 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds)	-	-
Third parties' share in the Additional Tier I capital	-	-
Third parties' share in the Additional Tier I capital (Temporary Article 3)	-	-
Additional Tier 1 capital before regulatory deductions	16.413.100	19.134.830
Additional Tier 1 capital: regulatory deductions		
Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	-	-
Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments	-	-
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory		
consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share		
capital of the entity (amount above 10% threshold)	-	-
Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of		
regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	-	-
National specific regulatory adjustments which shall be determined by the BRSA	-	-
Regulatory Adjustments which will be deducted from Tier 1 capital during the transition period		
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not deducted from Common Equity		
Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own		
Funds (-)		
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the sub-	-	-
paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)		
Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions	-	-
	-	-
Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital	-	-
Total Additional Tier 1 capital	16.413.100	19.134.830
Total Tier 1 capital (Tier 1 capital = Common Equity Tier 1 capital + Additional Tier 1 capital)	203.363.650	192.801.681
TIER 2 CAPITAL		
Eligible debt instruments and relevant share issue premiums that are approved by the Agency	38.450.130	15.519.100
Eligible debt instruments and relevant share issue premiums that are approved by the Agency (For the purposes of the		
Provisional Article 4 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds)	-	-
Shares of Third Parties in Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Shares of Third Parties in Additional Tier I Capital (Covered by Temporary Article 3)	-	-
Provisions (Article 8 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks)	2.320.025	5.086.750
Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	40.770.155	20.605.850
Tier 2 capital: regulatory adjustments		
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank on its own Tier 2 Capital (-)	-	-
Investments of the Bank to banks that invest on the Bank's Tier 2 and components of equity issued by financial		
institutions with the conditions declared in Article 8	-	-
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory		
consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share		
capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold) (-)	-	-
Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory		
consolidation (net of eligible short positions) (-)	-	-
National specific regulatory adjustments which shall be determined by the BRSA	-	-
Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	-	
		-
L'Infal Lier Z canital	40 770 155	20 605 850
Total Tier 2 capital Total Capital (The sum of Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital)	40.770.155	20.605.850
Total Capital (The sum of Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital)	40.770.155 243.947.670	20.605.850 213.264.762
Total Capital (The sum of Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital) The Sum of Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital (Total Capital)	243.947.670	213.264.762
Total Capital (The sum of Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital) The Sum of Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital (Total Capital) Credits extended contrary to the provisions of Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law		
Total Capital (The sum of Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital) The Sum of Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital (Total Capital) Credits extended contrary to the provisions of Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking	243.947.670	213.264.762
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Total Capital (The sum of Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital) The Sum of Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital (Total Capital) Credits extended contrary to the provisions of Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than Five Years ⁽¹⁾ National specific regulatory adjustments which shall be determined by the BRSA	243.947.670	213.264.762
Total Capital (The sum of Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital) The Sum of Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital (Total Capital) The Sum of Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital (Total Capital) Credits extended contrary to the provisions of Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than Five Years ⁽¹⁾ National specific regulatory adjustments which shall be determined by the BRSA Regulatory Adjustments which will be deducted from Total Capital during the transition period	243.947.670 22.751	213.264.762 19.261
Total Capital (The sum of Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital) The Sum of Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital (Total Capital) Credits extended contrary to the provisions of Articles 50 and 51 of the Banking Law Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than Five Years ⁽¹⁾ National specific regulatory adjustments which shall be determined by the BRSA Regulatory Adjustments which will be deducted from Total Capital during the transition period Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory	243.947.670 22.751	213.264.762 19.261
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Notes to consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2024

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

OWN FUNDS	Current Period	Prior Perioc
Total Capital (The sum of Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital) ⁽²⁾	243.947.670	213.264.762
Total Risk Weighted Assets ⁽³⁾	1.550.345.489	1.115.540.87
CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS		
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	12,06	15,57
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	13,12	17,28
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	15,74	19,12
BUFFERS		
Institution specific buffer requirement of the Bank (a+b+c)	3,558	3,55
a)Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2,500	2,50
b)Bank's specific countercyclical buffer requirement (%)	0,058	0,05
c)Systemically important Bank buffer	1,000	1,00
The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier 1 capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the Article 4		
of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital buffers to Risk Weighted Assets (%)	7,117	11,06
Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting)		
Non-significant investments in the capital of other financials	1.148.908	972.92
Significant investments in the common stock of financials	8.222.311	7.069.17
Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	-	
Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	15.589.724	16.986.23
Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 capital		
General provisions for standard based receivables (before ten thousand twenty five limitation)	3.174.425	5.230.27
Up to 1,25% of total risk-weighted amount of general provisions for receivables where the standard approach used	2.222.098	2.456.02
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in		
accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	139.899	3.758.17
Excess amount of total provision amount to 0,6% of risk weighted receivables of credit risk Amount of the Internal		
Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	97.927	2.630.72

(1) According to the "Regulation Regarding to changes on Regulation on Banks' Shareholders' Equity" published in Official Gazette No.30121 on July 11, 2017, related article has been abolished.

In the calculation of Capital Adequacy Ratios, the negative valuation differences on securities acquired before January 1, 2024 classified under "securities at fair value through other comprehensive income" are not taken into consideration in the calculation of own funds according to BRSA note no: 10747 dated December 12, 2023.

(3) In the calculation of credit risk, foreign exchange rate is the rate that used in the preparation of financial statements as of June 26, 2023, according to BRSA note no: 10747 dated December 12, 2023.

1.2. Information on debt instruments included in the calculation of equity:

	1	2	3	4	5
Lender (1,2), Issuer (3,4,5)	Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.	Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.	Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.	Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.	Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.
Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	XS2796491681 / US984848AS09	XS2741069996 / US984848AR26	XS2286436451 / US984848AN12	TRSYKBK62914	TRSYKBK92911
Governing law(s) of the instrument	English Law /Turkish Law	English Law /Turkish Law	English Law /Turkish Law	BRSA /CMB / Turkish Law	BRSA /CMB / Turkish Law
	•	Regulatory treatment	•		•
Transitional Basel III rules	No	No	No	No	No
Eligible at stand-alone / consolidated	Stand-alone -Consolidated	Stand-alone Consolidated	Stand-alone -Consolidated	Stand-alone -Consolidated	Stand-alone -Consolidated
Instrument type (types to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Bond	Bond	Bond	Bond	Bond
Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Currency in mil, as of most recent reporting date)	16.413	21.337	16.413	400	300
Par value of instrument	16.413	21.337	16.413	500	300
	Liability-	Liability –	Liability-	Liability –	Liability –
Accounting classification	Subordinated Loans-	Subordinated Loans-	Subordinated Loans-	Subordinated Loans-	Subordinated Loans-
	amortised cost	amortised cost	amortised cost	amortised cost	amortised cost
Original date of issuance	April 4, 2024	January 17, 2024	January 22, 2021	July 3, 2019	October 3, 2019
Perpetual or dated	Perpetual	Dated	Dated	Dated	Dated
Original maturity date	-	10 years	10 years	10 years	10 years
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	In case of not calling within the period of April 4, 2029 - July 4,2029, call option is available every six	5 years	5 years	After 5th year	After 5th year
	months following the coupon payment dates	-		-	
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	1	-	-	After 5th year	After 5th year
		Coupons / dividends			
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Floating	Floating
Coupon rate and any related index	First 5 years 9,743% fixed, second 5 years U.S. five year treasury bond rate +549.90 basis points	First 5 years 9,25% fixed, second 5 years U.S. five year treasury bond rate +527.80 basis points	First 5 years 7,875% fixed, second 5 years U.S. five year treasury bond rate +741.50 basis points	TLREF index change +1,93 %	TLREF index change + 1,30%
Existence of a dividend stopper	No interest accrue after the date of value decrease for the decreased amount	No interest accrue after the date of value decrease for the decreased amount	No interest accrue after the date of value decrease for the decreased amount	No interest accrue after the date of value decrease for the decreased amount	No interest accrue after the date of value decrease for the decreased amount
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Discretionary	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	-	-	-	-	-
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
	•	Convertible or non-convertible	le		•
If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	-	-	-	-	-
If convertible, fully or partially	-	-	-	-	-
If convertible, conversion rate	-	-	-	-	-
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	-	-	-	-	-
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	-	-	-	-	-
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	-	-	-	-	-
		Write-down feature		•	
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	In case of default/ Common Equity Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio of the bank falls below 5,125%	In case of default	In case of default	In case there is a possibility that the official authorization of the Bank is cancelled or the Bank shares are transferred to SDIF	In case there is a possibility that the official authorization of the Bank is cancelled or the Bank shares are transferred to SDIF
If write-down, full or partial	Partial and complete	Partial and complete	Partial and complete	Partial and complete	Partial and complete
If write-down, permanent or temporary	Temporary	Permanent	Permanent	Permanent	Permanent
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	In case of cancellation of default/ Common Equity Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio of the bank is higher than 5,125%	-	-	-	-
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	After the senior creditors, and the TIER 2	After the senior creditors, before the TIER 1 subdebt, same with TIER 2	After the senior creditors, before the TIER 1 subdebt, same with TIER 2	After the senior creditors, before the TIER 1 subdebt, same with TIER 2	After the senior creditors, before the TIER 1 subdebt, same with TIER 2
In compliance with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"	No	No	No	No	No
Details of incompliances with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"	-	-	-		-

1.3. There are differences between the figures in the own funds and their corresponding amounts in the balance sheet. Within this context; gains that are related to cash flow hedge transactions are not considered in the own funds. In addition, the negative valuation differences on securities acquired before January 1, 2024 classified under "securities at fair value through other comprehensive income" are not taken into consideration in the calculation of own funds according to BRSA note no: 10747 dated December 12, 2023.

2. Explanations on Consolidation Based Risk Management:

Notes and explanations in this section have been prepared in accordance with the Communiqué on Disclosures about Risk Management to be announced to Public by Banks that have been published in Official Gazette no. 29511 on October 23, 2015 and became effective as of March 31, 2016.

2.1. General Information on Risk Management and Risk Weighted Amount

As of June 30, 2021, the Parent Bank has started to calculate its credit risk, which is subject to the regulatory capital adequacy ratio reporting, with the Internal Rating-Based (IRB) approach. Foundation IRB approach is used for the corporate exposure class and advanced IRB approach is used for the retail exposure class as determined by "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratios of Banks".

2.1.1 Overview of Risk Weighted Assets

		Risk Weighted Assets		Minimum Capital Requirements
		Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk) (CCR)	1.333.719.329	976.167.760	106.697.546
2	Of which standardised approach (SA)	169.552.429	126.209.397	13.564.194
3	Of which internal rating-based (IRB) approach	1.164.166.900	849.958.363	93.133.352
4	Counterparty credit risk	11.526.692	14.257.094	922.135
5	Of which standardised approach for counterparty credit risk (SA-CCR)	11.526.692	14.257.094	922.135
6	Of which internal model method (IMM)	-	-	-
7	Equity positions in banking book under market-based approach	-	-	-
8	Equity investments in funds - look-through approach	47.084	40.504	3.767
9	Equity investments in funds - mandate-based approach	-	-	-
10	Equity investments in funds - fall-back approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitisation exposures in banking book	-	-	-
13	Of which IRB ratings-based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	Of which IRB Supervisory Formula Approach (SFA)	-	-	-
15	Of which SA/simplified supervisory formula approach (SSFA)	-	-	-
16	Market risk	18.313.753	14.512.699	1.465.100
17	Of which standardised approach (SA)	18.313.753	14.512.699	1.465.100
18	Of which internal model approaches (IMM)	-	-	-
19	Operational risk	169.906.912	99.403.270	13.592.553
20	Of which Basic Indicator Approach	169.906.912	99.403.270	13.592.553
21	Of which Standardised Approach	-	-	-
22	Of which Advanced Measurement Approach	-	-	-
23	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% risk weight)	16.831.719	11.159.544	1.346.538
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	-
25	TOTAL (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	1.550.345.489	1.115.540.871	124.027.639

2.1.2. Credit quality of assets

According to the BRSA Regulation "Regulation on the procedures and principles for the determination of qualification of loans and other receivables by Banks and provision to be set aside" in the cases:

- For which recovery of principal or interest or both delays for more than ninety days from their terms or due dates or;
- Which have limited means for total recovery because debtors' equity or guarantees extended by them are found inadequate to cover payment of debts on respective terms and are likely to lead to losses in case any such problems observed are not solved or;
- For which debtors have suffered deterioration in their creditworthiness and credits have suffered weakness consequently or;
- For which it is believed that recovery by banks of principal or interest or both would delay for more than ninety days from their terms or due dates due to reasons such as problems encountered by debtors over operating capital financing or additional liquidity creation,

loans and receivables are classified as 'non performing loans' and are transferred to non performing loan accounts. Within the scope of the same regulation, these loans are set aside for the expected credit loss according to the internal models developed by the Bank.

In accordance with the regulation; in the event that failure to meet payment obligations towards banks stems from temporary liquidity difficulties related to the loans and other receivables as part of the principles of classification, loans and other receivables including any overdue interest may be restructured or subject to a new redemption plan for the purpose of providing debtors with liquidity capability and ensuring recovery of receivables by bank.

		Gross carrying values of as per TAS Allowances/			
	Current Period	Defaulted exposures	Non-defaulted exposures	impairments	Net values
1	Loans	33.720.955	1.231.385.740	42.354.442	1.222.752.253
2	Debt Securities	-	496.142.337	391.545	495.750.792
3	Off-balance sheet exposures	5.743.713	1.688.315.092	2.629.605	1.691.429.200
4	Total	39.464.668	3.415.843.169	45.375.592	3.409.932.245

		Gross carrying valu	ies of as per TAS	Allowances/	Net values
	Prior Period	Defaulted exposures	Non-defaulted exposures	impairments	Thet values
1	Loans	28.587.292	964.218.184	41.314.247	951.491.229
2	Debt Securities	-	417.410.688	969.230	416.441.458
3	Off-balance sheet exposures	2.028.872	1.182.875.758	3.294.465	1.181.610.165
4	Total	30.616.164	2.564.504.630	45.577.942	2.549.542.852

2.1.3. Changes in stock of defaulted loans and debt securities:

		Current	Prior
		Period	Period
1	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the previous reporting period	30.616.164	23.697.763
2	Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting period	17.755.770	19.230.377
3	Returned to non-defaulted status (-)	54.170	78.940
4	Amounts written off (-)	2.068.170	3.160.395
5	Other changes	(6.784.926)	(9.072.641)
6	Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the reporting period (1+2-3-4±5)	39.464.668	30.616.164

2.1.4. Credit risk mitigation techniques – overview:

Current Period	Exposures unsecured: carrying amount as per TAS	Exposures secured by collateral	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by collateral	Exposures secured by financial guarantees	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by financial guarantees	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by credit derivatives
Loans	1.130.775.200	91.977.053	70.230.249	2.047.337	1.689.086	-	-
Debt securities	495.750.792	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1.626.525.992	91.977.053	70.230.249	2.047.337	1.689.086	-	-
Of which defaulted	12.033.139	1.118.930	777.817	375.897	190.102	-	-

Prior Period	Exposures unsecured: carrying amount as per TAS	Exposures secured by collateral	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by collateral	Exposures secured by financial guarantees	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by financial guarantees	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by credit derivatives
Loans	878.000.046	73.491.183	56.236.768	1.689.445	1.416.070	-	-
Debt securities	416.441.458	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1.294.441.504	73.491.183	56.236.768	1.689.445	1.416.070	-	-
Of which defaulted	4.960.584	3.909.868	2.867.556	446.094	256.814	-	-

2.1.5. Standardised approach – Credit risk exposure and credit risk mitigation (CRM) effects:

Current Period	Exposures before	CCF and CRM	Exposures post-	CCF and CRM	RWA and R	WA density
	On-balance	Off-balance	On-balance	Off-balance		
Asset classes	sheet amount	sheet amount	sheet amount	sheet amount	RWA	RWA density
 Exposures to central governments or central 						
banks	715.218.205	263	717.097.393	32.188	537.495	0,07%
2 Exposures to regional governments or local						
authorities	2.869.890	-	2.864.314	-	1.432.157	50%
3 Exposures to public sector entities	2.892.986	381.728	2.892.983	87.706	2.980.689	100%
4 Exposures to multilateral development banks	1.687.095	685.169	1.687.095	486.529	-	-
5 Conditional and unconditional receivables						
from banks and brokerage houses	138.647.450	52.700.638	138.484.970	14.538.899	51.345.244	33,55%
6 Exposures to institutions	84.867.195	79.246.778	82.991.965	15.957.320	88.930.040	89,87%
7 Exposures to corporates	10.340.512	3.441.474	9.715.263	177.362	7.428.187	75,09%
8 Retail exposures	65.285	8.231	65.285	4.116	24.325	35,05%
9 Exposures secured by residential property	1.027.898	1.293.797	1.027.898	646.898	864.392	51,61%
10 Exposures secured by commercial real estate	3.552.488	-	3.374.989	-	3.275.121	97,04%
11 Past-due loans	5.581.667	937.478	5.569.012	16.294	8.465.993	151,58%
12 Higher-risk categories by the agency board	50.433	-	50.433	-	47.084	93,36%
13 Investments in equities	8.059.902	-	8.059.902	-	18.158.934	225,30%
14 Other assets	22.325.863	-	22.325.863	-	2.941.571	13,18%
Total	997.186.869	138.695.556	996.207.365	31.947.312	186.431.232	18,13%

	Prior Period	Exposures before	CCF and CRM	Exposures post-	CCF and CRM	RWA and R	WA density
	Asset classes	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	RWA	RWA density
1	Exposures to central governments or central						
	banks	545.163.047	122	546.835.931	56.364	287.212	0,05%
2	Exposures to regional governments or local						
	authorities	1.259.026	-	1.253.450	-	626.725	50,00%
3	Exposures to public sector entities	2.123.825	298.265	2.123.767	99.798	2.223.565	100,00%
4	Exposures to multilateral development banks	1.243.438	114.614	1.243.438	62.453	-	-
5	Conditional and unconditional receivables						
	from banks and brokerage houses	106.015.441	26.234.321	106.014.580	10.301.824	43.098.237	37,05%
6	Exposures to institutions	62.039.774	67.058.960	60.852.405	13.510.149	65.252.818	87,75%
7	Exposures to corporates	8.601.810	2.201.861	7.835.685	135.356	6.001.208	75,29%
8	Retail exposures	28.489	21.301	28.189	10.620	13.612	35,07%
9	Exposures secured by residential property	2.222	467.970	2.222	233.985	124.928	52,89%
10	Exposures secured by commercial real estate	210.223	-	124.541	-	87.066	69,91%
11	Past-due loans	2.637.225	702.518	2.465.934	8.859	3.712.602	150,02%
12	Higher-risk categories by the agency board	54.376	-	54.376	-	40.504	74,49%
13	Investments in equities	5.317.372	-	5.317.372	-	12.013.099	225,92%
14	Other assets	15.662.657	-	15.662.657	-	3.927.869	25,08%
	Total	750.358.925	97.099.932	749.814.547	24.419.408	137.409.445	17,75%

2.1.6. Standard Approach: Receivables by risk classes and risk weights:

Current Period												
Asset classes/ Risk weight	0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	250%	1250%	Total credit risk exposure amount (after CCF and CRM)
1 Exposures to central governments or central banks	716.264.986	-	-	-	654.200	-	210.395	-	-	-	-	717.129.581
2 Exposures to regional governments or local authorities	-	-	-	-	2.864.314	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.864.314
3 Exposures to public sector entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.980.689	-	-	-	-	2.980.689
4 Exposures to multilateral development banks	2.173.624	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.173.624
5 Conditional and unconditional receivables from banks and brokerage houses	-	-	87.366.826	-	63.570.328	-	2.086.715	-	-	-	-	153.023.869
6 Exposures to institutions	-	-	273	-	20.038.054	-	78.910.958	-	-	-	-	98.949.285
7 Exposures to corporates	-	-	-	-	-	9.857.751	34.874	-	-	-	-	9.892.625
8 Retail exposures	-	-	-	69.314	-	87	-	-	-	-	-	69.401
9 Exposures secured by residential property	-	-	-	-	1.620.808	-	53.988	-	-	-	-	1.674.796
10 Exposures secured by commercial real estate	-	-	-	-	199.736	-	3.175.253	-	-	-	-	3.374.989
11 Past-due loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.409.237	176.069	-	-	5.585.306
12 Higher-risk categories by the agency board	617	-	1.965	-	2.321	-	45.530	-	-	-	-	50.433
13 Investments in equities	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.327.214	-	-	6.732.688	-	8.059.902
14 Other assets	19.384.292	-	-	-	-	-	2.941.571	-	-	-	-	22.325.863
Total	737.823.519	-	87.369.064	69.314	88.949.761	9.857.838	91.767.187	5.409.237	176.069	6.732.688	-	1.028.154.677

Prior Period												
Asset classes/ Risk weight	0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	250%	1250%	Total credit risk exposure amount (after CCF and CRM)
1 Exposures to central governments or central banks	546.418.906	-	-	-	372.353	-	101.036	-	-	-	-	546.892.295
2 Exposures to regional governments or local authorities	-	-	-	-	1.253.450	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.253.450
3 Exposures to public sector entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.223.565	-	-	-	-	2.223.565
4 Exposures to multilateral development banks	1.305.891	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.305.891
5 Conditional and unconditional receivables from banks and brokerage houses	-	-	65.340.931	-	41.890.845	-	9.084.628	-	-	-	-	116.316.404
6 Exposures to institutions	-	-	236.679	-	17.840.786	-	56.285.089	-	-	-	-	74.362.554
7 Exposures to corporates	-	-	-	-	-	7.879.339	91.702	-	-	-	-	7.971.041
8 Retail exposures	-	-	-	38.738	-	71	-	-	-	-	-	38.809
9 Exposures secured by residential property	-	-	-	-	222.559	-	13.648	-	-	-	-	236.207
10 Exposures secured by commercial real estate	-	-	-	-	74.951	-	49.590	-	-	-	-	124.541
11 Past-due loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.473.968	825	-	-	2.474.793
12 Higher-risk categories by the agency board	3.129	-	8.038	-	8.625	-	34.584	-	-	-	-	54.376
13 Investments in equities	-	-	-	-	-	-	853.554	-	-	4.463.818	-	5.317.372
14 Other assets	11.734.788	-	-	-	-	-	3.927.869	-	-	-	-	15.662.657
Total	559.462.714	-	65.585.648	38.738	61.663.569	7.879.410	72.665.265	2.473.968	825	4.463.818	-	774.233.955

2.1.7. IRB Approach: Credit Risk Amounts by Portfolio and PD Ranges:

Current Period													
Foundation IRB	PD Range	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet	Average	Exposures post-	Average	Number of	Average	Average	Risk Weighted	RWA	Expected Loss	Provisions
			amount	CCF	CCF and CRM	PD	Customers	LGD	Maturity	Assets	Density		
	0-0,15	107.750.111	244.901.338	51,46%	233.786.541	0,07%	32.809	43,96%	1,50	45.045.395	19,27%	74.837	106.613
	0,15-0,25	18.919.267	28.451.599	53,44%	34.124.224	0,20%	30.066	43,24%	1,42	13.039.587	38,21%	31.421	22.318
	0,25-0,5	40.202.227	51.467.315	47,90%	64.854.539	0,36%	11.023	42,85%	1,41	34.826.245	53,70%	104.451	64.465
	0,5-0,75	25.810.956	29.264.721	52,08%	41.053.086	0,62%	13.441	43,19%	1,39	28.662.913	69,82%	115.147	86.373
Exposures to	0,75-2,5	113.601.114	68.472.117	46,70%	145.576.729	1,46%	23.278	41,45%	1,57	137.776.792	94,64%	957.148	1.901.762
corporates	2,5-10	38.642.946	33.103.259	37,86%	51.176.510	4,87%	13.614	42,15%	1,34	70.685.259	138,12%	1.122.251	733.204
	10-100	19.366.552	2.906.679	41,67%	20.577.722	16,90%	2.047	42,80%	1,40	44.138.209	214,50%	1.564.584	1.813.404
	100 (default)	7.322.901	4.039.980	22,75%	8.242.117	100,00%	4.772	42,99%	2,50	-	0,00%	6.008.386	5.122.758
	Subtotal	371.616.074	462.607.008	49,24%	599.391.468	2,85%	126.134	42,93%	1,49	374.174.400	62,43%	9.978.225	9.850.897

Advanced IRB	PD Range	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet	Average	Exposures post-	Average	Number of	Average	Average	Risk Weighted	RWA	Expected Loss	Provisions
			amount	CCF	CCF and CRM	PD	Customers	LGD	Maturity	Assets	Density		
	0-0,15	34.147.963	174.739.392	51,79%	124.645.388	0,10%	1.176.799	47,39%	-	4.380.110	3,51%	57.043	34.507
	0,15-0,25	39.992.288	197.408.295	51,80%	142.253.708	0,19%	1.743.207	47,29%	-	8.860.802	6,23%	129.564	72.970
	0,25-0,5	13.217.447	51.254.704	51,88%	39.806.239	0,33%	504.308	47,28%	-	3.903.338	9,81%	61.958	32.236
Qualifying	0,5-0,75	35.261.673	116.226.809	51,93%	95.616.485	0,64%	1.218.245	47,28%	-	16.052.995	16,79%	289.901	125.119
Revolving	0,75-2,5	46.982.937	118.380.136	52,06%	108.611.744	1,48%	1.750.124	47,14%	-	34.174.977	31,47%	757.613	325.193
Retail Exposures	2,5-10	50.525.768	51.763.529	52,69%	77.799.307	5,08%	1.916.246	46,71%	-	57.649.507	74,10%	1.840.034	809.243
	10-100	10.263.525	1.472.597	54,95%	11.072.685	30,53%	401.332	46,02%	-	20.413.516	184,36%	1.560.081	659.294
	100 (default)	319.158	138	59,93%	319.241	100,00%	9.839	58,28%	-	43.429	13,60%	183.789	40.875
	Subtotal	230.710.759	711.245.600	51,94%	600.124.797	1,73%	8.720.100	47,19%	-	145.478.674	24,24%	4.879.983	2.099.437
	0-0,15	9.788.650	43.065.954	49,23%	30.991.900	0,09%	145.976	51,10%	-	4.274.639	13,82%	14.778	22.129
	0,15-0,25	8.011.764	21.635.777	50,46%	18.928.974	0,20%	157.279	50,89%	-	4.712.619	25,32%	18.820	26.736
	0,25-0,5	12.633.227	26.552.734	44,53%	24.457.731	0,35%	140.103	53,20%	-	8.628.983	35,44%	45.319	32.992
	0,5-0,75	10.523.768	14.699.181	49,74%	17.834.699	0,63%	122.535	51,42%	-	9.200.944	53,03%	56.395	47.997
Retail SME	0,75-2,5	33.847.349	33.426.257	45,17%	48.945.701	1,46%	254.644	51,51%	-	33.733.802	69,53%	364.885	170.792
Exposures	2,5-10	26.060.866	11.778.037	44,53%	31.305.201	5,06%	190.155	50,48%	-	27.749.540	88,78%	791.887	312.317
	10-100	10.323.924	2.209.940	35,84%	11.115.910	21,90%	55.859	48,37%	-	12.848.577	115,35%	1.176.719	399.690
	100 (default)	2.469.284	676.370	22,73%	2.623.010	100,00%	43.621	76,67%	-	411.167	15,03%	1.975.805	2.605.464
	Subtotal	113.658.832	154.044.250	47,09%	186.203.126	4,12%	915.908	51,59%	-	101.560.271	54,86%	4.444.608	3.618.117
	0-0,15	3.982.772	35.581.683	83,91%	33.840.130	0,10%	1.406.012	58,22%	-	5.182.510	15,73%	18.519	14.347
	0,15-0,25	14.567.348	49.774.397	84,02%	56.389.207	0,19%	1.705.679	58,67%	-	15.214.259	28,26%	61.039	39.477
	0,25-0,5	6.781.357	18.102.992	84,18%	22.020.266	0,33%	552.722	58,65%	-	8.889.490	41,49%	40.980	23.178
	0,5-0,75	31.767.294	34.450.091	84,50%	60.877.390	0,65%	1.152.771	59,37%	-	41.866.913	71,00%	226.538	97.409
Other Retail	0,75-2,5	56.484.540	36.454.500	85,13%	87.518.045	1,50%	1.581.191	60,21%	-	93.177.603	107,97%	782.235	318.045
Exposures	2,5-10	68.980.610	11.396.338	88,76%	79.096.078	5,26%	1.422.738	60,79%	-	118.470.945	150,62%	2.517.441	939.523
	10-100	17.512.125	231.297	129,83%	17.812.422	30,73%	316.077	61,52%	-	46.495.812	263,36%	3.331.059	1.209.968
	100 (default)	13.837.801	8.174	30,30%	13.840.278	100,00%	191.930	73,63%	-	1.139.769	8,06%	10.102.405	9.281.530
	Subtotal	213.913.847	185.999.472	84,67%	371.393.816	7,00%	8.313.717	60,28%	-	330.437.301	91,07%	17.080.216	11.923.477
	Retail Total	558.283.438	1.051.289.322	57,02%	1.157.721.739	3,75%	12.393.709	51,63%	-	577.476.246	49,88%	26.404.807	17.641.031
Other Items	Subtotal	118.281.540	-	-	118.281.540	-	2		-	96.891.006	83,11%	-	-

IRB Approach: Credit Risk Amounts by Portfolio and PD Ranges:

Prior Period													
Foundation IRB	PD Range	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	Average CCF	Exposures post- CCF and CRM	Average PD	Number of Customers	Average LGD	Average Maturity	Risk Weighted Assets	RWA Density	Expected Loss	Provisions
	0-0,15	60.459.577	157.551.108	53,96%	145.471.871	0,07%	29.052	43,84%	1,55	28.877.094	19,85%	46.099	87.554
	0,15-0,25	9.117.793	19.516.113	58,83%	20.599.449	0,20%	30.457	42,50%	1,39	7.435.044	36,09%	18.971	28.513
	0,25-0,5	30.596.048	39.379.179	47,03%	49.114.159	0,35%	12.249	42,19%	1,41	26.054.609	53,05%	77.969	102.971
	0,5-0,75	15.039.696	15.013.430	55,42%	23.360.385	0,62%	17.450	41,93%	1,31	16.147.057	69,12%	65.291	44.217
Exposures to	0,75-2,5	90.547.804	55.148.384	46,55%	116.216.670	1,50%	23.424	41,41%	1,62	111.805.360	96,20%	786.764	4.760.783
corporates	2,5-10	27.030.614	35.698.001	39,04%	40.966.132	4,96%	13.603	41,70%	1,38	55.418.918	135,28%	913.498	775.777
	10-100	9.899.941	5.259.687	32,76%	11.623.197	16,07%	1.772	39,97%	1,28	22.924.696	197,23%	840.563	578.838
	100 (default)	15.324.300	903.284	25,38%	15.553.528	100,00%	5.265	39,30%	2,50	-	0,00%	11.515.408	10.850.391
	Subtotal	258.015.773	328.469.186	50,20%	422.905.391	5,12%	128.264	42,33%	1,54	268.662.778	63,53%	14.264.563	17.229.044

Advanced IRB	PD Range	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet	Average	Exposures post-	Average	Number of	Average	Average	Risk Weighted	RWA	Expected Loss	Provisions
			amount	CCF	CCF and CRM	PD	Customers	LGD	Maturity	Assets	Density		
	0-0,15	25.707.849	111.544.486	51,83%	83.516.266	0,10%	1.133.505	47,26%	-	2.971.538	3,56%	38.112	10.238
	0,15-0,25	29.801.222	123.629.624	51,85%	93.898.096	0,19%	1.639.783	47,10%	-	5.926.095	6,31%	85.184	22.561
	0,25-0,5	9.665.225	30.061.480	51,96%	25.284.343	0,33%	443.249	47,10%	-	2.527.327	10,00%	39.206	10.320
Qualifying	0,5-0,75	27.051.529	72.821.293	52,02%	64.933.990	0,64%	1.128.864	47,12%	-	11.161.780	17,19%	196.473	41.094
Revolving	0,75-2,5	36.196.415	75.518.871	52,19%	75.606.560	1,47%	1.681.608	46,88%	-	24.264.197	32,09%	521.149	130.861
Retail Exposures	2,5-10	36.488.561	29.003.465	53,02%	51.865.033	5,07%	1.839.194	46,25%	-	39.166.255	75,52%	1.211.055	380.544
	10-100	6.540.405	833.800	55,50%	7.003.192	30,05%	370.458	45,26%	-	12.472.298	178,09%	954.807	314.049
	100 (default)	204.371	94	57,01%	204.425	100,00%	9.701	57,77%	-	25.182	12,32%	116.685	16.957
	Subtotal	171.655.577	443.413.113	52,02%	402.311.905	1,69%	8.246.362	46,96%	-	98.514.672	24,49%	3.162.671	926.624
	0-0,15	6.879.695	30.229.750	47,88%	21.354.651	0,09%	124.663	50,53%	-	2.863.704	13,45%	9.835	19.530
	0,15-0,25	5.764.203	14.224.618	48,65%	12.684.863	0,20%	146.699	50,35%	-	3.096.519	25,11%	12.398	18.884
	0,25-0,5	10.350.266	20.656.841	43,28%	19.291.472	0,35%	138.012	52,17%	-	6.671.069	34,81%	35.127	40.171
	0,5-0,75	8.204.354	10.360.482	47,57%	13.132.535	0,63%	122.579	50,97%	-	6.549.872	51,91%	40.557	37.429
Retail SME	0,75-2,5	28.906.888	25.854.504	43,50%	40.152.417	1,48%	250.860	50,37%	-	26.828.923	67,58%	293.752	201.612
Exposures	2,5-10	22.950.320	9.442.108	43,03%	27.013.261	5,10%	183.354	49,36%	-	23.108.981	85,71%	672.808	384.188
	10-100	7.632.927	1.911.269	37,02%	8.340.424	20,13%	48.314	48,04%	-	9.360.660	112,01%	805.953	325.249
	100 (default)	2.326.572	573.610	22,49%	2.455.562	100,00%	44.614	78,16%	-	349.125	13,77%	1.892.187	2.534.893
	Subtotal	93.015.225	113.253.182	45,39%	144.425.185	4,41%	873.533	50,84%	-	78.828.853	55,09%	3.762.617	3.561.956
	0-0,15	3.254.468	17.629.219	83,92%	18.049.567	0,10%	1.326.660	57,84%	-	2.714.628	15,80%	9.608	7.697
	0,15-0,25	11.923.996	26.069.337	84,05%	33.834.905	0,19%	1.605.158	58,44%	-	8.775.889	28,24%	35.200	22.171
	0,25-0,5	5.060.483	9.985.549	84,23%	13.471.619	0,32%	514.520	58,32%	-	5.279.857	41,06%	24.467	13.680
	0,5-0,75	23.564.427	19.748.700	84,52%	40.255.802	0,65%	1.117.343	59,20%	-	26.482.179	69,20%	147.112	49.121
Other Retail	0,75-2,5	42.563.465	20.638.506	85,14%	60.135.400	1,51%	1.522.653	60,03%	-	61.908.558	105,44%	533.509	153.905
Exposures	2,5-10	59.100.241	6.504.176	88,89%	64.881.989	5,48%	1.388.250	60,87%	-	94.859.825	147,20%	2.149.861	522.859
-	10-100	14.716.666	164.905	123,11%	14.919.684	30,44%	299.833	61,59%	-	35.956.173	242,87%	2.770.537	763.429
	100 (default)	8.963.115	7.467	36,56%	8.965.846	100,00%	174.674	75,80%	-	672.225	7,26%	6.742.747	6.311.746
	Subtotal	169.146.861	100.747.859	84,73%	254.514.812	7,49%	7.935.175	60,37%	-	236.649.334	96,52%	12.413.041	7.844.608
	Retail Total	433.817.663	657.414.154	55,89%	801.251.902	3,93%	11.764.765	51,21%	-	413.992.859	51,67%	19.338.329	12.333.188
Other Items	Subtotal	82.549.994	-	-	82.549.994	-	2	-	-	66.709.358	80,76%	-	-

2.1.8. IRB: The effect of credit derivatives used as CRM technique on RWA

	Current Period	RWA – PRE	
	Current reriou	Credit Derivatives	Actual RWA
1	Exposures to central governments or central banks -Foundation IRB	-	-
2	Exposures to central governments or central banks -Advanced IRB	-	-
3	Exposures to banks and financial institutions - Foundation IRB	-	-
4	Exposures to banks and financial institutions - Advanced IRB	-	-
5	Exposures to corporates -Foundation IRB	376.069.724	376.069.724
6	Exposures to corporates - Advanced IRB	-	-
7	Specialised Lending - Foundation IRB	-	-
8	Specialised Lending - Advanced IRB	116.308.838	116.308.838
9	Retail exposures - Qualifying revolving	145.478.674	145.478.674
10	Retail exposures - secured by real estate	3.786.139	3.786.139
11	Retail exposures - SME	100.505.112	100.505.112
12	Retail Exposures - Other	327.707.027	327.707.027
13	Investments in equities - Foundation IRB	-	-
14	Investments in equities - Advanced IRB	-	-
15	Purchased Receivables - Foundation IRB	-	-
16	Purchased Receivables - Advanced IRB	-	-
17	Other Items - Advanced IRB	96.891.006	96.891.006
	Total	1.166.746.520	1.166.746.520

	Duine Dunie d	RWA – PRE	
	Prior Period	Credit Derivatives	Actual RWA
1	Exposures to central governments or central banks -Foundation IRB	-	-
2	Exposures to central governments or central banks -Advanced IRB	-	-
3	Exposures to banks and financial institutions - Foundation IRB	-	-
4	Exposures to banks and financial institutions - Advanced IRB	-	-
5	Exposures to corporates -Foundation IRB	270.495.684	270.495.684
6	Exposures to corporates - Advanced IRB	-	-
7	Specialised Lending - Foundation IRB	-	-
8	Specialised Lending - Advanced IRB	101.324.821	101.324.821
9	Retail exposures - Qualifying revolving	98.514.672	98.514.672
10	Retail exposures - secured by real estate	3.734.310	3.734.310
11	Retail exposures - SME	77.802.811	77.802.811
12	Retail Exposures - Other	233.942.348	233.942.348
13	Investments in equities - Foundation IRB	-	-
14	Investments in equities - Advanced IRB	-	-
15	Purchased Receivables - Foundation IRB	-	-
16	Purchased Receivables - Advanced IRB	-	-
17	Other Items - Advanced IRB	66.709.358	66.709.358
	Total	852.524.004	852.524.004

2.1.9. RWA Movement Table Under IRB Approach⁽¹⁾

 Previous Period Closing Amount Changes in Volume Changes in Asset Quality Model Updates 		
3 Changes in Asset Quality	849.958.363	556.692.068
	232.301.997	215.651.230
4 Model Updates	(1.225.058)	38.370.235
	· · · · ·	(36.176.926)
5 Policy and Regulatory Changes	83.131.598	75.421.756
6 Purchasing and Selling	-	-
7 FX Difference	-	-
8 Other	-	-
9 Current Period Closing Amount	1.164.166.900	849.958.363

(1) Counterparty credit risk is not included in the table.

2.1.10. IRB (Specialised lending and equity investments subject to the simple risk weight approach)

						Specialised	Lendings						
Current Period				(Besides Higl	h-volatility Co	mmercial	Real Estates)					
								Risk Amount			RWA A	Amount	Expected
Category	Remaining	On-balance	Off-balance	Counterparty	Risk	Project	Object	Commodities	Income	Total	Credit Risk	Counter	Losses
	Maturity	sheet	sheet	credit risk	Weight	Finance	Finance	Finance	Producing			Party Credit	
		amount	amount						Real Estate			Risk	
Strong	<2,5 year	2.877.085	-	-	50%	2.877.084	-	-	-	2.877.084	1.438.542	-	-
_	≥2,5 year	18.401.711	2.099.116	244.749	70%	19.075.390	-	-	-	19.075.390	13.181.449	171.324	76.302
Good	<2,5 year	8.271.333	3.222.851	354.967	70%	8.241.030	748.466	-	407.230	9.396.726	6.329.231	248.477	37.587
	≥2,5 year	28.670.721	10.780.662	132.484	90%	35.360.409	445.243	-	-	35.805.652	32.105.850	119.237	286.445
Satisfactory		53.978.961	878.301	125.697	115%	37.987.319	2.211.994	-	14.110.684	54.309.997	62.311.945	144.552	1.520.680
Weak		103.292	-	-	250%	103.292	-	-	-	103.292	258.231	-	8.263
Default		4.591.906	36.353	-	-	2.210.659	-	-	2.388.676	4.599.335	-	-	2.299.667
Total		116.895.009	17.017.283	857.897		105.855.183	3.405.703	-	16.906.590	126.167.476	115.625.248	683.590	4.228.944

						Specialised l	Lendings						
Prior Period					(Besides High	-volatility Co	mmercial R	eal Estates)					
								Risk Amount			RWA A	Amount	Expected
Category	Remaining	On-balance	Off-balance	Counterparty	Risk Weight	Project	Object	Commodities	Income	Total	Credit Risk	Counter	Losses
	Maturity	sheet	sheet	credit risk		Finance	Finance	Finance	Producing			Party Credit	
		amount	amount						Real Estate			Risk	
Strong	<2,5 year	302.209	-	2.269	50%	304.478	-	-	-	304.478	151.104	1.135	-
	≥2,5 year	12.946.602	-	212.690	70%	13.159.292	-	-	-	13.159.292	9.062.621	148.883	52.637
Good	<2,5 year	4.763.454	2.735.752	370.817	70%	5.115.539	70.568	-	507.164	5.693.271	3.725.718	259.572	22.773
	$\geq 2,5$ year	27.691.400	8.575.230	209.127	90%	31.947.121	1.051.471	-	-	32.998.592	29.510.518	188.215	263.989
Satisfactory		32.111.099	1.792.411	116.217	115%	27.941.076	1.321.337	-	3.393.370	32.655.783	37.420.502	133.648	914.362
Weak		8.285.342	18.698	-	250%	8.289.162	-	-	-	8.289.162	20.722.905	-	663.133
Default		-	32.666	-	-	6.675	-	-	-	6.675	-	-	3.337
Total		86.100.106	13.154.757	911.120		86.763.343	2.443.376	-	3.900.534	93.107.253	100.593.368	731.453	1.920.231

2.1.11. Assessment of Counterparty Credit Risk according to the models of measurement:

	Current Period	Revaluation Cost	Potential credit risk exposure	EEPE ⁽¹⁾	Alpha used for computing regulatory EAD	Exposure after credit risk mitigation	Risk Weighted Amounts
1	Standard Approach-CCR (for derivatives)	13.441.383		-	1,40	13.441.383	6.364.032
2	Internal Model Approach (for derivatives, Repo Transactions, Marketable Securities or Commodity lending or borrowing transactions, transactions with a long settlement time and Marketable Security transactions with credit Simplified Standardised Approach for Credit Risk Mitigation (Repo Transactions, Marketable Securities or Commodity lending or borrowing transactions, transactions with a long settlement time and Marketable Security transactions with credit)			-	-	-	-
4	Comprehensive Method for Credit Risk Mitigation (Repo Transactions, Marketable Securities or Commodity lending or borrowing transactions, transactions with a long settlement time and Marketable Security transactions with credit) Value at Risk for Repo Transactions, Securities or Commodity lending or borrowing transactions					15.875.523	1.538.160
	Total						7.902.192

	Prior Period	Revaluation Cost	Potential credit risk exposure	EEPE ⁽¹⁾	Alpha used for computing regulatory EAD	Exposure after credit risk mitigation	Risk Weighted Amounts
1	Standard Approach-CCR (for derivatives)	20.007.429	-	-	1,40	20.007.429	7.076.800
2	Internal Model Approach (for derivatives, Repo Transactions, Marketable Securities or Commodity lending or borrowing transactions, transactions with a long settlement time and Marketable Security transactions with credit			-	-	-	-
3	Simplified Standardised Approach for Credit Risk Mitigation (Repo Transactions, Marketable Securities or Commodity lending or borrowing transactions, transactions with a long settlement time and Marketable Security transactions with credit)					-	-
4	Comprehensive Method for Credit Risk Mitigation (Repo Transactions, Marketable Securities or Commodity lending or borrowing transactions, transactions with a long settlement time and						
5	Marketable Security transactions with credit) Value at Risk for Repo Transactions, Securities or Commodity lending or borrowing transactions					- 11.441.715	3.073.002
	Total						10.149.802

(1) Effective expected positive exposure

2.1.12. Credit valuation adjustment (CVA) capital charge:

		Current Perio	od	Prior period	
		Exposure (After credit risk mitigation methods)	Risk Weighted Amounts	Exposure (After credit risk mitigation methods)	Risk Weighted Amounts
	Total portfolio value with comprehensive approach				
	CVA capital adequacy	-	-	-	-
1	(i) Value at risk component (3*multiplier included)	-	-	-	-
2	(ii) Stressed Value at Risk (3*multiplier included) Total portfolio value with simplified approach CVA	-	-	-	-
3	capital adequacy	13.441.383	2.896.211	20.007.429	3.813.850
	Total amount of CVA capital adequacy	13.441.383	2.896.211	20.007.429	3.813.850

2.1.13. Standardised approach- CCR exposures by regulatory portfolio and risk weights:

	Current Period											
	Risk Weights/Risk Classes	0%	2%	4%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Total credit risk ⁽¹⁾
1	Central governments and											
	central banks receivables	9.699.236	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.699.236
2	Local governments and											
	municipalities receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Administrative and non											
	commercial receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Multilateral Development											
	Bank receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Banks and Intermediary											
	Institutions receivables	-	-	-	-	8.373.067	-	6.092.846	-	345.618	-	14.811.531
6	Corporate receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	255.748	-	255.748
7	Retail receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	226	-	-	226
8	Mortgage receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Non performing receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	High risk defined receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Investments in equities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	9.699.236	-	-	-	8.373.067	-	6.092.846	226	601.366	-	24.766.741

	Risk Weights/Risk Classes	0%	2%	4%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Total credit risk ⁽¹⁾
1	Central governments and											
	central banks receivables	5.224.021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.224.021
2	Local governments and											
	municipalities receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Administrative and non											
	commercial receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Multilateral Development											
	Bank receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Banks and Intermediary											
	Institutions receivables	-	-	-	-	13.793.910	-	7.974.107	-	668.606	-	22.436.623
6	Corporate receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	169.415	-	169.415
7	Retail receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	405	-	-	405
8	Mortgage receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Non performing receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	High risk defined receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Investments in equities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
12	Total	5.224.021			-	13.793.910	-	7.974.107	405	838.021	-	27.830.464

(1) Represents the risk amount after credit risk mitigation.

2.1.14. Counterparty Credit Risk Amounts by Portfolio and PD Ranges

Current Period								
Foundation IRB	PD Range	Exposures post CRM	Average PD	Number of Customers	Average LGD	Average Maturity	Risk Weighted Assets	RWA Density
	0-0,15	1.650.632	0,07%	81	45,0%	1,28	286.857	17,38%
	0,15-0,25	156.038	0,21%	4	45,0%	1,00	50.568	32,41%
	0,25-0,5	221.511	0,35%	12	45,0%	1,98	124.372	56,15%
	0,5-0,75	496.807	0,62%	4	45,0%	1,00	308.445	62,09%
Exposures to	0,75-2,5	1.142.240	1,37%	15	45,0%	1,62	1.096.367	95,98%
corporates	2,5-10	23.459	4,32%	2	45,0%	1,00	28.715	122,40%
-	10-100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	100 (default)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal	3.690.687	0,60%	118	45,0%	1,37	1.895.324	51,35%

Advanced IRB	PD Range	Exposures post CRM	Average PD	Number of Customers	Average LGD	Average Maturity	Risk Weighted Assets	RWA Density
	0-0,15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0,15-0,25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0,25-0,5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0,5-0,75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Qualifying Revolving	0,75-2,5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail Exposures	2,5-10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	10-100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	100 (default)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0-0,15	232	0,10%	1	50,5%	-	32	13,66%
	0,15-0,25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0,25-0,5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0,5-0,75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail SME	0,75-2,5	1.349	0,83%	2	50,5%	-	674	49,95%
Exposures	2,5-10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	10-100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	100 (default)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal	1.581	0,73%	3	50,5%	-	706	44,63%
	0-0,15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0,15-0,25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0,25-0,5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0,5-0,75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Retail	0,75-2,5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures	2,5-10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	10-100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	100 (default)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (All portfolios)	1.581	0,73%	3	50,5%	-	706	44,63%

Counterparty Credit Risk Amounts by Portfolio and PD Ranges

Prior Period								
Foundation IRB	PD Range	Exposures post CRM	Average PD	Number of Customers	Average LGD	Average Maturity	Risk Weighted Assets	RWA Density
	0-0,15	996.585	0,07%	112	43,59%	1,80	204.461	20,52%
1	0,15-0,25	47.347	0,21%	3	44,99%	1,00	15.341	32,40%
	0,25-0,5	15.427	0,37%	14	44,69%	1,15	7.349	47,64%
	0,5-0,75	67.087	0,62%	7	34,76%	1,00	32.175	47,96%
Exposures to	0,75-2,5	1.549.917	1,66%	36	44,98%	1,61	1.551.813	100,12%
corporates	2,5-10	19.472	3,25%	10	44,80%	1,00	21.767	111,79%
	10-100	14	12,36%	1	-	1,00	-	-
	100 (default)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal	2.695.849	1,03%	183	44,21%	1,65	1.832.906	67,99%

Advanced IRB	PD Range	Exposures post CRM	Average PD	Number of Customers	Average LGD	Average Maturity	Risk Weighted Assets	RWA Density
	0-0,15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0,15-0,25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0,25-0,5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0,5-0,75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Qualifying Revolving	0,75-2,5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail Exposures	2,5-10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	10-100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	100 (default)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0-0,15	10.592	0,05%	6	53,37%	-	866	8,18%
	0,15-0,25	186	0,21%	1	45,83%	-	37	20,05%
	0,25-0,5	603	0,38%	1	50,48%	-	199	32,92%
	0,5-0,75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail-SME	0,75-2,5	330	1,72%	3	43,46%	-	180	54,43%
Exposures	2,5-10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	10-100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	100 (default)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal	11.711	0,12%	11	52,83%	-	1.282	10,94%
	0-0,15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0,15-0,25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0,25-0,5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0,5-0,75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Retail	0,75-2,5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures	2,5-10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	10-100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	100 (default)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (All portfolios)	11.711	0,12%	11	52,83%	-	1.282	10,94%

2.1.15. Composition of collateral for CCR exposure

			Collaterals fo	r Derivatives		Collaterals or Other Transactions			
	Current Period	Collater	als Taken	Collater	rals Given	Collaterals Taken	Collaterals Given		
		Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated				
1	Cash-Local Currency	-	-	-	-	147.369.880	-		
2	Cash - Foreign Currency	-	-	-	-	14.513.012	-		
3	Domestic sovereign debts	-	-	-	-	-	171.486.305		
4	Other sovereign debts	-	-	-	-	-	20.671.899		
5	Other collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Total	-	-	-	-	161.882.892	192.158.204		

				Collaterals or Othe	er Transactions		
	Prior Period	Collater	als Taken	Collater	als Given	Collaterals Taken	Collaterals Given
		Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated		
1	Cash-Local Currency	-	-	-	-	10.141.150	-
2	Cash - Foreign Currency	-	-	-	-	23.442.947	-
3	Domestic sovereign debts	-	-	-	-	-	10.529.941
4	Other sovereign debts	-	-	-	-	-	34.325.510
5	Other collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	-	-	-	-	33.584.097	44.855.451

2.1.16. Credit derivatives exposures

	Current Per	riod	Prior Pe	eriod
	Protection Bought	Protection Sold	Protection Bought	Protection Sold
Nominal				
Single-name credit default swaps	-	-	-	-
Index credit default swaps	-	-	-	-
Total return swaps	-	74.612.832	-	71.331.874
Credit Options	-	-	-	-
Other Credit Derivatives	-	-	-	-
Total Nominal	-	74.612.832	-	71.331.874
Rediscount Amount	-	(1.228.321)	-	(1.298.906)
Positive Rediscount Amount	-	2.518.692	-	2.449.816
Negative Rediscount Amount	-	(3.747.013)	-	(3.748.722)

2.1.17. Market risk under standardised approach:

		Current Period	Prior Period
		Risk Weighted Asset	Risk Weighted Asset
	Outright products	18.255.066	14.480.549
1	Interest rate risk (general and specific)	5.324.007	1.934.339
2	Equity risk (general and specific)	243.850	73.775
3	Foreign exchange risk	10.997.484	12.264.147
4	Commodity risk	1.689.725	208.288
	Options	58.687	32.150
5	Simplified approach	-	-
6	Delta-plus method	58.687	32.150
7	Scenario approach	-	-
8	Securitisation	-	-
	Total	18.313.753	14.512.699

2.1.18. Exposures to central counterparties:

		Current Pe	riod	Prior Peri	od	
		Exposure at		Exposure at		
		default (post-CRM)	RWA	default (post-CRM)	RWA	
1	Exposure to Qualified Central Counterparties (QCCPs) (Total)	(post-CRM)	728.289	(post-CRM)	293.442	
	Exposures for trades at QCCPs (excluding initial margin and default fund					
2	contributions); of which	-	-	-	-	
3	(i) OTC Derivatives	11.416.885	429.383	7.354.368	290.570	
4	(ii) Exchange-traded Derivatives	-	-	-	-	
5	(iii) Securities financing transactions	14.548.941	290.979	-	-	
6	(iv) Netting sets where cross-product netting has been approved	-	-	-	-	
7	Segregated initial margin	-	-	-	-	
8	Non-segregated initial margin	-	-	-	-	
9	Pre-funded default fund contributions	396.350	7.927	143.600	2.872	
10	Unfunded default fund contributions	-	-	-	-	
11	Exposures to non-QCCPs (Total)	-	-	-	-	
	Exposures for trades at non-QCCPs (excluding initial margin and					
12	default fund contributions); of which)	-	-	-	-	
13	(i) OTC Derivatives	-	-	-	-	
14	(ii) Exchange-traded Derivatives	-	-	-	-	
15	(iii) Securities financing transactions	-	-	-	-	
16	(iv) Netting sets where cross-product netting has been approved	-	-	-	-	
17	Segregated initial margin	-	-	-	-	
18	Non-segregated initial margin	-	-	-	-	
19	Pre-funded default fund contributions	-	-	-	-	
20	Unfunded default fund contributions	-	-	-	-	

3. Explanations on consolidated currency risk:

The difference between the Group's foreign currency denominated and foreign currency indexed on- and offbalance sheet assets and liabilities is defined as the "Net Foreign Currency Position" and it is the basis of currency risk. Cross currency risk is also taken into consideration for the currency risk calculations and measurements.

The Group keeps the amount of currency risk exposure within the related legal limits and follows the exchange position on a daily/regular basis. In addition, although the internal exchange position limit is lower when compared to the related legal limit, there has not been any limit exceeding during the period. As an instrument of currency risk management, derivatives such as swap and forwards are used to reduce risk whenever needed. In order to guard against extreme volatility during the year stress tests are applied. Value at risk method is used for the measurement of foreign exchange risk.

The details of hedging of the foreign currency debt instruments and net foreign currency investment risk with derivative instruments are disclosed in section four Note 8.

The Parent Bank's publicly announced foreign exchange bid rates as of the date of the financial statements and for the last five working days prior to that date are as follows:

(Exchange rates presented as full TL)	USD	EUR
Balance sheet evaluation rate:	32,8262	35,1284
First day current bid rate	32,8417	35,1212
Second day current bid rate	32,9040	35,1801
Third day current bid rate	32,9015	35,2869
Fourth day current bid rate	32,8078	35,1702
Fifth day current bid rate	32,7810	35,0464
Arithmetic average of the last 30 days:	32,4905	34,9595
Evaluation rate as of prior period:	29,4382	32,5739

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş. Notes to consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2024

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Information on currency risk of the Group:

Current Period	EUR	USD	Other FC ⁽⁴⁾	Total
Assets				
Cash (Cash in hand, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased)	(2.0.17.022	07 454 640	25 502 522	107 104 000
and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye	63.947.832	97.454.648	25.783.723	187.186.203
Banks	15.683.682	32.729.284	876.648	49.289.614
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	116.960	1.829.978	-	1.946.938
Money market placements	-	-	-	
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	1.171.524	21.073.268	1.415.577	23.660.369
Loans ⁽¹⁾	189.725.515	164.551.350	20.737.129	375.013.99
Investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	7.132.159	7.132.15
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	23.495.923	109.672.937	-	133.168.86
Hedging derivative financial assets	501.696	1.700.901	-	2.202.59
Tangible assets	51.919	-	307.241	359.16
Other assets ⁽²⁾	12.603.024	34.335.187	3.687.060	50.625.27
Total assets	307.298.075	463.347.553	59.939.537	830.585.16
Liabilities				
Bank deposits	311.822	362.088	1.081.350	1.755.26
Foreign currency deposits	185.664.863	198.901.390	105.733.886	490.300.13
Funds from money market	3.575.793	14.805.811	-	18.381.60
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	68.883.341	120.570.397	780.521	190.234.25
Marketable securities issued	13.029.175	83.089.223	4.514.287	100.632.68
Miscellaneous payables	3.078.891	1.865.803	78.527	5.023.22
Hedging derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	
Other liabilities ⁽³⁾	12.446.946	139.650.424	641.743	152.739.11
Total liabilities	286.990.831	559.245.136	112.830.314	959.066.28
Net on balance sheet position	20.307.244	(95.897.583)	(52.890.777)	(128.481.116
Net off balance sheet position ⁽⁵⁾	(20.281.911)	93.539.580	62.453.975	135.711.64
Derivative financial assets	49.134.948	199.487.681	64.440.666	313.063.29
Derivative financial liabilities	69.416.859	105.948.101	1.986.691	177.351.65
Net position	25.333	(2.358.003)	9.563.198	7.230.52
Non-cash loans	98.590.051	125.573.876	17.850.635	242.014.56
Prior Period				
Total assets	255.027.481	414.453.251	47.601.572	717.082.30
Total liabilities	272.169.829	514.700.398	92.266.219	879.136.44
Net on balance sheet position	(17.142.348)	(100.247.147)	(44.664.647)	(162.054.142
Net off balance sheet position ⁽⁵⁾	17.561.107	99.250.354	52.600.859	169.412.32
Financial derivative assets	45.738.572	215.805.488	55.456.249	317.000.30
Financial derivative liabilities	28.177.465	116.555.134	2.855.390	147.587.98
Net position	418.759	(996.793)	7.936.212	7.358.17
Non-cash loans	94.171.639	101.713.626	14.030.571	209.915.83

Includes FX indexed loans amounting to TL 98.588 (December 31, 2023 - TL 115.545) which have been disclosed as TL in the financial statements.
 Does not include foreign currency prepaid expenses amounting to TL 2.927.870 (December 31, 2023 - TL 2.603.455) and intangible assets amounting to

(2) Does not include rotating turtency prepare expenses antoning to TE 2.527.876 (December 31, 2023 - TE 2.003.455) and international transformation of the second s

4. Explanations on consolidated interest rate risk:

The monitoring of interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities of the Parent Bank, including sensitivity analysis regarding the effect of interest rate fluctuations on the financial statements, is performed by the risk management department for all interest sensitive instruments over carrying values. The results are presented monthly to the Asset and Liability Management function of the Executive Committee. By using sensitivity and scenario analyses, the possible effects by interest rate volatility are analyzed. In these analyses possible losses are calculated for the change in fair value of interest sensitive products by applying shock tests to interest rates.

Sensitivity analyses are also calculated daily within Market Risk reporting on the basis of maturity and foreign exchange types and reported to Senior Management by checking them against the determined limits.

The Parent Bank utilizes TL/FC and TL/TL interest rate and money swap transactions in order to limit the interest and foreign currency risk arising from short-term deposit and long-term consumer loans within the balance sheet.

4.1. Interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items based on repricing dates:

	Up to 1				5 Years and	Non-interest	
Current Period	Ŵonth	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over	bearing	Total
Assets							
Cash (cash in hand, effectives, cash in transit,							
cheques purchased) and balances with the CBRT	106.840.695	-	-	-	-	228.376.394	335.217.089
Banks	4.880.154	7.267.622	9.967.438	109.882	-	34.794.818	57.019.914
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit							
or loss	1.048.979	18.513	98.210	267.901	453.558	1.315.791	3.202.952
Receivables from money markets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other							
comprehensive income	15.039.708	24.785.299	12.875.617	20.786.488	45.740.765	610.295	119.838.172
Loans ⁽¹⁾	353.709.122	154.551.659	452.850.629	222.530.731	47.743.599	(8.633.487)	1.222.752.253
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	129.346.452	18.329.510	39.194.705	94.477.124	92.025.783	-	373.373.574
Other assets	1.081.323	2.920.480	5.346.016	6.736.037	4.896.587	187.585.643	208.566.086
Total assets	611.946.433	207.873.083	520.332.615	344.908.163	190.860.292	444.049.454	2.319.970.040
Liabilities							
Bank deposits	23.950.444	14.026.014	9.967.920	213.409	-	1.562.701	49.720.488
Other deposits	438.831.687	183.958.169	84.299.535	11.111.070	811.293	544.868.317	1.263.880.071
Funds from money market	163.896.877	4.980.525	3.575.793	-	-	-	172.453.195
Miscellaneous payables	-	-	-	-	-	85.911.504	85.911.504
Marketable securities issued	9.949.068	37.693.731	35.317.540	31.616.845	2.240.116	-	116.817.300
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	36.914.456	117.390.319	65.550.619	12.094.627	1.035.193	-	232.985.214
Other liabilities ⁽²⁾	4.588.912	80.158.699	4.711.029	37.913.129	27.102.549	243.727.950	398.202.268
Total liabilities	678.131.444	438.207.457	203.422.436	92.949.080	31.189.151	876.070.472	2.319.970.040
Balance sheet long position	-	-	316.910.179	251.959.083	159.671.141	-	728.540.403
Balance sheet short position	(66.185.011)	(230.334.374)	-	-	-	(432.021.018)	(728.540.403)
Off-balance sheet long position	· _	-	7.337.590	-	-		7.337.590
Off-balance sheet short position	(5.497.037)	(12.155.499)	-	(2.156.310)	(7.517.051)	-	(27.325.897)
Total position	(71.682.048)	(242.489.873)	324.247.769	249.802.773	152.154.090	(432.021.018)	(19.988.307)

D . D . I	Up to 1	1234 4	21224	1.5.17	5 Years and	Non-interest	T ()
Prior Period	Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Over	bearing	Total
Assets							
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit,							
cheques purchased) and balances with the CBRT	796.857	4.662.863	10 (70 500	-	-	278.242.632	279.039.489
Banks	7.894.323	4.662.863	10.678.590	373.948	-	33.212.452	56.822.176
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit			10.050				
or loss	534.394	11.969	40.278	247.444	418.577	1.024.823	2.277.485
Receivables from money markets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other							
comprehensive income	13.925.366	23.094.851	7.900.225	15.874.169	36.025.229	198.149	97.017.989
Loans (1)	249.835.663	137.691.185	358.456.250	168.967.675	49.267.411	(12.726.955)	951.491.229
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	112.202.776	14.546.012	20.154.922	74.460.872	96.748.512	-	318.113.094
Other assets	2.848.975	4.119.986	5.147.413	8.385.957	4.391.565	133.718.042	158.611.938
Total assets	388.038.354	184.126.866	402.377.678	268.310.065	186.851.294	433.669.143	1.863.373.400
Liabilities							
Bank deposits	15.781.925	7.077.792	8.395.079	119.974	-	1.142.440	32.517.210
Other deposits	361.903.553	149.263.334	101.815.385	9.352.054	645.977	453.388.163	1.076.368.466
Funds from money market	44.219.323	17.590.790	1.572.387	-	-	-	63.382.500
Miscellaneous payables	-	-	-	-	-	76.967.991	76.967.991
Marketable securities issued	8.903.015	26.077.890	37.597.921	24.461.173	-	-	97.039.999
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	13.604.788	82.645.097	49.705.478	14.033.578	1.045.902	-	161.034.843
Other liabilities ⁽²⁾	21.879.217	74.859.404	3.127.149	18.237.145	4.772.460	233.187.016	356.062.391
Total liabilities	466.291.821	357.514.307	202.213.399	66.203.924	6.464.339	764.685.610	1.863.373.400
Balance sheet long position	-	-	200.164.279	202.106.141	180.386.955	-	582.657.375
Balance sheet short position	(78.253.467)	(173.387.441)	-	-	-	(331.016.467)	(582.657.375)
Off-balance sheet long position	2.510.256	4.486.984	14.152.531	-	-	· _	21.149.771
Off-balance sheet short position	-	-		(12.721.888)	(12.278.303)	-	(25.000.191)
Total position	(75.743.211)	(168.900.457)	214.316.810	189.384.253	168.108.652	(331.016.467)	(3.850.420)

(1) Non-performing loans are presented in the "Non-Interest Bearing" column after being offset against expected loss provisions.

(2) Shareholders' equity is presented under "Non interest bearing".

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş. Notes to consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2024

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

4.2. Average interest rates for monetary financial instruments:

The following average interest rates of the Group are calculated by weighting the rates with their principal amounts outstanding as of the balance sheet date.

Current Period	EUR	USD	Yen	TL
	%	%	%	%
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances				
with the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	31,30
Banks	5,31	5,70	-	53,16
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	4,94	5,67	-	-
Receivables from money markets	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	5,39	6,88	-	42,81
Loans	7,55	8,92	-	48,16
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	3,48	6,44	-	50,07
Liabilities				
Bank deposits ⁽²⁾	3,25	5,00	-	49,84
Other deposits ⁽²⁾	0,92	0,87	-	30,44
Funds from money market	5,10	5,15	-	44,79
Miscellaneous payables	-	-	-	-
Marketable securities issued	6,29	8,10	-	52,81
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	6,39	7,25	-	46,12

Prior Period	EUR	USD	Yen	TL
	%	%	%	%
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances				
with the CBRT	-	-	-	-
Banks	6,09	6,46	-	42,08
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	5,98	5,75	-	-
Receivables from money markets	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	4,12	7,67	-	38,38
Loans	7,66	8,99	-	40,63
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	3,05	6,45	-	39,55
Liabilities				
Bank deposits ⁽²⁾	3,94	5,72	-	39,50
Other deposits ⁽²⁾	0,78	0,82	-	19,03
Funds from money market	5,74	5,56	-	40,77
Miscellaneous payables	-	-	-	-
Marketable securities issued	6,86	8,14	-	36,74
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	6,66	8,07	-	41,97

(1) In accordance with the CBRT's article dated February 5, 2024 and numbered 198, interest rates were taken into account that applied to some of the required reserves established in TL, in accordance with the conditions specified in the instruction.

Demand deposit balances are included in average interest rate calculation.

5. Explanations on share certificates position risk from banking book:

None.

6. Explanations on consolidated liquidity risk management, liquidity coverage ratio and net stable funding ratio:

Liquidity risk is defined as risk of unexpected loss to be occurred or Group to have difficulties in raising funds while meeting maturing liabilities. Liquidity management is daily monitored in the Bank under Treasury Management and Risk Management. The liquidity policy of the Group is approved by the Bank's Board of Directors. Treasury Management is responsible for carrying out transactions which are appropriate to Bank's policy, monitoring of liquidity position and submitting necessary reports to executives. Treasury management contributes to determine strategies and operating actions for the management of the liquidity position in addition to prepare funding plan and contingency funding plan of the Bank. Liquidity risk is evaluated with liquidity gap analysis, liquidity stress tests and supplementary precautions/measurements. Liquidity Gap analysis are performed for two different periods as short-term and long-term. Going concern scenario and structural positions are reported monthly. This reporting constitutes the basis of monitoring and management of liquidity position.

Notes to consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2024 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

The Parent Bank does not function as a central funding institution in its relations with its subsidiaries. Intra-group liquidity management and funding strategies are limited with related legal boundaries and monitored regularly via various reports. Intraday liquidity is also monitored closely by the bank in its best effort.

The Parent Bank issues an annual funding plan in order to sustain funding in a consistent and balanced way. Funding plan have to be updated at least annually and approved by the Executive Committee since it is complied with budgeting process and risk appetite frameworks. The primary purpose of the funding plan is to provide a reliable balance between assets and liabilities.

Both short-term liquidity and medium/long-term (structural) liquidity measurement and reporting for all types of currencies are periodically made in Bank and its subsidiaries. There are limits which are predetermined and approved by the Board of Directors on the basis of all major currencies for each period.

The Parent Bank mainly uses derivative transactions as managing liquidity risk and monitors cash inflow and outflow periods in the framework of funding plan balancing the distribution among currencies.

The Parent Bank aims to reduce the risks to the lowest level if required via measuring possible risks in liquidity with stress tests. Stress tests make it possible for the Bank to reinterpret analysis of its liquidity position according to scenarios depending on possible cases and tail risks except for crisis situations. Liquidity Stress Test methodology makes a similar approach with Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) template and hence allows the overview of the results in line with Basel approaches. The Parent Bank applies and reports liquidity stress tests consisting of different scenarios and maturity segments both on unconsolidated and consolidated level and the results are compared with both liquidity stress tests and other liquidity limit and trigger levels set, with different frequencies (weekly, monthly etc.) according to the scenarios.

"Liquidity Contingency Plan" is applied if the Parent Bank needs more liquidity than its daily liquidity need because of possible financial events in future. Duties and responsibilities are defined in detail in the aforementioned plan. Both the liquidity policy and liquidity contingency policy are in line with BRSA best practice documents on liquidity risk management. The abovementioned policies and the thresholds (limits etc.) covered within liquidity risk management framework are updated and approved at least annually.

Funding sources of the Group mainly consist of deposits which constitute 57% of total liabilities of the Bank (December 31, 2023 - 59%) and also include repo, secured loans, syndication, securitization, bond/security issuance and other instruments including subordinated loans and borrowings.

The Parent Bank calculates and reports the LCR in full compliance with the regulations. LCR is a metric measuring the adequacy of unencumbered free liquid assets owned by banks (called high quality liquid assets) to meet expected net cash outflows over the next 30 days. The metric is an important Basel regulation that measures short-term liquidity and is closely monitored in the Bank. In addition to LCR, the Bank has also measures the Net Stable Funding Rate (NSFR), which is considered another complementary element and provides another important medium / long-term liquidity risk measurement. In accordance with the Regulation on Calculation of Banks' Net Stable Funding Ratio, published in the Official Gazette dated May 26, 2023 and numbered 32202, the relevant metric has started to be followed up within the framework of legal regulations. These two metrics are also included within the Risk Appetite Indicators and closely monitored at the Bank.

High quality liquid assets mentioned in LCR calculation consist of cash, effective money, CBRT accounts and reserves and government bonds issued by Ministry of Treasury and Finance of the Republic of Türkiye treated as high quality liquid assets.

Cash outflows from derivative transactions in liquidity coverage ratio calculation are based on inclusion of net cash flows with maturity of 30 days in the calculation. Additionally, transactions having a margin possibility are included in liquidity coverage ratio calculation by taking the largest outflow amount according to the negative values of net margin flows realized in the last 24 months in respect of 30 days period or for liability into consideration as cash outflow.

Secured funding consists of repo and other secured borrowings. A large part of securities which are subject to the aforementioned funding transactions consist of Sovereign Bonds issued by Ministry of Treasury and Finance of the Republic of Türkiye and transactions are carried out in both CBRT market and interbank market.

The Parent Bank manages all the transactions made before its foreign branches and partnership in the framework of central bank, markets and related legislation of the country in which the institutions are located. Legal lending limits and high limit transactions are closely monitored in this framework.

All cash inflow and outflow items related to liquidity profile of the bank are included in liquidity coverage ratio tables below for the last three months.

	Unweighte	ed Amounts(1)	Weighted Amounts ⁽¹⁾		
Current Period	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC	
High Quality Liquid Assets					
High Quality Liquid Assets			484.125.925	218.152.138	
Cash Outflows					
Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits	810.514.787	315.417.660	71.621.984	31.031.562	
Stable deposits	188.589.896	10.204.084	9.429.495	510.204	
Less stable deposits	621.924.891	305.213.576	62.192.489	30.521.358	
Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business					
Customers Deposits	462.658.227	166.510.262	285.179.898	92.767.245	
Operational deposits	-	-		-	
Non-Operational deposits	319.172.929	131.860.699	162.076.088	58.117.682	
Other Unsecured funding	143.485.298	34.649.563	123.103.810	34.649.563	
Secured funding			9.644	-	
Other Cash Outflows	3.187.262	3.187.262	3.187.262	3.187.262	
Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market					
valuation changes on derivatives transactions	3.187.262	3.187.262	3.187.262	3.187.262	
Debts related to the structured financial products	-	-	-	-	
Commitment related to debts to financial markets and					
other off balance sheet liabilities	-	-	-	-	
Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any time					
by the Bank and other contractual commitments	456.170.551	215.723.596	22.808.528	10.786.180	
Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable commitments	1.114.107.169	87.797.598	82.217.195	18.974.041	
Total Cash Outflows			465.024.511	156.746.290	
Cash Inflows					
Secured Lending Transactions	-	-	-	-	
Unsecured Lending Transactions	184.462.994	52.383.522	120.672.607	44.925.425	
Other contractual cash inflows	1.596.507	82.864.739	1.596.507	82.864.739	
Total Cash Inflows	186.059.501	135.248.261	122.269.114	127.790.164	
T-4-1 Ui-h Quality Linuid Arasta				ed Amounts	
Total High Quality Liquid Assets Total Net Cash Outflows			484.125.925 342.755.397	<u>218.152.138</u> 39.186.573	
			342./55.39/	<u> </u>	
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%) Simple arithmetic averages of monthly consolidated liquidity coverage ratios for	a 1 . a a		141,25	550,70	

(1) Simple arithmetic averages of monthly consolidated liquidity coverage ratios for the last three months are used.

Foreign currency and total liquidity coverage ratios for the last three months of current period are presented in the table below.

Current Period	TL+FC (%)	FC (%)
April 2024	147,35	586,06
May 2024	141,74	474,69
June 2024	135,81	534,55

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(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

	Unweighte	d Amounts ⁽¹⁾	Weighted Amounts ⁽¹⁾		
Prior Period	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC	
High Quality Liquid Assets					
High Quality Liquid Assets			444.921.023	195.493.470	
Cash Outflows					
Retail and Small Business Customers Deposits	686.593.230	270.729.748	61.980.490	26.692.777	
Stable deposits	133.576.647	7.603.956	6.678.832	380.198	
Less stable deposits	553.016.583	263.125.792	55.301.658	26.312.579	
Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small Business					
Customers Deposits	374.217.199	152.245.229	236.940.845	86.224.23	
Operational deposits	-	-	-		
Non-Operational deposits	250.017.022	119.023.968	126.644.444	53.002.976	
Other Unsecured funding	124.200.177	33.221.261	110.296.401	33.221.261	
Secured funding			1.985		
Other Cash Outflows	3.642.170	3.642.170	3.642.170	3.642.170	
Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market	0.012.170	0.012.170	0.012.170	0.012.17	
valuation changes on derivatives transactions	3.642.170	3.642.170	3.642.170	3.642.170	
Debts related to the structured financial products	-	-	-		
Commitment related to debts to financial markets and					
other off balance sheet liabilities	-	-	-		
Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any time					
by the Bank and other contractual commitments	384.517.221	193.393.677	19.225.861	9.669.684	
Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable commitments	690.700.951	68.704.451	55.860.731	16.398.913	
Total Cash Outflows			377.652.082	142.627.781	
Cash Inflows					
Secured Lending Transactions	-	-	-		
Unsecured Lending Transactions	144.645.440	48.862.239	99.304.404	41.853.457	
Other contractual cash inflows	946.200	62.083.519	946.200	62.083.519	
Total Cash Inflows	145.591.640	110.945.758	100.250.604	103.936.976	
				d Amounts	
Total High Quality Liquid Assets			444.921.023	195.493.470	
Total Net Cash Outflows			277.401.478	38.690.805	
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%) Simple arithmetic averages of monthly consolidated liquidity coverage ratios for		-	160,39	505,27	

(1) Simple arithmetic averages of monthly consolidated liquidity coverage ratios for the last three months are used.

Foreign currency and total liquidity coverage ratios for the last three months of prior period are presented in the table below.

Prior Period	TL+FC (%)	FC (%)
October 2023	177,44	380,57
November 2023	157,18	485,65
December 2023	150,16	487,70

With the framework of the regulation, NSFR is closely monitored and reported on monthly and three-month average basis. NSFR is defined as the amount of available stable funding relative to the amount of required stable funding. In addition to the Group's capital available stable funding mainly consists of retail and corporate deposits and other borrowings which are taken into account at different rates in accordance with the regulation. Required stable funding is calculated by the amount of receivables, such as loans and government bonds, categorized by the counterparty type, residual maturity and encumbrance status. Within this framework, the required stable fund amount refers to the portion of the Group's on-balance sheet assets and off-balance sheet liabilities that expected to be refunded. In accordance with the regulation, the three-month simple arithmetic average of the calculated NSFR for the periods of March, June, September and December cannot be less than 100%.

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Three-month simple arithmetic mean as of most recent quarter is 123,70%. The ratio and main items constituting the Group's NSFR as of most recent period shown in the table below.

Compared to current and prior period NSFR, the decrease is primarily due to changes in the amount and maturity structure of loans and deposits.

		Unweight	ed Amount Accor	ding to Residual	Maturity	
			Residual maturity of less than 6	Residual maturity of six months	Residual maturity of one year or	Total Weighted
	rent period	Non Maturity	months	and longer	more	Amount
	ilable stable funding					
1	Capital Instruments	214.285.792	-	-	54.963.230	269.249.022
2	Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital	214.285.792	-	-	54.963.230	269.249.022
3	Other Capital Instruments	-	-	-	-	-
4 5	Real-person and Retail Customer Deposits Stable Deposits	416.982.712 100.304.370	444.537.273 89.000.066	13.978.285	10.875.898	807.201.974 179.839.215
6	1	316.678.342	355.537.207	13.978.285	10.875.898	627.362.759
7	Less Stable Deposits Other Obligations	83.602.678	884.556.941	96.583.808	157.471.537	407.657.620
8	Operational deposits	05.002.070	004.330.941	20.303.000	137.471.337	407.037.020
9	Other obligations	83.602.678	- 884.556.941	96.583.808	157.471.537	407.657.620
10	-	05.002.070	004.330.741	70.505.000	137.471.337	407.057.020
10	Liabilities equivalent to interconnected assets Other Liabilities		(20, 220, 022)			
12	Derivative liabilities	-	(20.328.022)	(20.528.541)	-	-
12				(20.328.341)		
13	All other liabilities not included in the above		200 510			
13	categories	-	200.519	-	-	-
	Available stable funding					1.484.108.616
	uired stable funding					
15	High Quality Liquid Assets					116.869.179
16	Deposits held at financial institutions for operational purposes	-	-	-	-	-
17	Performing Loans	_	670.541.660	249.401.981	400.082.113	762.079.254
17	Encumbered loans to financial institutions, where the	_	070.341.000	247.401.701	400.002.115	102.019.254
18	loan is secured against Level 1 assets	_	_	_	-	-
	Unencumbered loans to financial institutions or					
	encumbered loans that are not secured against Level					
19	1 assets	-	84.598.000	13.331.983	868.775	20.224.466
	Loans to corporate customers, real persons and or					
	retail customers, central banks, other than credit					
20	agencies and/or financial institutions	-	584.250.610	227.988.326	381.008.588	727.301.219
21	Loans with a risk weight of less than or equal to 35%	-	-	-	4.160.301	2.704.195
22	Residential mortgages	-	842.898	878.515	4.602.342	2.991.522
	Residential mortgages with a risk weight of less		0 12.090	070.010	1.002.512	2.771.522
23	than or equal to 35%	-	842.898	878.515	4.602.342	2.991.522
	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as		0.2.000			
24	HQLA and exchange-traded equities	-	850.152	7.203.157	13.602.408	11.562.047
25	Assets equivalent to interconnected liabilities					
26	Other Assets	218.875.055		33.352.239		251.706.665
27	Physical traded commodities, including gold	3.470.861				2.950.232
20	Initial margin posted or given guarantee fund to					
28	central counterparty			-		-
29	Derivative Assets			31.844.343		31.844.343
30	Derivative Liabilities before the deduction of the			1 507 907		1 507 007
31	variation margin Other Assets not included above	215.404.194		1.507.896		1.507.896
31 32	Off-balance sheet commitments	213.404.194	1.682.546.930			215.404.194 84.127.346
32 33			1.002.340.950	-	-	84.127.346 1.214.782.444
33 34	Total Required stable funding Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					1.214./82.444
54	iver stable running Katlo (%)					144,17

Notes to consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2024 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Three-month simple arithmetic mean as of most recent quarter is 134,27%. The ratio and main items constituting the Group's NSFR as of previous period shown in the table below.

		Unweight	ed Amount Accor	ding to Residual	Maturity	
Prio	r period	Non Maturity	Residual maturity of less than 6 months	Residual maturity of six months and longer	Residual maturity of one year or more	Total Weighted Amount
Ava	ilable stable funding					
1	Capital Instruments	205.060.906	-	-	34.653.930	239.714.836
2	Tier 1 Capital and Tier 2 Capital	205.060.906	-	-	34.653.930	239.714.836
3	Other Capital Instruments	-	-	-	-	-
4	Real-person and Retail Customer Deposits	340.444.370	398.990.941	8.744.631	9.008.161	689.503.236
5	Stable Deposits	78.056.461	82.622.394	-	-	152.644.913
6	Less Stable Deposits	262.387.909	316.368.547	8.744.631	9.008.161	536.858.323
7	Other Obligations	65.665.614	591.656.296	100.620.186	147.936.499	375.385.739
8	Operational deposits	-	-	-	-	-
9	Other obligations	65.665.614	591.656.296	100.620.186	147.936.499	375.385.739
10	Liabilities equivalent to interconnected assets					
11	Other Liabilities	-	(21.308.033)	-	-	-
12	Derivative liabilities		. ,	(21.533.799)		
13	All other liabilities not included in the above					
15	categories	-	225.766	-	-	-
14	Available stable funding					1.304.603.811
Rea	uired stable funding					
15	High Quality Liquid Assets					111.517.033
	Deposits held at financial institutions for operational					11101/1000
16	purposes	-	-	-	-	-
17	Performing Loans	851.427	555.429.415	167.635.376	319.371.241	599.256.296
	Encumbered loans to financial institutions, where the					
18	loan is secured against Level 1 assets	-	-	-	-	-
	Unencumbered loans to financial institutions or					
	encumbered loans that are not secured against Level					
19	1 assets	-	85.208.770	8.830.231	393.713	17.590.144
	Loans to corporate customers, real persons and or					
	retail customers, central banks, other than credit					
20	agencies and/or financial institutions	-	466.461.099	157.240.120	302.945.351	569.354.158
21	Loans with a risk weight of less than or equal to 35%	-	-	17.423	3.329.889	2.175.753
22	Residential mortgages	-	1.107.094	790.860	6.576.784	4.274.910
	Residential mortgages with a risk weight of less		1110,109,1	// 01000	010 / 01/ 01	
23	than or equal to 35%	-	1.107.094	790.860	6.576.784	4.274.910
	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as			.,		,,
24	HQLA and exchange-traded equities	851.427	2.652.452	774.165	9.455.393	8.037.084
25	Assets equivalent to interconnected liabilities					
26	Other Assets	186.032.150		34.422.634		220.125.472
27	Physical traded commodities, including gold	2.195.408				1.866.096
	Initial margin posted or given guarantee fund to					
28	central counterparty			-		-
29	Derivative Assets			33.663.214		33.663.214
20	Derivative Liabilities before the deduction of the					
30	variation margin	100.00 (5 : 2		759.420		759.420
31	Other Assets not included above	183.836.742				183.836.742
32	Off-balance sheet commitments		1.176.589.539	-	-	58.829.477
33	Total Required stable funding					989.728.278
34	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					131,81

Breakdown of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities:

Current Period	Demand	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	5 Years and Over	Unclassified ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Total
Assets								
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and Balances with								
the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye	194.161.418	141.055.671	-	-	-	-	-	335.217.089
Banks	34.794.818	4.880.154	7.267.622	9.967.438	109.882	-	-	57.019.914
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	1.071.329	-	18.513	98.210	267.901	453.558	1.293.441	3.202.952
Receivables from money markets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	302.255	9.516.013	9.169.680	43.439.674	56.800.255	610.295	119.838.172
Loans ⁽¹⁾	-	344.092.475	154.895.140	436.326.169	236.080.253	59.991.703	(8.633.487)	1.222.752.253
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	-	2.923.649	6.663.013	41.401.070	212.284.923	110.100.919	-	373.373.574
Other assets	99.499.802	1.170.470	2.174.345	5.815.524	7.178.523	5.022.070	87.705.352	208.566.086
Total assets	329.527.367	494.424.674	180.534.646	502.778.091	499.361.156	232.368.505	80.975.601	2.319.970.040
Liabilities								
Bank deposits	1.562.701	23.950.444	14.026.014	9.967.920	213.409	-	-	49.720.488
Other deposits	544.868.317	438.831.687	183.958.169	84.299.535	11.111.070	811.293	-	1.263.880.071
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	-	33.830.452	49.279.817	128.584.589	20.255.163	1.035.193	-	232.985.214
Funds from money market	-	163.896.877	3.365.506	5.190.812	-	-	-	172.453.195
Marketable securities issued	-	9.286.525	21.413.185	36.796.629	47.080.845	2.240.116	-	116.817.300
Miscellaneous payables	767.893	79.123.499	2.473.009	1.671.893	-	-	1.875.210	85.911.504
Other liabilities ⁽²⁾	24.422.717	3.729.629	14.158.174	13.115.070	66.705.055	77.858.654	198.212.969	398.202.268
Total liabilities	571.621.628	752.649.113	288.673.874	279.626.448	145.365.542	81.945.256	200.088.179	2.319.970.040
Net liquidity gap	(242.094.261)	(258.224.439)	(108.139.228)	223.151.643	353.995.614	150.423.249	(119.112.578)	-
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	-	(3.338.580)	(3.902.559)	(15.857.811)	(1.016.705)	4.127.348	-	(19.988.307)
Derivative Financial Assets	-	167.348.012	104.278.203	206.716.665	154.833.758	99.220.086	-	732.396.724
Derivative Financial Liabilities	-	170.686.592	108.180.762	222.574.476	155.850.463	95.092.738	-	752.385.031
Non-Cash Loans	-	18.841.996	56.154.299	214.500.134	66.683.383	14.285.063	101.326.570	471.791.445
Prior Period	A 0 4 4 04 455				100 000 0			
Total assets	286.181.678	350.387.477	139.745.134	379.359.366	439.893.065	215.144.221	52.662.459	1.863.373.400
Total liabilities	476.859.709	533.736.633	237.728.130	250.373.764	114.711.448	56.668.645	193.295.071	1.863.373.400
Net liquidity gap	(190.678.031)	(183.349.156)	(97.982.996)	128.985.602	325.181.617	158.475.576	(140.632.612)	-
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	-	1.140.517	(4.879.082)	(4.588.862)	328.095	4.148.912	-	(3.850.420)
Derivative Financial Assets	-	175.018.979	138.317.598	121.211.477	171.066.627	97.760.192	-	703.374.873
Derivative Financial Liabilities	-	173.878.462	143.196.680	125.800.339	170.738.532	93.611.280	-	707.225.293
Non-Cash Loans	-	19.480.824	42.807.682	168.848.563	59.930.945	12.247.532	85.313.046	388.628.592

(1) Non-performing loans are presented in the "Unclassified" column after being offset against expected loss provisions.

(2) Shareholders' equity is presented in the "Unclassified" column.

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7. Explanations on consolidated leverage ratio:

The main reason for decrease in leverage ratio for the current period is the increase in total risk amount.

The summary information for the comparison of total assets in consolidated financials prepared in accordance with TAS and total exposures:

		Current Period ⁽²⁾	Prior Period ⁽²⁾
1	Total assets in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with TAS ⁽¹⁾	2.245.782.379	1.782.911.988
2	Differences between the total assets in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with TAS and the total assets in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with Communique on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks	11.411.575	5.696.132
3	Differences between the balances of derivative financial instruments and the credit derivatives in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the Communique on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks and their	11111.075	5.670.152
4	risk exposures Differences between the balances of securities financing transactions in the consolidated	7.581.633	21.568.363
5	financial statements prepared in accordance with the Communique on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks and their risk exposures Differences between off- balance sheet items in the consolidated financial statements	(153.045.930)	(42.657.037)
6	prepared in accordance with the Communique on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks and their risk exposures	(63.733.020)	(63.168.751)
	Other differences in the consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the Communique on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks and their risk exposures	160.362.107	51.451.562
7	Total Risks	3.927.515.402	2.932.796.488

(1) The consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the sixth paragraph of the Article 5 in the Communique on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Banks.

(2) The arithmetic average of the last three months in the related periods.

		Current Period ⁽¹⁾	Prior Period ⁽¹⁾
	On-Balance sheet exposures		
1	On-Balance sheet assets (Excluding derivative financial instruments and credit	2.261.244.840	1.790.307.010
	derivatives, including collaterals)		
2	(Asset amounts deducted in determining Tier 1 capital)	(22.560.085)	(19.534.130)
3	Total on-Balance sheet exposures	2.238.684.755	1.770.772.880
	Derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives		
4	Replacement cost of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	8.298.578	11.757.100
5	Potential credit risk of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	7.581.633	21.568.363
6	Total derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives exposure	15.880.211	33.325.463
	Securities financing transaction exposure		
7	Total risk of gross securities financing transactions (excluding on-balance sheet exposure)	18.825.161	16.285.046
8	Agent transaction exposures	-	-
9	Total securities financing transaction exposures	18.825.161	16.285.046
	Off-balance sheet items		
10	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	1.717.858.294	1.175.581.849
11	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(63.733.020)	(63.168.751)
12	Total risk of off-balance sheet items	1.654.125.274	1.112.413.098
	Capital and total exposure		
13	Tier 1 capital	200.786.554	184.543.914
14	Total exposures	3.927.515.401	2.932.796.487
15	Leverage ratio (%)	5,11	6,30

(1) The arithmetic average of the last three months in the related periods.

8. Explanations on hedge accounting:

The Group applies the following hedge accounting models:

- Fair value Hedge ("FVH")
- Cash Flow Hedge ("CFH")
- Net Investment Hedge ("NIH")

If the fair value of the hedging instrument within fair value hedge ("FVH") is positive it is classified under, "Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss"; if the fair value is negative, it is classified under "Derivative financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss".

If the fair value of the hedging instrument under hedge of cash flow hedge ("CFH") is positive, it is classified under "Derivative financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income "if the fair value is negative, it is classified under "Derivative financial liabilities measured at fair value through other comprehensive income".

Cross currency interest rate swaps and interest rate swaps are used as hedging instrument in FVH. Interest rate swaps, currency swaps and cross currency swaps are used as hedging instrument in CFH.

Contractual amounts and the fair values as at June 30, 2024 of these hedging instruments are presented in the table below:

	(Current Period			Prior Period	
Hedging instrument	Notional ⁽¹⁾	Asset	Liability	Notional ⁽¹⁾	Asset	Liability
Interest rate swap / Currency swap / Cross currency interest rate swap (CFH)	23.118.463	3.447.302	20.660	40.790.710	5.320.823	32.334
Interest rate swap / Cross currency interest						
rate swap (FVH)	2.249.693	223.311	14.789	2.161.865	200.069	358
Total	25.368.156	3.670.613	35.449	42.952.575	5.520.892	32.692

Only the "sell" legs of the related derivatives are presented with the addition of the "buy" legs of these derivatives amounting to TL 25.575.376 (December 31, 2023 - TL 42.958.243) the total notional of derivative financial assets amounting to TL 50.943.532 (December 31, 2023 - TL 85.910.818) is accounted for in off-balance sheet under "Hedging Derivative Financial Instruments" line item.

The fair valuation methodology of the derivatives presented in the above table is disclosed in detail in the accounting principles section of these financial statements in Section 3 Part 4.

8.1 Fair value hedge accounting:

The Group has hedged the possible fair value effects of changes in market interest rates and foreign exchange rates on some of its fixed rate foreign currency borrowings by using interest rate swaps, cross-currency interest rate swaps.

The impact of application of FVH accounting is summarized below;

Current Period						
						Net gain/(loss)
						recognised in the
			Fair value			income statement
			difference /			(Derivative
	Hedged item		adjustment			financial
Type of hedging	(asset and		of the hedged	Net fair	value of the	transactions
instrument	liability)	Nature of hedged risks	item ⁽¹⁾	hedging i	nstrument ⁽²⁾	gains/losses) ⁽³⁾
				Asset	Liability	
Interest rate swaps/						
Cross currency	Funds	Fixed interest and changes in				
interest rate swaps	Borrowed	foreign exchange rate risk	205.756	223.311	14.789	5.612

Notes to consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2024

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Prior Period						
Type of hedging instrument	Hedged item (asset and liability)	Nature of hedged risks	Fair value difference / adjustment of the hedged item ⁽¹⁾		value of the nstrument ⁽²⁾	Net gain/(loss recognised in th income statemen (Derivativ financia transaction gains/losses) ⁽
	**			Asset	Liability	
Interest rate swaps/						
Cross currency	Funds	Fixed interest and changes in				
interest rate swaps	Borrowed	foreign exchange rate risk	187.123	200.069	358	(524

(1) The amount refers to the fair value of the hedged item calculated for some of fixed interest loan portfolios and foreign currency funds borrowed in accordance with hedge accounting effectiveness tests. The foreign exchange rate changes of foreign currency fundings and cross-currency swaps are reflected to the income statement in foreign exchange gains / losses line item.

(2) The amounts include the foreign exchange differences and net straight line interest accruals of the related derivatives.

(3) Ineffective portion of the mentioned hedging transaction is amounting to TL 23.982 gain (June 30, 2023 - TL 2.119 gain).

At the inception date, the Group documents the relationship between the hedging instruments and hedged items required by the FVH accounting application in accordance with "TAS 39- Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" and its own risk management policies and principles. Every individual relationship is approved and documented in the same methodology. In accordance with "TAS 39- Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", the effectiveness tests of the relationships are performed in accordance with the Group's risk management policies. In the effectiveness tests, the fair values of the hedged item are calculated using the same assumptions used in calculation of fair values of the derivatives.

The effectiveness tests are performed prospectively and retrospectively on a monthly basis and the effectiveness of risk relationships are measured. At the inception date the effectiveness tests are performed prospectively. If the underlying hedge does not conform to the FVH accounting requirements (out of the 80% - 125% effectiveness range) or if the management voluntarily decides to discontinue the hedging relation, the adjustments made to the carrying value (amortized cost) of the hedged item are amortized with the straight line method and recognized in the profit or loss accounts within the remaining maturity. In addition if the hedging instrument is sold or closed before its maturity, the amount of the fair value adjustments of the hedged items are amortized to profit or loss accounts with the straight line method within the remaining maturity.

8.2 Cash flow hedge accounting:

The Group apply macro and micro cash flow hedge accounting in order to hedge its cash flow risk from floating interest rate liabilities. The hedging instruments are USD, EUR and TL interest rate swaps, currency swaps and cross currency swaps with floating receive, fixed pay legs, and the hedged item is the cash outflows due to financing of interests of repricing and exchange rate changes USD, EUR and TL deposits, lease receivables, borrowings and repos.

Type of hedging instrument	Hedged item (asset and liability)	Nature of hedged risks		r value of the g instrument	Net gain/(loss) recognized in hedging funds ⁽¹⁾	Net gain/(loss) reclassified to equity ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾
			Asset	Liability		
Interest rate swaps/		Cash flow risk due				
currency swaps/Cross	Customer deposits,	to the changes in				
currency interest rate	repos, lease receivables	the interest and				
swaps	and borrowings	exchange rates	3.447.302	20.660	2.648.932	(578.628)

The impact of application of CFH accounting is summarized below:

Notes to consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2024

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Type of hedging instrument	Hedged item (asset and liability)	Nature of hedged risks		value of the ginstrument	Net gain/(loss) recognized in hedging funds ⁽¹⁾	Net gain/(loss) reclassified to equity ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾
			Asset	Liability		
Interest rate swaps/ currency swaps/Cross currency interest rate swaps	Customer deposits, repos, lease receivables and borrowings	Cash flow risk due to the changes in the interest rates	5.320.823	32.334	3.227.560	(2.151.990)

Includes deferred tax impact.
 Includes tax and foreign exchange differences.

(3) The ineffective portion of the mentioned hedging transaction is TL 473.042 gain (June 30, 2023 – TL 480.460 gain).

The Group documents the relationship between the hedging instruments and hedged items required by the CFH accounting application in accordance with "TAS 39 - Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" and its own risk management policies and principles. Every individual relationship is approved and documented in the same way. In accordance with "TAS 39 - Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", the effectiveness tests of the relationships are performed in accordance with the Bank's risk management policies.

The effectiveness tests are performed on a monthly basis and the effectiveness of risk relationships are measured. If the underlying hedge does not conform to the CFH accounting requirements (out of the 80% - 125% effectiveness range) or if the management voluntarily decides to discontinue the hedging relation or the hedging instrument is sold or closed before its maturity, the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument that has been recognised in other comprehensive income from the period when the hedge was effective shall remain separately in equity until the forecast transaction occurs or is no longer expected to occur. When the hedged forecasted transactions are no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from other comprehensive income to profit or loss.

8.3 Hedge From Foreign Net Investment Risk:

The Group hedges part of the currency translation risk of net investments in foreign operations through foreign currency borrowings. The Group's Euro denominated borrowing is designated as a hedge of the net investment in the Group's certain EUR denominated subsidiaries. The total amount of the borrowing designated as a hedge of the net investment at June 30, 2024 is EUR 565 million (December 31, 2023 - EUR 528 million).

9. Explanations on the activities carried out on behalf of others and fiduciary transactions:

The Group carries out trading, custody, management and consulting services on behalf of customers and on their account. The Group has no fiduciary transactions.

10. Explanations on consolidated operating segments:

The Group carries out its banking operations through three main business units:

- Retail Banking
- Corporate Banking
- ➢ Commercial and SME Banking.

The Parent Bank's Retail Banking activities include card payment systems, individual, individual portfolio, blue class, private banking. Retail Banking products and services offered to customers include card payment systems, consumer loans (including general purpose loans, auto loans, mortgages), commercial installment loans, time and demand deposits, gold banking, investment accounts, life and non-life insurance products and payroll services. In addition, customers who receive their monthly salary/SSI payments through our bank are offered privileges covering various banking transactions. Card payment systems cover the management of products, services, campaigns for member merchants as well as the sales and activities for a variety of customer types. Crystal, Play, Adios and Taksitçi are the other card brands providing services for the different segments within the World brand, shopping and marketing platform of the Parent Bank. Through its Blue Class and Private Banking activities, the Bank serves high net worth customers and delivers investment products to this customer segment. Among the products and services offered to Private Banking customers are time deposit products, mutual funds, foreign exchange, gold and equity trading.

Notes to consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2024 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Also, personal art advisory, inheritance advisory, real estate advisory, tax advisory, education and philanthropic advisory are offered within the Private Banking and Wealth Management activities.

Corporate, Commercial and SME Banking segment is organized into three subgroups: Corporate Banking for large-scale, international and multinational companies and Commercial Banking for medium-sized enterprises and SME Banking for SME companies. Corporate and Commercial Banking, has a product range of working capital finance, trade finance, project finance, domestic and international non-cash loans such as letters of credit and letters of guarantee, cash management, internet banking, financial advisory and equity management advisory. SME Banking offer to customers SME loans and SME banking packages products.

The Group's widespread branch network and alternative distribution channels including ATMs, telephone banking, internet banking and mobile banking are utilized to serve customers in all segments. Treasury, Asset – Liability Management and other operations, mainly consist of treasury management's results, operations of supporting business units and other unallocated transactions.

Major balance sheet and income statement items based on operating segments:

The below table is prepared in accordance with the Management Information System (MIS) data of the Bank.

			Commercial	Other	Other	Treasury, Asset- Liability		
	Retail	Corporate	and SME	foreign	domestic	Management and	Consolidation	Total operations
Current Period	banking	banking	banking	operations	operations	Other	adjustments ⁽¹⁾	of the Group
Operating income	38.685.908	6.777.386	26.463.790	2.500.091	6.386.605	(7.818.706)	(110.802)	72.884.272
Operating expenses	(21.487.130)	2.200.762	(4.207.714)	(700.883)	(1.651.824)	(28.082.819)	110.802	(53.818.806)
Net operating income / (expense)	17.198.778	8.978.148	22.256.076	1.799.208	4.734.781	(35.901.525)	-	19.065.466
Dividend income ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	103.555	-	103.555
Profit/loss from equity method applied subsidiaries ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	740.773	-	740.773
Profit before tax	17.198.778	8.978.148	22.256.076	1.799.208	4.734.781	(35.057.197)	-	19.909.794
Tax expense ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	(2.504.215)	-	(2.504.215)
Net period income	17.198.778	8.978.148	22.256.076	1.799.208	4.734.781	(37.561.412)	-	17.405.579
Minority interest (-)	-	-	-	-	-	(1.006)	-	(1.006)
Group income/loss	17.198.778	8.978.148	22.256.076	1.799.208	4.734.781	(37.562.418)	-	17.404.573
Segment assets Investments in associates,	510.840.041	197.667.553	352.430.362	111.521.684	75.706.762	1.072.114.588	(8.604.023)	2.311.676.967
subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	-	-	8.293.073	-	8.293.073
Total assets	510.840.041	197.667.553	352.430.362	111.521.684	75.706.762	1.080.407.661	(8.604.023)	2.319.970.040
Segment liabilities	761.944.415	106.926.431	261.728.928	89.532.744	60.859.626	864.480.218	(8.604.023)	2.136.868.339
Shareholders' equity	-	-	-	-	-	183.101.701	-	183.101.701
Total liabilities	761.944.415	106.926.431	261.728.928	89.532.744	60.859.626	1.047.581.919	(8.604.023)	2.319.970.040

Notes to consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2024 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Prior Period ⁽³⁾	Retail banking	Corporate banking	Commercial and SME banking	Other foreign operations	Other domestic operations	Treasury, Asset- Liability Management and Other	Consolidation adjustments ⁽¹⁾	Total operations of the Group
Operating income	19.725.615	5.667.492	17.194.971	1.217.707	3.847.639	18.375.445	(63.644)	65.965.225
Operating expenses	(10.539.684)	(5.153.105)	(3.019.231)	(380.201)	(831.047)	(15.661.923)	63.644	(35.521.547)
Net operating income / (expense)	9.185.931	514.387	14.175.740	837.506	3.016.592	2.713.522	-	30.443.678
Dividend income ⁽²⁾ Profit/loss from equity method applied subsidiaries ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	19.749 509.486	-	19.749 509.486
Profit before tax	9.185.931	514.387	14.175.740	837.506	3.016.592	3.242.757	-	30.972.913
Tax expense ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	(6.855.817)	-	(6.855.817)
Net period income	9.185.931	514.387	14.175.740	837.506	3.016.592	(3.613.060)	-	24.117.096
Minority interest (-)	-	-	-	-	-	(625)	-	(625)
Group income/loss	9.185.931	514.387	14.175.740	837.506	3.016.592	(3.613.685)	-	24.116.471
Segment assets Investments in associates,	380.947.485	185.429.804	244.868.623	98.276.152	65.182.560	889.638.296	(8.109.458)	1.856.233.462
subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	-	-	7.139.938	-	7.139.938
Total assets	380.947.485	185.429.804	244.868.623	98.276.152	65.182.560	896.778.234	(8.109.458)	1.863.373.400
Segment liabilities Shareholders' equity	618.836.337	92.977.510	239.218.000	79.190.818	53.466.953 -	608.767.747 178.880.993	(7.964.958)	1.684.492.407 178.880.993
Total liabilities	618.836.337	92.977.510	239.218.000	79.190.818	53.466.953	787.648.740	(7.964.958)	1.863.373.400

Consolidation adjustments include transactions with subsidiaries and investments consolidated in these financial statements.
 Related items expenses have not been distributed based on operating segments and have been presented under "Treasury, Asset-Liability Management and Other".
 Income statements items presents the balances as of June 30, 2023.

Notes to consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2024 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Section Five - Explanations and notes related to consolidated financial statements

1. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets:

1.1. Information related to cash and the account of the Central Bank:

1.1.1. Information on cash and the account of the CBRT:

		Current Period					
	TL	FC	TL	FC			
Cash	5.403.670	17.837.962	3.656.106	18.521.163			
The CBRT ⁽¹⁾	142.627.216	149.211.256	98.386.789	142.963.897			
Other	-	20.136.985	-	15.511.534			
Total	148.030.886	187.186.203	102.042.895	176.996.594			

(1) The balance of gold amounting to TL 23.700.855 is accounted for under the Central Bank foreign currency account (December 31, 2023 - TL 17.611.624).

1.1.2. Information on the account of the CBRT:

		Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted demand amount ⁽¹⁾	88.340.452	63.114.740	86.406.051	59.857.962
Unrestricted time amount	-	-	-	-
Restricted time amount	-	-	-	-
Reserve requirement ⁽²⁾	54.286.764	86.096.516	11.980.738	83.105.935
Total	142.627.216	149.211.256	98.386.789	142.963.897

(1) The TL reserve requirement has been classified in "Central Bank Demand Unrestricted Account" based on the correspondence with BRSA letter as of January 3, 2008.

(2) The Group keeps TL, USD, EUR and Gold reserve deposits for its TL and FX liabilities at Central Bank accounts in accordance with the legislation of the Central Bank numbered 2013/15, "Decree on Reserve Deposits".

1.2. Information on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss:

The Group does not have financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss subject to repo transactions and there is no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss given as collateral/blocked (December 31, 2023 - None).

1.3. Information on derivative financial assets:

1.3.1. Positive differences related to derivative financial assets held for trading:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	869.744	156.452	814.178	9.974
Swap transactions	4.436.324	8.896.477	8.577.577	6.623.625
Futures transactions	530.512	-	4.012	-
Options	315.133	25.746	31.050	1.173
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	6.151.713	9.078.675	9.426.817	6.634.772

1.3.2. Positive differences related to derivative financial assets held for hedging:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
-	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair value hedges ⁽¹⁾	-	223.311	-	200.069
Cash flow hedges ⁽¹⁾	1.468.016	1.979.286	1.857.907	3.462.916
Hedges for investments made in foreign countries	-	-	-	-
Total	1.468.016	2.202.597	1.857.907	3.662.985

(1) Explained in Note 8 of section 4.

1.4. Information on banks:

1.4.1. Information on banks:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks				
Domestic	7.730.299	14.349.197	7.448.997	14.461.451
Foreign	1	34.940.417	1	34.911.727
Head quarters and foreign branches	-	-	-	-
Total	7.730.300	49.289.614	7.448.998	49.373.178

1.4.2. Information on money markets receivables:

As of June 30, 2024 the Group has no money market receivables (December 31, 2023 – None).

1.5. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income which are subject to repurchase agreements and given as collateral / blocked:

As of June 30, 2024 financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income given as repo transactions amounting to TL 20.366.704 (December 31, 2023 – TL 10.388.515). The securities subject to collateral/blocked are TL 12.222.610 (December 31, 2023 - TL 16.848.459).

1.6. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt securities	125.406.556	101.757.174
Quoted on stock exchange	125.402.317	101.756.131
Not quoted	4.239	1.043
Share certificates	243.849	242.543
Quoted on stock exchange	4.635	4.183
Not quoted	239.214	238.360
Impairment (-) ⁽¹⁾	5.812.233	4.981.728
Total	119.838.172	97.017.989

(1) Includes the negative differences between the acquisition cost and the market price, related to the securities portfolio.

1.7. Explanations on loans:

1.7.1. Information on all types of loans or advance balances given to shareholders and employees of the Group:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Direct loans granted to shareholders	-	-	-	-
Corporate shareholders	-	-	-	-
Real person shareholders	-	-	-	-
Indirect loans granted to shareholders	21.839	599.281	35.697	1.304.299
Loans granted to employees	1.271.870	4.062	923.666	3.906
Total	1.293.709	603.343	959.363	1.308.205

1.7.2. Information on the first and second group loans and other receivables and loans and other receivables that have been restructured or rescheduled:

		Loans under close monitoring		
			Loans under restructuring	
			Modifications on	
		Not under the scope	agreement	
Cash Loans	Standard Loans	of restructuring	conditions	Refinancing
Non-specialised loans	1.062.609.254	46.340.265	14.768.859	53.801.740
Loans given to enterprises	279.010.405	13.961.712	14.346.022	33.420.358
Export loans	130.334.613	5.286.353	376.932	4.312.999
Import loans	-	-	-	-
Loans given to financial sector	30.710.224	-	-	-
Consumer loans	197.895.136	14.247.155	8.506	3.612.186
Credit cards	282.970.362	10.510.415	-	5.162.297
Other	141.688.514	2.334.630	37.399	7.293.900
Specialised loans	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	52.281.197	1.584.425	-	-
Total	1.114.890.451	47.924.690	14.768.859	53.801.740

	Standard loans	Loans under close monitoring
12-month provisions for possible losses	5.901.772	-
Significant increase in credit risk	-	15.883.784
Total	5.901.772	15.883.784

1.7.3. Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, personnel loans and personnel credit cards:

	Medium			
	Short-term	and long-term	Total	
Consumer loans-TL	66.426.957	88.729.982	155.156.939	
Real estate loans	12.241	15.377.238	15.389.479	
Automotive loans	5.312.529	11.220.612	16.533.141	
Consumer loans	61.102.187	62.132.132	123.234.319	
Other	-	-	-	
Consumer loans-FC indexed	-	28.156	28.156	
Real estate loans	-	28.156	28.156	
Automotive loans	-	-	_	
Consumer loans	-	-		
Other	_	-	-	
Consumer loans-FC	48.926	1.817.172	1.866.098	
Real estate loans	4.858	825.425	830.283	
Automotive loans	-	922	922	
Consumer loans	11.503	945.222	956.725	
Other	32.565	45.603	78.168	
Individual credit cards-TL	250.223.029	2.309.325	252.532.354	
With installments	109.246.592	1.863.571	111.110.163	
Without installments	140.976.437	445.754	141.422.191	
Individual credit cards-FC				
With installments	917.259	183.402	1.100.661	
	22.080	162.309	184.389	
Without installments	895.179	21.093	916.272	
Personnel loans-TL	204.088	246.862	450.950	
Real estate loans	-	2.184	2.184	
Automotive loans	9.104	4.563	13.667	
Consumer loans	194.984	240.115	435.099	
Other Personnel loans-FC indexed	-	-		
	-	-	-	
Real estate loans	-	-	-	
Automotive loans	-	-	-	
Consumer loans	-	-		
Other	-	-	-	
Personnel loans-FC	1.190	112.769	113.959	
Real estate loans	-	-	-	
Automotive loans	-	-	-	
Consumer loans	1.190	112.769	113.959	
Other	-	-	-	
Personnel credit cards-TL	619.368	373	619.741	
With installments	291.359	66	291.425	
Without installments	328.009	307	328.316	
Personnel credit cards-FC	9.478	2.439	11.917	
With installments	-	2.439	2.439	
Without installments	9.478	-	9.478	
Credit deposit account-TL (Real Person) ⁽¹⁾	58.146.708	-	58.146.708	
Credit deposit account-FC (Real Person)	173	-	173	
Total	376.597.176	93.430.480	470.027.656	

(1) TL 75.303 of the credit deposit account belongs to the loans used by personnel.

1.7.4. Information on installment based commercial loans and corporate credit cards:

	Current Period		
		Medium	
	Short-term	and long-term	Total
Commercial installments loans-TL	9.323.664	101.090.615	110.414.279
Business loans	580	1.173.110	1.173.690
Automotive loans	2.740.712	28.383.404	31.124.116
Consumer loans	6.582.372	71.534.101	78.116.473
Commercial installments loans-FC indexed	-	-	-
Business loans	-	-	-
Automotive loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-
Corporate credit cards-TL	43.913.647	442.259	44.355.906
With installment	18.195.796	440.773	18.636.569
Without installment	25.717.851	1.486	25.719.337
Corporate credit cards-FC	22.253	242	22.495
With installment	-	-	-
Without installment	22.253	242	22.495
Credit deposit account-TL (legal person)	5.530.235	-	5.530.235
Total	58.789.799	101.533.116	160.322.915

1.7.5. Distribution of domestic and foreign loans⁽¹⁾:

Distribution has been disclosed based on the location where the customers operate:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Domestic loans	1.181.309.642	916.706.846
Foreign loans	50.076.098	47.511.338
Total	1.231.385.740	964.218.184

(1) Non-performing loans are not included.

1.7.6. Loans granted to associates and subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Direct loans granted to associates and subsidiaries	72.335	46.769
Indirect loans granted to associates and subsidiaries	-	-
Total	72.335	46.769

1.7.7. Information on credit-impaired (Stage 3):

	Current Period	Prior Period
Loans and other receivables with limited collectability	4.435.870	2.075.684
Loans and other receivables with doubtful collectability	4.863.233	6.932.381
Uncollectible loans and other receivables	11.269.783	10.708.775
Total	20.568.886	19.716.840

1.7.8. Information on non-performing loans (net):

1.7.8.1. Information on non-performing loans restructured or rescheduled, and other receivables:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with limited	Loans with doubtful	
	collectibility	collectibility	Uncollectible loans
Current Period			
(Gross amounts before provisions)	1.180.840	1.383.045	5.916.904
Restructured loans	1.180.840	1.383.045	5.916.904
Prior Period			
(Gross amounts before provisions)	587.712	809.841	6.835.454
Restructured loans	587.712	809.841	6.835.454

1.7.8.2. Information on the movement of total non-performing loans:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with limited collectibility	Loans with doubtful collectibility	Uncollectible loans
Prior Period	3.176.600	10.496.595	14.914.097
Additions (+)	10.336.813	678.747	3.025.369
Transfers from other categories of non-performing loans (+)	-	5.723.311	8.749.591
Transfer to other categories of non- performing loans (-)	5.723.311	8.749.591	-
Collections (-)	1.175.592	1.428.127	4.359.380
FX valuation differences	2.089	87	121.827
Write-offs (-)			1.747
Sale (-)	-	-	2.066.423
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	315.930
Consumer loans	-	-	1.358.705
Credit cards	-	-	391.788
Other	-	-	-
Current Period	6.616.599	6.721.022	20.383.334
Provision (-)	4.435.870	4.863.233	11.269.783
Net balance on balance sheet	2.180.729	1.857.789	9.113.551

TL 2.321.431 of non-performing loans, some of which were written off in previous periods, were sold to various asset management companies, by the decisions of the board of directors for TL 922.750.

1.7.8.3. Information on non-performing loans granted as foreign currency loans:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with limited collectibility	Loans with doubtful collectibility	Uncollectible loans
Current Period	•	•	
Period end balance	1.100.711	550.661	13.467.046
Provision (-)	941.080	505.353	5.582.650
Net balance on-balance sheet	159.631	45.308	7.884.396
Prior Period			
Period end balance	187.982	6.885.068	8.013.781
Provision (-)	177.722	4.353.764	4.985.900
Net balance on-balance sheet	10.260	2.531.304	3.027.881

1.7.8.4. Information on the gross and net amounts of the non-performing loans according to types of borrowers:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with limited	Loans with doubtful	
	collectibility	collectibility	Uncollectible loans
Current Period (net)	2.180.729	1.857.789	9.113.551
Loans granted to real persons and corporate entities (gross)	6.616.599	6.721.022	20.299.171
Provision amount (-)	4.435.870	4.863.233	11.185.620
Loans granted to real persons and corporate entities (net)	2.180.729	1.857.789	9.113.551
Banks (gross)	-	-	774
Provision amount (-)	-	-	774
Banks (net)	-	-	-
Other loans (gross)	-	-	83.389
Provision amount (-)	-	-	83.389
Other loans (net)	-	-	-
Prior Period (net)	1.100.916	3.564.214	4.205.322
Loans granted to real persons and corporate entities (gross)	3.176.600	10.496.595	14.829.423
Provision amount (-)	2.075.684	6.932.381	10.624.101
Loans granted to real persons and corporate entities (net)	1.100.916	3.564.214	4.205.322
Banks (gross)	-	-	774
Provision amount (-)	-	-	774
Banks (net)	-	-	-
Other loans (gross)	-	-	83.900
Provision amount (-)	-	-	83.900
Other loans (net)	-	-	-

1.7.8.5. Information on interest accruals, rediscounts and valuation differences calculated for non-performing loans and their provisions:

	III. Group	IV. Group	V. Group
	Loans with limited collectibility	Loans with doubtful collectibility	Uncollectible loans
Current Period (net)	360.214	274.270	215.315
Interest accruals and rediscounts and valuation differences	882.213	856.943	1.773.999
Provision amount (-)	521.999	582.673	1.558.684
Prior Period (net)	132.452	195.355	199.668
Interest accruals and rediscounts and valuation differences	327.091	605.675	1.610.291
Provision amount (-)	194.639	410.320	1.410.623

1.7.9. Explanation on liquidation policy for uncollectible loans and receivables:

Uncollectible loans and receivables, which are classified in accordance with the Provisioning Regulation, are collected through legal follow-up, voluntary payments and liquidation of collaterals.

1.7.10. Explanation on "Write-off" policies:

In order to ensure the liquidation of non-performing loans and other receivables related to the liquidation policy, to provide the maximum collection all possible alternatives within the framework of the legislation are applied, and in case of collection, liquidation or receivables with no possibility of restructuring, the legal follow-up and conversion of collaterals into cash method is applied.

The receivables that are determined to be uncollectible in the Legal Follow-up process regarding the write-off policy can be deleted by the resolution of the Board of Directors by fulfilling the requirements in the relevant laws, regulations and internal directives.

Besides, in accordance with the changes on "Provisioning Regulation" published in the Official Gazette No. 30961 dated November 27, 2019 by BRSA, the Parent Bank, during the period deemed appropriate under TFRS 9, may write off part of the loans in appropriate meantime for which the Parent Bank has no reasonable expectation of recovery and that are classified under group 5 with a life time expected credit loss due to the default of debtor, in an appropriate timeline starting from the following reporting date that the loan is classified in group 5. Write off is only an accounting application in accordance with the related change in the regulation and it does not result in waive from the Parent Bank's right to receive.

1.8. Information on financial assets at amortized cost:

1.8.1. Information on financial assets measured at amortised cost which are subject to repurchase agreements and given as collateral / blocked:

As of June 30, 2024 financial assets measured at amortised cost given as repo transactions amounting to TL 177.695.863 (December 31, 2023 – TL 53.304.273). The securities subject to collateral/blocked are TL 106.343.516 (December 31, 2023 – TL 122.737.604).

1.8.2. Information on public sector debt securities measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Government bond	351.450.709	302.772.173
Treasury bill	-	-
Other debt securities	21.922.865	15.340.921
Total	373.373.574	318.113.094

1.8.3. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt securities	384.725.483	326.959.503
Quoted on stock exchange	384.725.483	326.959.503
Not quoted	-	-
Impairment (-) ⁽¹⁾	11.351.909	8.846.409
Total	373.373.574	318.113.094

(1) Includes amortization of the premiums paid during the purchase of the securities throughout the maturity of the securities.

1.8.4. Movement of financial assets measured at amortized cost within the period:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Beginning balance	318.113.094	168.826.257
Foreign currency differences on monetary assets ⁽¹⁾	38.363.790	88.902.326
Purchases during year	26.563.056	70.084.788
Disposals through sales and redemptions(-)	7.160.866	5.514.015
Impairment (-) ⁽²⁾	2.505.500	4.186.262
Period end balance	373.373.574	318.113.094

(1) Also includes the changes in the interest income accruals.

(2) Includes amortization of the premiums paid during the purchase of the securities throughout the maturity of the securities.

1.9. Information on investments in associates (net):

1.9.1. Information on unconsolidated investments in associates:

			The Parent Bank's	Bank's risk
		Adduose	shareholding percentage	group
		Address	 if different voting 	shareholding
No	Description	(City/ Country)	percentage (%)	percentage (%)
1	Tanı Pazarlama ve İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş.	Istanbul/Türkiye	38,05	38,05
2	Kredi Kayıt Bürosu ⁽¹⁾	Istanbul/ Türkiye	18,18	18,18
3	Bankalararası Kart Merkezi A.Ş ⁽¹⁾	Istanbul/ Türkiye	4,89	4,89

1.9.2. Main financial figures of the investments in associates in the order of the above table:

	Total	Shareholders'	Total fixed	Interest	Income from marketable securities	Current period profit /	Prior period	Market
No	assets	equity	assets	Income	portfolio	loss	profit / loss	Value
1	258.620	(357.868)	120.391	577	-	(173.684)	(58.433)	-
2	1.452.661	498.628	754.716	18.995	-	190.914	33.517	-
3	3.849.876	3.495.927	910.463	217.892	-	424.331	955.578	-

(1) Financial statement information is March 31, 2024.

1.9.3. Consolidated investments in associates:

1.9.4. Information on consolidated investments in associates:

				Other
			The Parent Bank's	Shareholders'
			shareholding percentage	shareholding
		Address	 if different voting 	percentage
No	Description	(City/ Country)	percentage (%)	(%) ⁽¹⁾
1	Banque de Commerce et de Placements S.A.	Geneva/ Switzerland	30,67	-
2	Allianz Yaşam ve Emeklilik A.Ş.	Istanbul/ Türkiye	-	20,00

(1) The other shareholders represent the consolidated Group companies.

1.9.5. Main financial figures of the consolidated investments in associates in order of the above table:

No	Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Total fixed assets	Interest Income	Income from marketable securities portfolio	Current period profit / loss	Prior period profit / loss	Market Value
1	152.267.202	24.503.232	67.574	3.647.478	595.642	1.177.089	755.111	-
2	17.106.898	4.908.883	317.844	2.318.475	-	1.641.186	905.383	-

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş. Notes to consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2024

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

1.9.6. Movement of consolidated investments in associates:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the period	7.069.176	3.526.931
Movements during the period	1.153.135	3.542.245
Purchases	-	-
Bonus shares obtained profit from current year's share	-	-
Profit from current year's income	740.773	1.623.787
Sales(-)	-	-
Foreign exchange gain/(loss) items from the foreign subsidiaries ⁽¹⁾	679.478	2.123.083
Impairment (-) ⁽²⁾	267.116	204.625
Balance at the end of the period	8.222.311	7.069.176
Capital commitments	-	-
Shareholding percentage at the end of the period (%)	-	-

Includes the differences in the other comprehensive income related with the equity method accounting. Includes dividend income received in the current period. (1)

(2)

1.9.7. Information on sectors and the carrying amounts of consolidated investments in associates:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Banks	7.132.159	6.170.284
Insurance companies	1.090.152	898.892
Total financial investments	8.222.311	7.069.176

1.9.8. Investments in associates quoted on stock exchange:

None (December 31, 2023-None).

1.10. Information on subsidiaries (net):

There is no deficit of regulatory limits on capital structure of the subsidiaries which are included in the consolidated capital adequacy ratio calculation in accordance with the capital adequacy ratio limits.

1.10.1. Information on shareholders' equity of the significant subsidiaries:

	Yapı Kredi Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Yapı Kredi Faktoring A.Ş.	Yapı Kredi Finansal Kiralama A.O.	Yapı Kredi Portföy Yönetimi A.Ş.	Yapı Kredi Bank Nederland N.V.
Core capital					
Paid in Capital	98.918	130.000	389.928	32.642	112.442
Inflation adjustment to share capital	-	-	-	-	-
Share premium	-	-	-	-	-
Other Capital Reserves	117.569	-	(217.104)	-	-
Other comprehensive income that will					
not be classified under profit or loss	15.919	(20.504)	(42.437)	(6.479)	-
Other comprehensive income that will			· · /	· · · ·	
be classified under profit or loss	262	-	(1.663)	-	14.957.584
Legal Reserves	98.890	26.000	79.305	44.228	-
Extraordinary Reserves	3.879.330	1.619.575	5.351.463	-	3.477.456
Other Profit Reserves	-	-	-	-	-
Income or Loss	1.871.760	537.904	1.036.261	934.336	1.241.259
Current Year Income/Loss	1.941.706	537.904	947.846	571.715	1.241.259
Prior Years' Income/Loss	(69.946)	-	88.415	362.621	-
Leasehold improvements (-)	-	1.077	581	223	47
Intangible assets (-)	91.299	14.918	92.280	2.400	1.967
Total Tier I capital	5.991.349	2.276.980	6.502.892	1.002.104	19.786.727
Tier II capital	25.160	88.104	247.868	-	133.128
Capital	6.016.509	2.365.084	6.750.760	1.002.104	19.919.855
Deductions from the capital	-	-	-	-	-
Total shareholders' equity	6.016.509	2.365.084	6.750.760	1.002.104	19.919.855

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.

Notes to consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2024

(Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

The above information is based on the information extracted from the individual financial statements of subsidiaries, used for consolidated financial statements of the Bank as of June 30, 2024.

The internal capital adequacy for the subsidiaries is calculated with the model and approaches used in the Parent Bank within the scope of the consolidated ICAAP report.

Paid-in capital is a capital which have been disclosed as Turkish Lira in the articles of incorporation and registered in trade register.

Inflation adjustment to share capital is the adjustment difference arising from inflation accounting.

Extraordinary Reserves are the reserves which represent the remaining net income of the previous periods after providing the legal reserves in accordance with the General Assembly of the Bank.

Legal reserves are the income reserves that are provided according to the first paragraph and the third subparagraph of the second paragraph of the article no 466 and no 467 of the Turkish Commercial Code No. 6762 allocated as capital reserves separated from annual profit according to the laws of foundation.

1.10.2. Unconsolidated subsidiaries:

1.10.2.1. Information on unconsolidated subsidiaries

Since the subsidiaries below are not financial subsidiaries, the related subsidiaries are unconsolidated and are carried at restated cost.

	Description	Address (City/ Country)	The Parent Bank's shareholding percentage - if different voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group shareholding percentage (%)
1	Yapı Kredi-Kültür Sanat Yayıncılık Tic. ve San. A.Ş.	Istanbul/ Türkiye	100,00	100,00
2	Enternasyonal Turizm Yatırım A.Ş.	Istanbul/ Türkiye	99,99	99,99
3	Yapı Kredi Teknoloji A.Ş.	Istanbul/ Türkiye	100,00	100,00
4	Yapı Kredi Finansal Teknolojiler A.Ş.	Istanbul/ Türkiye	100,00	100,00

1.10.2.2. Main financial figures of the subsidiaries in order of the above table:

	Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Total fixed assets	Interest Income	Income from marketable securities portfolio	Current period profit / loss	Prior period profit / loss	Market Value
1	255.761	107.417	13.544	204	-	10.750	8.951	-
2	898.106	885.046	734.815	7.345	-	9.791	2.799	-
3	175.250	70.152	66.688	9.253	-	15.837	2.988	-
4	25.015	25.015	-	-	-	-	-	-

1.10.3. Consolidated subsidiaries:

1.10.3.1. Information on consolidated subsidiaries:

	Subsidiary	Address (City/ Country)	The Parent Bank's shareholding percentage - if different voting percentage (%)	Bank's risk group shareholding percentage (%)
1	Yapı Kredi Holding B.V.	Amsterdam/Nederlands	100,00	100,00
2	Yapı Kredi Menkul	Istanbul/ Türkiye	99,98	100,00
3	Yapı Kredi Faktoring	Istanbul/ Türkiye	99,95	100,00
4	Yapı Kredi Leasing	Istanbul/ Türkiye	99,99	99,99
5	Yapı Kredi Portföy	Istanbul/ Türkiye	12,65	99,99
6	Yapı Kredi Bank Nederland NV ⁽²⁾	Amsterdam/Nederlands	67,24	100,00
7	Yapı Kredi Azerbaycan	Bakü/Azerbaijan	99,80	100,00

(1) Includes the balances for Stiching Custody Services YKB.

Although Yapı Kredi Diversified Payment Rights Finance Company ("Special Purpose Entity") which is established for future flow transactions of Yapı Kredi is not a subsidiary, it is included in the consolidation.

Main financial figures of the consolidated subsidiaries in the order of the above table: 1.10.3.2.

	Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Total fixed assets	Interest income	Income from marketable securities portfolio	Current period profit / loss	Prior period profit /loss	Market value
1	123.047	120.694	-	-	-	12.371	1.932	-
2	17.396.504	6.082.648	178.940	3.187.852	20.945	1.941.706	1.277.310	-
3	17.321.932	2.292.975	31.309	2.645.032	-	537.904	360.229	-
4	40.856.698	6.595.753	101.278	3.661.912	-	947.846	835.643	-
5	1.249.485	1.004.727	5.851	217.956	-	571.715	245.648	-
6	100.973.670	19.788.741	53.887	3.164.692	254.184	1.241.259	573.453	-
7	10.472.313	2.126.852	441.284	364.155	46.751	83.409	47.644	-

1.10.4. Movement schedule of consolidated subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at the beginning of the period	31.525.881	17.905.733
Movements during the period	6.391.651	13.620.148
Purchases	-	-
Free shares obtained profit from current years share	-	-
Share of current year income	5.105.490	6.974.755
Sales (-)	-	-
Revaluation increase/decrease ⁽¹⁾	1.539.732	6.915.441
Impairment (-) ⁽²⁾	253.571	270.048
Balance at the end of the period	37.917.532	31.525.881
Capital commitments	-	-
Shareholding percentage at the end of the period (%)	-	-

Includes the differences in the other comprehensive income related with the equity method accounting.
 Includes dividend income received in the corresponded period.

1.10.5. Sectoral information on financial subsidiaries and the related carrying amounts:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Banks	15.429.177	13.390.646
Insurance companies	-	-
Factoring companies	2.291.883	1.758.494
Leasing companies	6.595.347	5.694.593
Finance companies	-	-
Other financial subsidiaries	13.601.125	10.682.148
Total financial subsidiaries	37.917.532	31.525.881

1.10.6. Subsidiaries quoted on stock exchange:

None (December 31, 2023 - None).

1.11. Information on joint ventures (net):

1.11.1. Unconsolidated joint ventures:

None (December 31, 2023 - None).

1.12. Information on lease receivables (net):

1.12.1. Breakdown according to maturities:

		Current Period			
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	
Less than 1 year	22.526.514	16.370.743	17.780.312	13.141.356	
Between 1- 4 years	22.614.838	19.089.147	20.306.566	17.261.168	
More than 4 years	1.844.986	1.712.926	2.222.712	2.048.502	
Total	46.986.338	37.172.816	40.309.590	32.451.026	

1.12.2. Information for net investments in finance leases:

		Prior Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Gross lease receivables	20.665.570	26.320.768	16.152.056	24.157.534
Unearned financial income from leases (-)	6.614.398	3.199.124	4.952.459	2.906.105
Amount of cancelled leases (-)	-	-	-	-
Total	14.051.172	23.121.644	11.199.597	21.251.429

1.13. Information on investment property:

None. (December 31, 2023 - None).

1.14. Information on deferred tax:

There is a deferred tax asset amounting to TL 15.604.202 and deferred tax liability amounting to TL 14.478 as of June 30, 2024 reflected in the consolidated financial statements after the deferred tax assets and liabilities of each entity in consolidation has been netted off in their standalone financial statements as per TAS 12 (December 31, 2023 - TL 9.144.125 deferred tax asset and TL 14.044 deferred tax liability).

1.15. Movement schedule of assets held for sale and related to discontinued operations:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Net book value at the beginning of the period	1.074.724	1.085.705
Additions ⁽¹⁾	116.120	108.526
Disposals (-), net	780.829	150.197
Impairment reversal	-	-
Impairment (-)	-	-
Translation differences	5.290	30.690
Net book value at the end of the period	415.305	1.074.724
Cost at the end of the period	417.804	1.077.106
Accumulated depreciation at the end of the period (-)	2.499	2.382
Net book value at the end of the period	415.305	1.074.724

(1) In current period, the carrying value of asset held for sale with a right of repurchase is TL 90.976 (December 31, 2023 – TL 16.000). The total net carrying value of asset held for sale with a right of repurchase is TL 206.829 (December 31, 2023 – TL 882.752).

As of June 30, 2024, the Group booked impairment provision on assets held for sale with an amount of TL 2.120 (December 31, 2023 – TL 2.120).

1.16. Information on other assets:

As of June 30, 2024, other assets do not exceed 10% of the total assets.

2. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities:

2.1. Information on deposits:

2.1.1. Information on maturity structure of deposits/collected funds⁽¹⁾:

		Un to 1			6 Month-1	1 Year	Accumulative savings	
Current Period	Demand	Up to 1 month	1-3 Month	3-6 Month	Violitii-1 Year	and over	account	Total
Saving deposits	114.983.968	10.636.054	146.392.130	118.548.271	89.944.628	6.318.845	105	486.824.001
Foreign currency	269.214.739	29.769.683	59.809.203	8.950.664	16.051.544	16.401.700	-	400.197.533
deposits								
Residents in Türkiye	238.068.870	20.484.714	55.038.557	4.095.038	3.438.505	1.068.621	-	322.194.305
Residents abroad	31.145.869	9.284.969	4.770.646	4.855.626	12.613.039	15.333.079	-	78.003.228
Public sector deposits	9.275.195	3.545.927	59.989	25.295	1.827	-	-	12.908.233
Commercial deposits	63.357.810	24.530.339	118.857.241	22.397.273	29.556.535	3.070.298	-	261.769.496
Other institutions	1.300.388	1.281.561	7.580.685	630.958	1.284.488	122	-	12.078.202
deposits								
Precious metals vault	86.736.217	-	1.976.964	-	1.165.684	223.741	-	90.102.606
Bank deposits	1.562.701	11.450.345	23.230.633	5.517.047	6.459.410	1.500.352	-	49.720.488
The CBRT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	66.192	10.356.223	1.185.146	5.501.310	6.459.410	1.500.352	-	25.068.633
Foreign banks	803.069	1.094.122	22.045.487	15.737	-	-	-	23.958.415
Participation banks	693.440	-	-	-	-	-	-	693.440
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	546.431.018	81.213.909	357.906.845	156.069.508	144.464.116	27.515.058	105	1.313.600.559

		Up to 1			6 Month-1	1 Year	Accumulative savings	
Prior Period	Demand	month	1-3 Month	3-6 Month	Year	and over	account	Total
Saving deposits	71.511.573	12.327.501	180.557.819	67.064.162	63.658.295	4.046.974	189	399.166.513
Foreign currency	256.921.928	46.294.507	56.538.991	9.577.938	10.072.916	12.503.350	-	391.909.630
deposits								
Residents in Türkiye	228.614.999	36.860.459	49.196.792	5.996.874	1.815.433	860.103	-	323.344.660
Residents abroad	28.306.929	9.434.048	7.342.199	3.581.064	8.257.483	11.643.247	-	68.564.970
Public sector deposits	5.846.024	3.115.835	119.870	18.835	1.508	-	-	9.102.072
Commercial deposits	53.894.753	23.519.689	76.366.803	17.454.437	27.091.967	2.032.242	-	200.359.891
Other institutions	755.091	919.243	4.980.443	1.066.252	521.736	169	-	8.242.934
deposits								
Precious metals vault	64.458.794	-	1.854.413	-	1.070.896	203.323	-	67.587.426
Bank deposits	1.142.440	6.681.561	13.579.519	4.878.101	5.732.620	502.969	-	32.517.210
The CBRT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	56.021	6.626.558	1.264.438	4.878.101	5.732.620	502.969	-	19.060.707
Foreign banks	626.041	55.003	12.315.081	-	-	-	-	12.996.125
Participation banks	460.378	-	-	-	-	-	-	460.378
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	454.530.603	92.858.336	333.997.858	100.059.725	108.149.938	19.289.027	189	1.108.885.676

(1) Within the scope of the "Decision on Supporting Deposit and Participation Accounts Against Exchange Rate Increases (Decision No: 5206)" published in the Official Gazette dated February 24, 2022 and numbered 31760, and the CBRT's communiqués numbered 2021/14, 2021/16, 2022/7 and 2022/11, the "Currency protected TL deposit" which provide protection against foreign currency exchange rate changes for TL deposits, as of the reporting date amounting to TL 173.685.265 (December 31, 2023 – TL 222.335.968).

2.1.2. Information on deposits insurance:

2.1.2.1. Information on deposits under the guarantee of the deposits insurance fund and exceeding the limit of deposit insurance fund:

	Under the guarantee of	deposit insurance	Exceeding limit of the deposit insurance		
Saving deposits	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	
Deposits	212.161.932	141.654.843	275.088.359	257.622.518	
Foreign currency saving deposits	112.664.423	89.012.805	154.885.260	162.954.856	
Other deposits	48.575.568	32.917.070	30.774.224	27.761.034	
Foreign branches' deposits under foreign					
authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-	
Off-shore banking regions' deposits under					
foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-	
-					
	Under the guarantee of	deposit insurance	Exceeding limit of the o	deposit insurance	
T 1 (1)(1) 1 1 (1)	C (D)]		C (D)]		

	Under the guarantee of	deposit insurance	Exceeding limit of the deposit insurance	
Legal entities' deposits	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Deposits	29.751.287	22.152.450	195.394.217	163.557.160
Foreign currency saving deposits	9.806.185	7.476.116	137.596.418	144.343.906
Other deposits	1.562.625	1.068.231	9.189.536	5.845.003
Foreign branches' deposits under foreign				
authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-
Off-shore banking regions' deposits under				
foreign authorities' insurance	-	-	-	-

2.1.2.2. Deposits which are not under the guarantee of saving deposit insurance fund:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Foreign branches' deposits and other accounts	3.607.493	3.338.299
Saving deposits and other accounts of controlling shareholders and deposits of		
their mother, father, spouse, children in care	-	-
Saving deposits and other accounts of president and members of board of directors		
CEO and vice presidents and deposits of their mother, father, spouse, children in care	1.217.174	618.144
Saving deposits and other accounts in scope of the property holdings derived		
from crime defined in article 282 of Turkish criminal law no:5237 dated 26.09.2004	-	-
Saving deposits in deposit bank which is established in Türkiye in order to		
engage in off-shore banking activities solely	-	-

2.2. Information on trading derivative financial liabilities:

2.2.1. Negative differences table for derivative financial liabilities held for trading:

	Current Period			Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	397.457	98.135	180.708	67.847
Swap transactions	10.020.293	7.153.427	4.485.127	6.782.595
Futures transactions	18.247	-	10.023	-
Options	148.499	32.561	92.336	15.133
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	10.584.496	7.284.123	4.768.194	6.865.575

2.2.2. Negative differences table for derivative financial liabilities held for hedging:

	Current Period			Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Fair value hedges ⁽¹⁾	-	14.789	-	358
Cash flow hedges (1)	20.660	-	32.334	-
Hedges for investments made in foreign countries	-	-	-	-
Total	20.660	14.789	32.334	358

(1) Explained in Note 8 of section 4.

2.3. Information on banks and other financial institutions:

2.3.1. Information on borrowings:

		Current Period			
	TL	FC	TL	FC	
CBRT borrowings	-	-	-	-	
From domestic banks and institutions	13.116.786	13.722.610	11.757.504	10.615.941	
From foreign banks, institutions and funds	29.634.169	176.511.649	660.191	138.001.207	
Total	42.750.955	190.234.259	12.417.695	148.617.148	

2.3.2. Information on maturity structure of borrowings:

		Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term	40.357.645	43.289.878	9.920.235	30.605.554
Medium and long-term	2.393.310	146.944.381	2.497.460	118.011.594
Total	42.750.955	190.234.259	12.417.695	148.617.148

2.3.3. Information on marketable securities issued

		Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Bills	15.825.460	20.999.591	10.221.955	10.933.847
Asset backed securities (1)	-	17.436.558	-	16.325.139
Bonds ⁽²⁾	359.155	62.196.536	402.929	59.156.129
Total	16.184.615	100.632.685	10.624.884	86.415.115

(1) The Group obtains borrowings via its structured entity, Diversified Payment Rights Finance Company, with future flow transactions which is founded on its

future money transfers within its funding program.
(2) Does not include mortgage backed securities as of June 30, 2024 (December 31, 2023 – TL 402.929).

2.3.4. Information on financial liabilities fair value through profit or loss:

The Group classified some of its financial liabilities as the financial liabilities classified at fair value through profit/loss in order to eliminate the accounting mismatch at the initial recognition in accordance with TFRS 9. As of June 30, 2024, the total amount of financial liabilities classified as fair value through profit/loss is TL 74.528.288 (December 31, 2023 – TL 71.167.000) with an accrued interest income of TL 484.544 (December 31, 2023 - TL 564.874 income) and with a fair value difference of TL 78.860 recognized as an expense (December 31, 2023 - TL 1.398.345 expense). On the other hand, the nominal amounts of the total return swaps and bond forwards which are closely related with these financial liabilities as of June 30, 2024 are TL 76.302.887 (December 31, 2023 – TL 71.731.874) for buy legs and sell legs with a fair value differences amounting to TL 1.202.560 liability (December 31, 2023 – TL 71.247.239 liability). The mentioned total return swaps have 9 year maturity in average.

2.4. Information on other liabilities:

As of June 30, 2024, other liabilities do not exceed 10% of the total balance sheet commitments.

2.5. Information on lease payables:

	C	Current Period		
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 year	1.493.787	1.077.949	1.092.047	780.132
Between 1-4 Years	2.849.122	2.056.601	2.139.774	1.533.116
More than 4 Years	2.024.821	1.477.887	1.513.897	1.088.257
Total	6.367.730	4.612.437	4.745.718	3.401.505

2.6. Information on provisions:

2.6.1. Information on provision for employee benefits:

In accordance with Turkish Labour Law, the reserve for employment termination benefits is calculated as the present value of the probable future obligation in case of the retirement of employees. "TAS 19 - Employee Benefits" necessitates actuarial valuation methods to calculate the liabilities of enterprises.

The following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of total liabilities:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Discount rate (%)	2,90	2,90
Possibility of being eligible for retirement (%)	94,92	94,92

The principal actuarial assumption is that the maximum liability will increase in line with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the effects of future inflation. As the annual ceiling is revised semi-annually, the ceiling of full TL 41.828,42 effective from July 1, 2024 has been taken into consideration in calculating the provision for employee benefit.

Movement of employment termination benefits liability in the balance sheet:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Prior period ending balance	3.283.393	2.845.025
Changes during the period	242.139	339.285
Recognized in equity	564.382	829.753
Paid during the period	(276.830)	(730.670)
Balance at the end of the period	3.813.084	3.283.393

In addition, the Group has accounted for unused vacation provision amounting to TL 1.368.741 as of June 30, 2024 (December 31, 2023 – TL 769.039).

2.6.2. Information on provisions related with the foreign currency difference of foreign currency indexed loans:

None (December 31, 2023 – None).

2.6.3. Information on other provisions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Pension fund provision	10.027.806	10.027.806
Provisions on non-funded non cash loans	1.443.269	1.508.223
Generic provisions on non cash loans	1.186.336	1.786.242
Provision for lawsuits	323.164	346.390
Provisions for credit cards and promotion campaigns related to banking services	265.011	195.116
Other	1.767.092	3.999.749
Total	15.012.678	17.863.526

2.7. Explanations on tax liability:

2.7.1. Information on taxes payable:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Banking Insurance Transaction Tax ("BITT")	3.070.945	1.900.419
Corporate Tax Payable	5.150.289	4.532.965
Taxation of Marketable Securities Income	1.479.946	563.484
Value Added Tax Payable	194.440	122.517
Foreign Exchange Transaction Tax	19.091	23.308
Property Tax	14.168	11.526
Other	426.956	536.658
Total	10.355.835	7.690.877

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2.7.2. Information on premium payables:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social security premiums - employee	11.848	8.731
Social security premiums - employer	15.334	15.642
Bank pension fund premiums - employee	176.153	124.465
Bank pension fund premiums - employer	245.151	172.801
Pension fund deposit and provisions - employee	-	-
Pension fund deposit and provisions - employer	-	-
Unemployment insurance - employee	12.575	8.884
Unemployment insurance - employer	25.278	17.809
Other	-	-
Total	486.339	348.332

2.8. Liabilities for property and equipment held for sale and related to discontinued operations (net):

None (December 31, 2023 - None).

2.9. Information on subordinated debt⁽¹⁾:

Cu	Current Period		Prior Period	
TL	FC	TL	FC	
-	16.799.556	-	20.355.837	
-	-	-	-	
-	16.799.556	-	20.355.837	
1.402.694	39.531.706	1.260.412	15.229.890	
-	-	-	-	
1.402.694	39.531.706	1.260.412	15.229.890	
1.402.694	56.331.262	1.260.412	35.585.727	
-	TL - - 1.402.694 - 1.402.694	TL FC - 16.799.556 - 16.799.556 1.402.694 39.531.706 1.402.694 39.531.706	TL FC TL - 16.799.556 - - 16.799.556 - - 16.799.556 - 1.402.694 39.531.706 1.260.412 1.402.694 39.531.706 1.260.412	

) Subordinated loans are explained in detail in the Note "Information on debt instruments included in the calculation of equity" in section four.

2.10. Information on shareholders' equity:

2.10.1. Presentation of paid-in capital:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common shares	8.447.051	8.447.051
Preferred shares	-	-

2.10.2. Amount of paid-in capital, disclosure of whether the Bank's registered capital system is applied and if applied registered capital ceiling:

Capital System	Paid-In Capital	Registered Share Capital Ceiling
Registered Capital System	8.447.051	15.000.000

2.10.3. Information on the share capital increases during the period and the sources:

None (December 31, 2023– None).

2.10.4. Information on transfers from capital reserves to capital during the current period:

None (December 31, 2023 - None).

2.10.5. Information on capital commitments, until the end of the fiscal year and the subsequent interim period:

None (December 31, 2023 - None).

2.10.6. Information on prior period's indicators on the Group's income, profitability and liquidity, and possible effects of these future assumptions on the Bank's equity due to uncertainties of these indicators:

The interest, liquidity, and foreign exchange risk related to on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet assets and liabilities are managed by the Parent Bank within several risk and legal limits.

2.10.7. Privileges on the corporate stock:

None (December 31, 2023 - None).

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2.10.8. Information on value increase fund of marketable securities:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From investments in associates, subsidiaries, and joint ventures	-	-	-	-
Revaluation difference	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency difference	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ⁽¹⁾	(9.166.303)	(314.998)	(4.186.802)	1.249.717
Revaluation difference	(9.166.303)	(314.998)	(4.186.802)	1.249.717
Foreign currency differences	-	-	-	-
Total	(9.166.303)	(314.998)	(4.186.802)	1.249.717

(1) Includes tax effect related to foreign currency valuation differences in TL column.

2.10.9. Information on minority interest:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Period opening balance	2.674	1.537
Current period income/(loss)	1.006	1.328
Dividends paid	(171)	(191)
Period ending balance	3.509	2.674

2.10.10. Information on profit distribution:

In accordance with the General Assembly dated March 29, 2024, after the total cash dividend payment of TL 10.201.000 on April 3, 2024 from the net profit of TL 68.008.836 as of December 31, 2023; TL 56.773.802 transferred to extraordinary reserves after the separation of TL 977.864 to general legal reserves and allocated a special reserve of TL 56.170 in total of which TL 28.697 related to real estate and participation sales income within the framework of Article 5 clause 1/e of Corporate Tax Law Numbered 5520, TL 2.473 in accordance with Article 3/14 of the Law on Supporting R&D and Design Activities Numbered 5746 and TL 25.000 within the scope of Article 10/g of the Corporate Tax Law to be transferred to the venture capital investment fund for the purpose of purchasing venture capital investment fund shares.

3. Explanations and notes related to consolidated off-balance sheet accounts

3.1. Information on off balance sheet commitments:

3.1.1. The amount and type of irrevocable commitments:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Commitments on credit card limits	821.501.862	512.438.126
Asset purchase and sale commitments	64.429.245	72.643.748
Loan granting commitments	127.479.042	96.706.632
Commitments for cheques	11.886.356	8.435.319
Other irrevocable commitments	196.970.855	106.052.213
Total	1.222.267.360	796.276.038

3.1.2. Type and amount of probable losses and obligations arising from off-balance sheet items:

Obligations arising from off-balance sheet are disclosed in "Off-balance sheet commitments". The Group set aside general provision for its non-cash loans amounting to TL 1.186.336 (December 31, 2023 - TL 1.786.242) and specific provision amounting to TL 5.743.713 (December 31, 2023 - TL 2.028.872) for non-cash loans which are not indemnified yet amounting to TL 1.443.269 (December 31, 2023 - TL 1.508.223).

3.1.2.1. Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptance loans, collaterals that are accepted as financial guarantees and other letter of credits:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Bank acceptance loans	2.512.316	2.178.212
Letter of credits	64.275.854	54.078.251
Other guarantees and collaterals	35.750.326	28.188.925
Total	102.538.496	84.445.388

3.1.2.2. Guarantees, suretyships and other similar transactions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Temporary letter of guarantees	8.312.079	5.075.662
Definite letter of guarantees	186.744.465	147.977.407
Advance letter of guarantees	48.595.220	44.721.720
Letter of guarantees given to customs	10.043.487	7.917.628
Other letter of guarantees	115.557.698	98.490.787
Total	369.252.949	304.183.204

3.1.3. Information on non-cash loans:

3.1.3.1. Total amount of non-cash loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non-cash loans given against cash loans	114.159.013	96.627.631
With original maturity of 1 year or less than 1 year	15.386.781	9.930.139
With original maturity of more than 1 year	98.772.232	86.697.492
Other non-cash loans	357.632.432	292.000.961
Total	471.791.445	388.628.592

3.2. Information on contingent liabilities and assets:

The Group has recorded a provision of TL 323.164 (December 31, 2023 – TL 346.390) for litigations against the Group and has accounted for it in accompanying consolidated the financial statements under the "Other provisions" account. Except for the claims where provisions are recorded, management considers as remote the probability of a negative result in ongoing litigations and therefore does not foresee any cash outflows for such claim.

3.3. Information on services on behalf of others:

The Bank's activities such as intermediation and custody to serve the investment needs of customers are followed up under off balance sheet accounts.

4. Explanations and notes related to consolidated income statement:

4.1. Information on interest income:

4.1.1. Information on interest income on loans:

	Current Period			Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-term loans ⁽¹⁾	65.197.944	3.452.980	15.353.856	1.737.390
Medium/long-term loans ⁽¹⁾	50.806.270	10.541.843	23.033.925	7.769.592
Interest on loans under follow-up	3.501.270	-	1.168.097	-
Premiums received from resource utilisation support fund	-	-	-	-
Total	119.505.484	13.994.823	39.555.878	9.506.982

(1) Includes fees and commissions received for cash loans.

4.1.2. Information on interest income on banks:

	Current Period			Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
From the CBRT	72.625	6.381	3.646	56.164
From domestic banks	2.391.508	734.189	1.008.622	328.366
From foreign banks	8.770	2.098.235	232	1.248.396
Headquarters and branches abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	2.472.903	2.838.805	1.012.500	1.632.926

4.1.3. Information on interest income on marketable securities:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	-	93.947	-	49.532
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	16.517.766	863.886	6.739.119	949.004
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	37.014.848	3.269.452	16.130.843	1.318.666
Total	53.532.614	4.227.285	22.869.962	2.317.202

As of June 30, 2024, the valuation of related CPI-indexed government bonds has been calculated according to the annual inflation forecast of 45%. In case the CPI forecast increases or decreases by 1%, profit before taxes as of June 30, 2024 will be impacted by approximately TL 804.629.

4.1.4. Information on interest income received from associates and subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Interests received from associates and subsidiaries	211.408	77.834
Total	211.408	77.834

4.2. Information on interest expense:

4.2.1. Information on interest expense on borrowings:

		Current Period		
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	4.624.362	2.100.125	1.121.724	1.276.316
The CBRT	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	3.114.146	554.757	1.074.286	287.329
Foreign banks	1.510.216	1.545.368	47.438	988.987
Headquarters and foreign branches	-	-	-	-
Other institutions	-	4.420.090	-	1.883.814
Total ⁽¹⁾	4.624.362	6.520.215	1.121.724	3.160.130

(1) Includes fees and commissions related to borrowings.

4.2.2. Information on interest expense to associates and subsidiaries:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Interests paid to associates and subsidiaries	117.371	136.207
Total	117.371	136.207

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4.2.3. Information on interest expense to marketable securities issued:

	Current Period			Prior Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest expense to marketable securities issued	2.957.060	10.301.941	1.175.762	4.840.871
Total	2.957.060	10.301.941	1.175.762	4.840.871

4.2.4. Information on interest expense on money market transactions:

			Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Interest expense on money market transactions	19.742.810	1.034.045	1.276.995	323.170
Total	19.742.810	1.034.045	1.276.995	323.170

4.2.5. Information on other interest expense:

As of June 30, 2024, commission expense amounting to TL 1.845.558 (June 30, 2023 – TL 177.038) has been recognized in other interest expenses within the scope of 30th article of the CBRT Tariff Schedule titled "Communiqué on Required Reserve and Foreign Currency Deposit Accounts".

4.2.6. Maturity structure of the interest expense on deposits:

				Time	Deposit				
						More			
	Demand	Up to 1	Up to 3	Up to 6	Up to 1	than 1	Accumulating		Prior
Account name	Deposit	month	months	months	Year	year	deposit	Total	Period
TL									
Bank deposits	712	2.272.194	1.646.618	547	-	-	-	3.920.071	124.128
Saving deposits	-	1.785.581	31.864.898	20.050.271	19.528.598	816.629	14	74.045.991	28.125.539
Public sector deposits	-	122.836	18.400	4.980	324	-	-	146.540	65.981
Commercial deposits	92	4.279.229	16.166.769	4.389.476	5.675.303	388.647	-	30.899.516	11.202.664
Other deposits	-	332.912	5.971.918	1.255.942	310.213	15.254	-	7.886.239	4.028.036
Deposits with 7 days									
notification	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	804	8.792.752	55.668.603	25.701.216	25.514.438	1.220.530	14	116.898.357	43.546.348
FC									
Foreign currency									
deposits	12.511	380.155	550.341	130.925	301.322	248.314	-	1.623.568	786.089
Bank deposits	176.719	169.704	183.031	-	-	-	-	529.454	210.385
Deposits with 7 days									
notification	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Precious metal vault	-	278	3.814	-	452	29	-	4.573	2.990
Total	189.230	550.137	737.186	130.925	301.774	248.343	-	2.157.595	999.464
Grand total	190.034	9.342.889	56.405.789	25.832.141	25.816.212	1.468.873	14	119.055.952	44.545.812

4.3. Information on trading profit/loss (net):

	Current Period	Prior Period
Profit	143.583.175	92.662.012
Gain from capital market transactions	2.062.213	1.692.119
Derivative financial transaction gains	75.358.923	45.648.744
Foreign exchange gains	66.162.039	45.321.149
Loss (-)	169.564.429	73.999.170
Loss from capital market transactions	37.450	50.142
Derivative financial transaction losses	86.571.913	28.285.980
Foreign exchange loss	82.955.066	45.663.048
Net trading profit/loss	(25.981.254)	18.662.842

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4.4. Allowance for expected credit losses and other provisions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Allowance for expected credit losses	17.891.706	15.317.343
12-month expected credit losses (Stage 1)	1.584.966	3.912.926
Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	7.106.674	4.234.910
Non-performing loans (Stage 3)	9.200.066	7.169.507
Impairment provisions for financial assets	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-
Impairment provisions related to investments in associates, subsidiaries and jointly	-	-
controlled partnerships (Joint ventures)		
Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Jointly controlled partnerships (joint ventures)	-	-
Other	36.386	80.495
Total	17.928.092	15.397.838

4.5. Information on derivatives financial transaction gain/loss:

The net gain resulting from the foreign exchange differences related to derivative financial transactions is TL 24.877.716 (June 30, 2023 – TL 12.987.346 gain).

4.6. Information on other operating income:

"Other Operating Income" in the statement of profit or loss mainly includes collections from receivables for which Specific / General provision has been allocated in prior periods.

4.7. Information related to other operating expenses:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reserve for employee termination benefits	249.679	189.225
Provision expense for pension fund	-	-
Impairment expenses of property and equipment	-	-
Depreciation expenses of property and equipment	1.024.587	572.665
Impairment expenses of intangible assets	-	-
Goodwill impairment expenses	-	-
Amortization expenses of intangible assets	257.869	161.464
Impairment expenses of equity participations for which equity method is applied	-	-
Impairment expenses of assets held for sale	-	-
Depreciation expenses of assets held for sale	-	-
Impairment expenses of fixed assets held for sale and assets related to discontinued		
operations	-	-
Other operating expenses	16.538.404	9.911.711
TFRS 16 exempt lease expenses	155.234	75.153
Repair and maintenance expenses	540.103	304.040
Advertising expenses	532.910	343.732
Other expense	15.310.157	9.188.786
Loss on sales of assets	-	-
Other	4.431.223	2.425.142
Total	22.501.762	13.260.207

4.8. Information on income/loss before taxes from continuing operations and discontinued operations:

Income before tax includes net interest income amounting to TL 45.472.838 (June 30, 2023 - TL 23.902.574) net fee and commission income amounting to TL 35.958.031 (June 30, 2023 - TL 13.188.958), personnel expenses amounting to TL 13.388.952 (June 30, 2023 - TL 6.863.502) and total other operating expense amounting to TL 22.501.762 (June 30, 2023 - TL 13.260.207).

As of June 30, 2024, the Group has no profit before taxes from discontinued operations (June 30, 2023 – None).

4.9. Provision for taxes on income from continuing operations and discontinued operations:

As of June 30, 2024, the Group has current tax expense amounting to TL 6.319.815 (June 30, 2023 – TL 1.035.395 expense) and deferred tax income amounting to TL 3.815.600 (June 30, 2023 – TL 5.820.422 deferred tax expense).

4.10. Information on net profit/loss for the period:

- **4.10.1.** The characteristics, dimension and recurrence of income or expense items arising from ordinary banking transactions do not require any additional explanation to understand the Group's current period performance.
- **4.10.2.** The effect of the change in an estimate of financial statement items to profit / loss is not likely to affect subsequent periods.

4.11. Income/loss of minority interest:

Income/(loss) of minority interest	1.006	625

4.12. Other items in statement of profit or loss:

"Other fees and commissions received" and "Other fees and commissions paid" in profit or loss mainly include commissions and fees related to credit cards and banking transactions.

Explanations and notes related to Group's risk group: 5.

5.1. The volume of transactions relating to the Group's risk group, outstanding loan and deposit transactions and profit or loss of the period:

5.1.1. Information on loans of the Group's risk group:

Current Period	Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures Group		Associates, subsidiaries shareholders of the pers			eal and legal at have been ie risk group
Group's risk group ^{(1) (2)}	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans						
Balance at the beginning of the period	75.476	90.060	35.697	1.304.299	18.315.042	9.439.424
Balance at the end of the period	94.149	84.085	1.102.654	599.281	20.407.566	12.010.183
Interest and commission income received	211.408	41	40.392	1.546	3.300.555	40.967

Prior Period	Associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures Associates, subsidiaries Associates, subsidiaries Group i		Associates, subsidiaries shareholders of the persons that			
Group's risk group ^{(1) (2)}	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans						
Balance at the beginning of the period	46.501	1.784	176.501	903.139	12.012.206	5.772.850
Balance at the end of the period	75.476	90.060	35.697	1.304.299	18.315.042	9.439.424
Interest and commission income received ⁽³⁾	77.834	216	15.372	2.191	1.705.877	19.409

(1) Defined in subsection 2 of the 49th article of Banking Act No. 5411.

The information in table above includes marketable securities and due from banks as well as loans. (2)

(3)Prior period presents profit / loss information of June 30, 2023

5.1.2. Information on deposits of the Group's risk group:

					Other r	eal and legal
	Associates, s	ubsidiaries	Direct	and indirect	persons th	at have been
Group's risk group ^{(1) (2)}	and joi	nt ventures	shareholders	s of the Bank	included in th	ne risk group
	Current	Prior	Current	Prior	Current	Prior
Deposit	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period
Beginning of the period	1.179.266	570.543	30.457.645	27.832.583	123.741.795	70.401.031
End of the period	535.521	1.179.266	37.262.938	30.457.645	136.041.408	123.741.795
Interest expense on deposits ⁽³⁾	117.371	136.207	2.812.348	1.212.554	8.190.274	1.826.484

(1)Defined in subsection 2 of the 49th article of the Banking Act No. 5411.

(2) The information in table above includes borrowings and repo transactions as well as deposits.

Prior period presents profit / loss information of June 30, 2023. (3)

5.1.3. Information on forward and option agreements and other derivative instruments with the Group's risk group:

						eal and legal
	Associates, su	ıbsidiaries	Direct	and indirect		at have been
Group's risk group ⁽¹⁾	and join	t ventures	shareholders	s of the Bank	included in th	e risk group
	Current	Prior	Current	Prior	Current	Prior
	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period	Period
Transactions at fair value through profit or loss						
Beginning of the period ⁽²⁾	-	-	19.721.860	1.886.536	5.382.691	1.273.964
End of the period ⁽²⁾	-	-	8.305.648	19.721.860	2.890.348	5.382.691
Total profit / loss ⁽³⁾	-	-	293.702	(424.270)	107.980	(555.273)
Transactions for hedging purposes						
Beginning of the period ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-
End of the period ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total profit / loss ⁽³⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-

Defined in subsection 2 of the 49th article of the Banking Act No. 5411. (1)

The balances at the beginning and end of the periods are disclosed as the total of buy and sell amounts of derivative financial instruments. Prior period presents profit / loss information of June 30, 2023. (2)

à

5.2. Information regarding benefits provided to the Group's top management:

Salaries and benefits paid to the Group's top management amount to TL 138.943 as of June 30, 2024 (June 30, 2023 - TL 59.311).

6. Explanations and notes related to subsequent events :

In order to carry out banking activities in Germany, the necessary legal permissions have been obtained from regulatory authorities to purchase all the shares of Bankhaus J. Faisst oHG ("BHF") which has banking licenses. The transfer of BHF shares was completed on July 23, 2024. The capital of BHF was increased by EUR 60 million to EUR 65.500.252 on July 24, 2024, all of which is paid in cash by the Bank.

Section six- Explanations on independent auditor's review report

1. Explanations on independent auditor's review report

The consolidated financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2024 have been reviewed by Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. The independent auditor's review report dated July 31, 2024 is presented preceding the consolidated financial statements.

2. Explanations and notes prepared by independent auditor

None.

(Convenience translation of publicly announced consolidated interim financial statements and review report originally issued in Turkish)

Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş. Notes to consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2024 (Unless otherwise stated amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL"))

Section Seven⁽¹⁾

Interim activity report

1. Explanations on interim activity report

1.1. Message from Yapı Kredi's Board of Directors Chairman Ali Y. Koç:

The global growth outlook, increasing geopolitical risks and tightening financial conditions continued to be on the agenda of global markets in the first half of 2024. While climate change continues to put pressure on economic stability, rapid developments in terms of artificial intelligence feed uncertainties, especially in labor markets.

With the continuation of the downward trend in inflation, the ease in risks and uncertainties and European Central Bank's gradual rate cuts, expectations on FED initiating a gradual rate cut cycle in 2024 have started to strengthen. However, in order to maintain the trend in inflation, a significant easing on the tight monetary policy stance is not expected.

In light of all the tight stance and gradual start on easing policies, global growth is expected to be maintained at 3.2% and 3.3% in 2024 and 2025 respectively, according to the International Monetary Fund's (IMF) Global Economic Outlook report dated July 2024.

Our country's economy, continued its controlled growth during this normalization period and recorded a growth of 5.7% in the first quarter of 2024 compared to the same quarter of the previous year, with mainly the support of domestic demand. With the tight monetary policy implemented to control inflation, a slowdown in growth is expected for the rest of the year. In its July 2024 World Economic Outlook Report, the International Monetary Fund expects our country's economic growth to be 3.6% for 2024 and 2.7% for 2025.

The Turkish banking sector continued its support to the economy, in the first half of the year, total loans grew by 38% on an annual basis and reached 12,926 billion TL. The deposit base grew by 42% and reached 14,887 billion TL in the same period. Yapı Kredi also sustained its strong contribution to the Turkish economy by increasing its cash and non-cash loan volume by 56% on an annual basis to 1,649 trillion TL in the first half of 2024.

Considering the wide impact area of the sector, Yapı Kredi has adopted a responsible growth approach that will increase the positive effects on all its stakeholders in its activities and create value for all of society. In parallel, our main approach in sustainability is based on creating long-term value for each aspect and stakeholder, while ensuring economic development and growth and have the utmost sensibility to social and environmental issues.

I would hereby like to extend my thanks to all our customers and shareholders for their continuous support and trust, and our employees and their families for their devoted efforts.

Ali Y. Koç Chairman of the Board

⁽¹⁾ Unless otherwise stated, all figures in the section seven are expressed in full TL.

1.2. Message from Yapı Kredi's CEO Gökhan Erün:

Leaving the first half of 2024 behind, it appears that most developed economies have begun to observe the positive effects of their efforts to reduce inflation without increasing unemployment or triggering a recession. In parallel, while the European Central Bank is gradually starting to cut rates, expectations of FED initiating a gradual rate cut cycle in 2024 have also been increasing. In the long term, maintaining relatively high interest rates and increasing geopolitical risks may put pressure on sustainable economic growth and it results in a cautiously optimistic stance towards the global growth outlook. In addition to all these economic developments, the impact of climate crisis also increase the downside risks on the global economic outlook.

In its July 2024 World Economic Outlook Report, the International Monetary Fund expects the global economy to grow by 3.2% and 3.3% in 2024 and 2025, respectively, with inflation being in a downward trend and the start of a controlled loosening in tight monetary policies.

Despite this challenging operating environment both at domestically and abroad, the Turkish economy recorded a growth of 5.7% in the first quarter of 2024 compared to the same quarter of the previous year. While domestic demand continues to contribute largely to the growth in the first quarter, we see that net foreign demand also made a positive contribution. Thanks to the continuation of the tight monetary policy stance of the Central Bank of Turkiye to control inflation, the International Monetary Fund, in its July 2024 World Economic Outlook Report, expects our country's economic growth to be 3.6% for 2024 and 2.7% for 2025. The inflation outlook has begun to improve and the targeted levels are expected to be reached by the end of the year.

The Turkish banking sector continued to prove its resilience and support to Turkish economy. In the first half of 2024, as Yapı Kredi, the support we have provided to the Turkish economy through cash and non-cash loans increased annually by 56%, reaching 1,649 trillion TL. In TL cash loans, the Bank recorded an annual growth of 69% and whereas the annual growth in TL customer deposits realized at 44%.

While maintaining its support to the economy, the Bank preserved its strength in capital and liquidity ratios. The FX liquidity coverage ratio was 557%, while the total liquidity coverage ratio realized at 141% level. On the capital side, the unconsolidated capital adequacy ratio remained strong at 14.3% whereas the Tier-1 ratio realized at 11.9% (without the impact of regulatory forbearances).

The bank secured a sustainable syndicated loan of \$936 million in the first half of the year with the participation of 46 financial institutions from 25 countries. The transaction will be facilitated within the scope of Yapı Kredi's Sustainable Finance Framework. The amount of foreign borrowing successfully completed in the last year has reached approximately 7 billion US dollars.

Yapı Kredi also continued to contribute to the Turkish economy and the Turkish banking sector with its commitment to sustainability in every aspect of its activities. Bearing in mind the great responsibility of the finance sector in finding solutions to environmental and social problems faced on a global scale, the Bank proactively manages the environmental and social impacts of both its own operations and the projects and investments it seeks to finance. Yapı Kredi has been included in the "A list" by the London based Carbon Disclosure Project(CDP) for both Climate Change and Water Security and became the only financial institution from Türkiye to be included "A list" for both programs. The Bank also continues its efforts to increase the diversity and volume of sustainable financial products, which are the most important tools in supporting the transition to a net zero economy.

As we enter the 80th anniversary of our establishment as Turkiye's first privately-owned national bank, our most important difference in our proud history is our sense of responsibility towards our country and the society we live in. As an institution that always focuses on people, while providing an uninterrupted service to our customers in our main field of activity, we have opened the doors of completely different worlds in every area we touch, especially culture-art, education and sustainability. I would like to take this opportunity to thank our customers, our shareholders for their trust, and our employees for their valuable efforts.

Gökhan Erün CEO

1.3. Overview of Financial Performance:

On 31 July 2024, Yapı Kredi announced its consolidated results for the first six months of 2024, based on Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (BRSA) Accounting and Reporting Legislation. The Group's cash and non-cash loans reached to TL 1.649 trillion while total deposits reached to TL 1.314 trillion. The Group's net income stood at TL 17,406 million indicating a return on average tangible equity of 19.5%.

Solidifying the outlook for upcoming periods, solid fundamentals

In the first six months of 2024, the Group increased its Turkish Lira cash loans by 27% and foreign currency loans by 17%, in US dollar terms, compared to the end of 2023. As a result, total performing loans reached to TL 1.178 trillion. During the same period, the Group's Turkish Lira customer deposits increased 25% when foreign currency customer deposits came down 4% in US dollar terms. All incorporated total customer deposits reached to TL 1,264 trillion, as of first half 2024. Equally important, TL demand deposits up by a hefty 43% and TL customer demand deposits in total TL deposits increased to 24% within the scope of continued focus on small tickets in deposit gathering and contribution of efficient customers. Accordingly, loan-to-deposits plus Turkish Lira bonds ratio realized at 89%. The Group's total and foreign currency liquidity coverage ratios realized at 141% and 557%, respectively.

NPL inflows under control when strong support from collections sustain

As of first six months of 2024, Yapı Kredi's non-performing loan ratio realized as 2.7%, thanks to strength in collections, limited inflows and TL 1.2 billion worth of NPL sales. During the period, with the contribution of the strong collection performance, net cost of risk (adjusted for hedged foreign currency impact) materialised at -3 basis points in the first six months of 2024. Provisions to gross loans ratio stood at 3.3%.

Strong capital ratios

In the first six months of 2024, also supported by the additional Tier-1 bond issuance of USD 500 million, which was successfully completed in April, the consolidated Capital Adequacy Ratio and Tier-1 ratio realized at 14.3% and 11.9%, respectively, excluding regulatory forbearances.

Revenues impacted by the increasing interest rate environment

In the first six months of the year, Yapı Kredi recorded TL 44,753 million of core banking revenues. Despite the ongoing loan repricing, increasing cost of TL deposits in the sector resulted in narrower TL loan to deposit spread in the first half of the year. The swap adjusted net interest margin realized as 33 basis points. Yapı Kredi recorded a substantial 173% increase in net fees and commissions income on an annual basis, reaching to TL 35,958 million in the first six months of 2024. Operating costs, on the other hand, increased by a controlled 78% and stood at TL 35,891 million. As a result, fee coverage of operating costs ratio realized at as high as 100%. All in all, the Group achieved a net income of TL 17,406 million and 19.5% return on average tangible equity.

1.4. Summary of Consolidated Financials

TL million	Current Period	Prior Period
Total Assets	2.319.970	1.863.373
Performing Loans	1.177.520	919.508
Total Deposits	1.313.601	1.108.886
Shareholder's Equity	183.102	178.881
Loans/Assets	51%	49%
Deposits/Assets	57%	60%
NPL	2,7%	2,9%
CAR ⁽¹⁾	15,7%	19,1%
TL million	Current Period	Prior Period
Net Profit	17.406	24.117
Return on Average Tangible Equity	19,5%	36,8%
(1) Reported.		

1.5. Important Developments and Transactions Affecting the Bank's Financial Performance:

- In May 2024, our bank signed a sustainable syndicated loan deal that consists of two tranches worth of 442,5 million US Dollars and 454,5 million Euros which in total makes around 936 million US Dollars with 367 days maturity. Our syndicated loan deal consists of participants from 25 countries and 46 financial institutions. The total cost of the deal for USD and EUR is SOFR + 2,50% and Euribor + 2,25% respectively.
- On 7 June 2024, Yapı Kredi's Board of Directors resolved to sell non-performing loans amounting in aggregate to TL 1.2 billion for a total amount of TL 463 million.

1.6. Current Trends and Expectations for the Upcoming Period:

In the first six months of 2024, Yapı Kredi revised its year-end guidance.

2024 Yapı Kredi Expectations:

- Loans: Real growth on Turkish Lira loans (maintained), double digit increase in foreign currency loans (Previous: Low-single digit increase)
- Net Interest Margin (including swap costs): Around 2%; exit NIM: Greater than 4.5% (Previous: >4.5%)
- ➢ Core Revenue Margin: Around 6% (Previous: ≥8%)
- ▶ Fees: Higher than 100% (Previous: >80%)
- Costs: Below 65% (Previous: <80%)
- ▶ Net Cost of Risk: Lower than 75 basis points (Previous: ~100 basis points)
- Return on Tangible Equity: Mid-to-high twenties; (adjusted with inflation accounting: Positive (Previous with inflation accounting: Improvement)